

# Canon EF LENS

## EF180mm f/3.5L MACRO USM



ENG

Instruction

 **ULTRASONIC**

# Thank you for purchasing a Canon product.

The Canon EF180mm f/3.5L MACRO USM lens is a high-performance telephoto macro lens for EOS cameras that can be used for normal photography and close-up pictures up to 1:1, or life-size, magnification.

- "USM" stands for Ultrasonic Motor.

## Features

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1. The floating system and UD element result in excellent delineation at all focusing distances from life-size to infinity.
2. Ultrasonic motor (USM) for quick and quiet autofocusing.
3. Manual focusing is available after the subject comes into focus in autofocus mode (ONE SHOT AF).
4. A Canon macro flash makes it easy to take close-up pictures with a flash. The inner focusing mechanism enables AF photography while the macro flash is attached.
5. The lens is compatible with Extender EF1.4X II and EF2X II.

## Conventions used in this instruction



Warning to prevent lens or camera malfunction or damage.



Supplementary notes on using the lens and taking pictures.

## Safety Precautions

### Safety Precautions

- **Do not look at the sun or a bright light source through the lens or camera.** Doing so could result in loss of vision. Looking at the sun directly through the lens is especially hazardous.
- **Whether it is attached to the camera or not, do not leave the lens under the sun without the lens cap attached.** This is to prevent the lens from concentrating the sun's rays, which could cause a fire.

### Handling Cautions

- **If the lens is taken from a cold environment into a warm one, condensation may develop on the lens surface and internal parts.** To prevent condensation in this case, first put the lens into an airtight plastic bag before taking it from a cold to warm environment. Then take out the lens after it has warmed gradually. Do the same when taking the lens from a warm environment into a cold one.
- Do not leave the lens in excessive heat such as in a car in direct sunlight. **High temperatures can cause the lens to malfunction.**

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Do not make any changes or modifications to the equipment unless otherwise specified in the instructions. If such changes or modifications should be made, you could be required to stop operation of the equipment.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications.

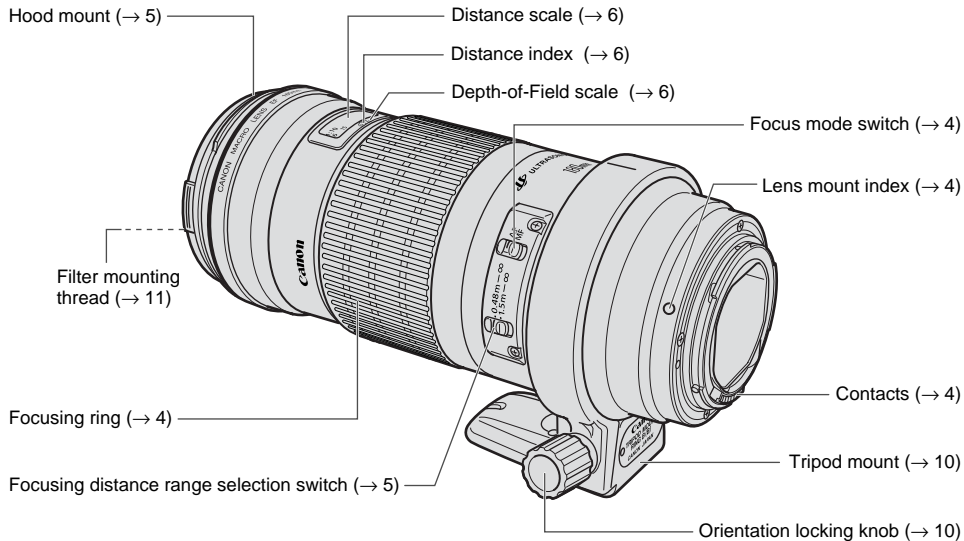
However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

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This Class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

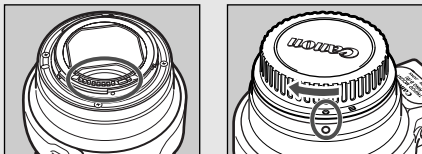
# Nomenclature



For detailed information, reference page numbers are provided in parentheses (→ \*\*).

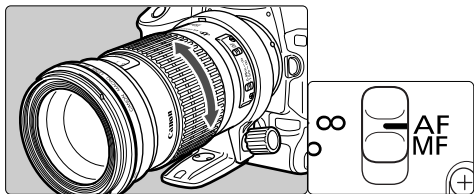
## 1. Mounting and Detaching the Lens

See your camera's instructions for details on mounting and detaching the lens.



- After detaching the lens, place the lens with the rear end up to prevent the lens surface and electrical contacts from getting scratched.
- If the contacts get soiled, scratched, or have fingerprints on them, corrosion or faulty connections can result. The camera and lens may not operate properly.
- If the contacts get soiled or have fingerprints on them, clean them with a soft cloth.
- If you remove the lens, cover it with the dust cap. To attach it properly, align the lens mount index and the ○ index of the dust cap as shown in the diagram, and turn clockwise. To remove it, reverse the order.

## 2. Setting the Focus Mode



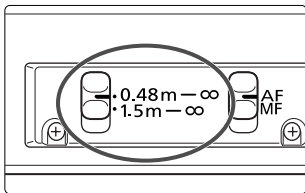
To shoot in autofocus (AF) mode, set the focus mode switch to AF.

To use only manual focusing (MF), set the focus mode switch to MF, and focus by turning the focusing ring. The focusing ring always works, regardless of the focus mode.



After autofocusing in ONE SHOT AF mode, focus manually by pressing the shutter button halfway and turning the focusing ring. (Full-time manual focus)

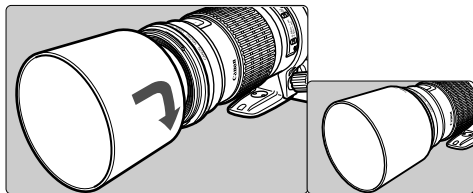
### 3. Switching the Focusing Distance Range



You can set the focusing distance range to 0.48 m/1.6 ft. to infinity or 1.5 m/4.9 ft. to infinity. By setting the suitable focusing distance range, the actual autofocus time can be shorter.

**!** If you autofocus outside the set focusing distance range, the lens may stop focusing at the start of the focusing range; however, this is not a malfunction. Press the shutter release button halfway again.

### 4. Hood



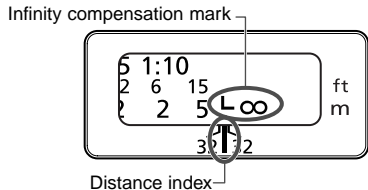
The ET-78 II hood can keep unwanted light out of the lens, and also protects the front of the lens from rain, snow, and dust.

Attach and align the hood to the hood mount on the front of the lens, and turn the hood as shown by the arrow to secure it.

The hood can be reverse-mounted on the lens for storage.

- !** Part of the picture may be blocked if the hood is not attached properly.
- When attaching or detaching the hood, grasp the base of the hood to turn it. To prevent deformation, do not grasp the rim of the hood to turn it.
- Remove the hood when using the macro flash.

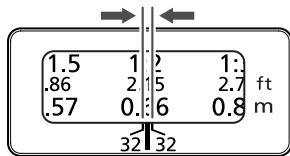
## 5. Infinity Compensation Mark



To compensate for shifting of the infinity focus point that results from changes in temperature. The infinity position at normal temperature is the point at which the vertical line of the L mark is aligned with the distance indicator on the distance scale.

- For accurate manual focusing on subjects at infinity distance, look through the viewfinder while rotating the focusing ring.

## 6. Depth-of-Field Scale



The depth of field is the distance in front of and behind the plane of focus on the subject that appears sharp. The depth of field is indicated by the area between the depth-of-field scale lines below the distance scale. The number on the scale is the F value.

- The depth-of-field scale is an approximate indicator.

## 7. Picture Taking

### Normal Photography

The lens can be used as a telephoto lens for normal photography.

### Closeup Photography

Close-up photos (minimum focusing distance of 0.48m) up to 1x (life-size) magnification are possible. The minimum focusing distance is the distance from the subject to the film plane. The distance from the front of the lens to the subject (working distance) is about 0.25m.

When focusing, you can give priority to framing or to magnification.

#### [Framing Priority]

While looking through the viewfinder and framing the subject, focus with the AF or MF mode.

#### [Magnification Priority]

**1. Set the lens' focus mode switch to MF.**

**2. Set the magnification.**

While referring to the magnification scale on the lens, turn the focusing ring to the desired magnification.

**3. Focus the subject.**

While looking through the viewfinder, move the camera forward or back to find the point of focus.

**4. Touch up the focus.**

Turn the focusing ring for fine focusing.



Since macro shots have a very shallow depth of field, focus carefully to obtain proper sharpness.



- Image quality deteriorates near the minimum aperture opening due to diffraction.
- The magnification refers to the ratio between the subject's size and the corresponding image size on the focal plane. On the distance index, it is indicated as 1:x.
- To prevent camera shake, using a Remote Switch (both sold separately) and tripod is recommended.
- To check the depth of field, press the camera's depth-of-field preview button.



## 8. About Exposure

### Setting the Exposure

**When taking photographs using TTL metering, no exposure compensation is necessary to meter the light coming through the lens.**

With TTL metering, AE (autoexposure) is possible at all focusing distances. Just set the desired picture-taking mode, then check the shutter speed and aperture before taking the picture.

### Magnification and Effective f-number

The aperture displayed by the camera assumes that the focus is set to infinity. The actual aperture (effective f-number) becomes darker (effective f-number increases) at closer focusing distances (magnification increases). This does not cause exposure problems for normal picture-taking. However, for closeup photography, you cannot ignore the change in the effective f-number.

**When you use a handheld exposure meter to set the exposure, you must take into account the exposure factor shown in the following table.**

Magnification	1:10	1:5	1:3	1:2	1:1.5	1:1.2	1:1
Effective f/No.	3.8	4	4.3	4.7	5	5.4	5.8
Exposure	in $\frac{1}{3}$ stops	—	—	$+\frac{2}{3}$	$+\frac{2}{3}$	+1	$+\frac{1}{3}$
Factor (stops)	in $\frac{1}{2}$ stops	—	—	$+\frac{1}{2}$	$+\frac{1}{2}$	+1	$+\frac{1}{2}$

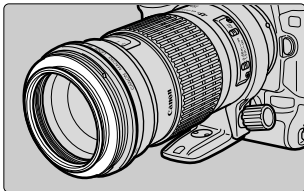


- The correct exposure for a close-up shot largely depends on the subject. Therefore, it is recommended to take several shots of the same subject at different exposures.
- When taking close-up shots, it is recommended to use aperture-priority AE (Av) or Manual (M) picture-taking modes, because depth of field and exposure are easy to adjust in those modes.

## 9. Macro Flash (Sold Separately)

The Canon Macro Ring Lite MR-14EX or the Macro Twin Lite MT-24EX enables fully automatic macro flash photography up to 1x magnification in E-TTL autoflash mode.

Install the Macro Lite Adapter 72C (sold separately) on the filter mounting thread on the front of the lens for macro flash photography.



For normal photography, remove the Macro Lite Adapter, because it may create a dark circumference.



- For information on operating the Canon Macro Ring Lite MR-14EX or the Macro Twin Lite MT-24EX, refer to the individual instruction booklets.
- Using aperture-priority AE (Av) or Manual (M) is recommended.

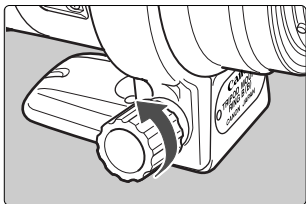
## 10. Using the Tripod Mount

### Adjusting the Revolving Mount

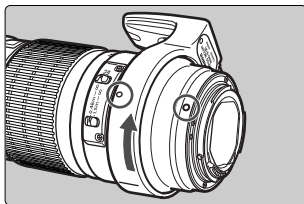
You can loosen the orientation lock-knob on the tripod mount to allow it to rotate as needed to fit a particular camera model for switching between vertical and horizontal positions.

### Detaching

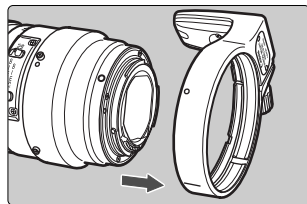
First remove the lens from the camera and then remove the tripod mount from the lens as shown below. To attach the tripod mount, reverse the procedure.




- 1 Loosen the orientation locking knob.



- 2 Rotate the tripod mount and align the mounting indicator on the tripod mount with the one on the lens.



- 3 Slide off the tripod collar away from the rear of the lens.

 If the foot of the tripod mount overlaps the switch, loosen the orientation locking knob on the tripod mount to move the foot.

## 11. Filters (Sold separately)

You can attach filters to the filter mounting thread on the front of the lens.



- If you need a polarizing filter, use the Canon Circular Polarizing Filter (72mm).
- To adjust the polarizing filter, first remove the lens hood.

## 12. Extension Tubes (Sold separately)

You can attach Extension Tube EF12 II or EF25 II for magnified shots. The shooting distance and magnification are shown below.

	Camera-to-Subject Distance (mm)		Magnification	
	Near	Far	Near	Far
EF12 II	477	2930	1.09×	0.07×
EF25 II	480	1501	1.21×	0.15×



Manual focusing is recommended for accurate focusing.

## 13. Extenders (Sold separately)

With Extender EF1.4X II or EF2X II attached, the lens specifications will change as follows:

Item		With EF1.4X II Extender	With EF2X II Extender
<b>Focal length (mm)</b>		252	360
<b>Aperture</b>	<b>in <math>\frac{1}{3}</math> stops</b>	f/5 – 45	f/7.1 – 64
	<b>in <math>\frac{1}{2}</math> stops</b>	f/4.5 – 45	f/6.7 – 64
<b>Angle of view</b>	<b>Diagonal</b>	9°50'	6°50'
	<b>Vertical</b>	5°30'	3°50'
	<b>Horizontal</b>	8°10'	5°40'
<b>Maximum magnification (×)</b>		1.4	2.0

- First attach the Extender to the lens, then attach the lens to the camera. Detach it from the camera in the reverse order. If you attach the lens to the camera first, misoperation may occur.
- With the EF1.4X II Extender attached, autofocus is enabled from 0.8 m/2.6 ft. to infinity. Autofocus mode cannot be used to take pictures closer than 0.8 m/2.6 ft. due to the relation with the effective F value, so use manual focusing.
- If you use an Extender on the lens mounted on a EOS A2/A2E/5, set the exposure compensation to -1/2 stop for the EF1.4X II or -1 stop for the EF2X II.
- Only one Extender can be attached to the lens and camera.

## 14. Close-up Lenses

(Sold separately)

Attaching a 500D (72mm) Close-up Lens enables close-up photography.

Magnification will be  $1.48\times - 0.36\times$ .



- Close-up Lens 250D cannot be attached because there is no size that fits the lens.
- Manual focusing is recommended for accurate focusing.

# Specifications

<b>Focal Length &amp; Max. Aperture</b>	180 mm, f/3.5
<b>Lens Construction</b>	14 elements in 12 groups
<b>Min. Aperture</b>	f/32
<b>Angle of View</b>	Diagonal: 13°40'      Vertical: 7°40'      Horizontal: 11°25'
<b>Min. Focusing Distance</b>	0.48 m / 1.6 ft.
<b>Max. Magnification</b>	1 ×
<b>Field of view</b>	24 × 36 mm / 0.9 × 1.4 inch (at 0.48 m)
<b>Filter Diameter</b>	72 mm
<b>Max. Diameter &amp; Length</b>	82.5 × 186.6 mm / 3.2 × 7.3 inch
<b>Weight</b>	1090 g / 38.4 oz
<b>Lens Hood</b>	ET-78 II
<b>Lens Cap</b>	E-72U/E-72 II
<b>Case</b>	LZ1324

- The lens length is measured from the mount surface to the front end of the lens.  
Add 21.5 mm to include the E-72U lens cap and dust cap, and 24.2 mm for the E-72 II.
- The size and weight listed are for the lens only, except as indicated.
- Aperture settings are specified on the camera.
- All data listed is measured according to Canon standards.
- Product specifications and appearance are subject to change without notice.

**Canon**