

RAW Image Processing, Viewing and Editing Software

Digital Photo Professional

Ver. 3.14

Instruction Manual

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

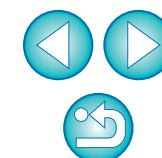
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



● Content of this Instruction Manual

- DPP stands for Digital Photo Professional.
- In this manual, the screens used in the basic operation instructions are from Windows 7, with some portions using screens from other versions of Windows.
- ▶ indicates the selection procedure of the menu.
Example: [File] menu ▶ [Exit].
- Square brackets are used to indicate items such as menu names, button names and window names that appear on the computer screen.
- Text inside < > indicates a key on the keyboard.
- p.** indicates a reference page.
Click to move to the relevant page.
- ? : Marks helpful information when a problem arises.
- 💡 : Marks tips for using the software skillfully.
- ! : Marks information that should be read before use.
- 📄 : Marks additional information you may find helpful.

● Switching Between Pages

- Click on arrows on the bottom right of the screen.
 - ▶ : next page
 - ◀ : previous page
 - 🔄 : return to a page you had previously displayed
- Click on the chapter headings on the right side of the screen to switch to the contents page of that chapter. Also, click the item you want to read about on the table of contents to move to the relevant page.

● Help and Shortcut Keys

- For information about using DPP, refer to Help from the [Help] menu.
- Refer to the [Troubleshooting] ▶ [Shortcut Key List] in the Help for a list of shortcut keys which are helpful for quick operation.

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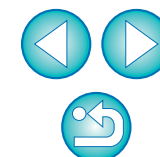
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[Introduction](#)[Contents at a Glance](#)[Basic Operation](#)[Advanced Operation](#)[Advanced Image Editing and Printing](#)[Processing Large Numbers of Images](#)[Editing JPEG/TIFF Images](#)[Reference](#)[Index](#)

Introduction

Digital Photo Professional (hereinafter, “DPP”) is a high-performance RAW image processing, viewing and editing software for EOS DIGITAL cameras. It is often thought that RAW images are difficult to handle compared with ordinary JPEG images, but using DPP, you can perform advanced edits and print RAW images with ease.

RAW Images and Their Features

What is a RAW Image?

A RAW image is image data that has recorded output data of imaging sensor. As image processing is not performed inside the camera when a photo is taken and the photo has been recorded in the special form of “RAW image data + Image processing conditions information at the time of shooting”, special software is needed to view or edit the image.

* “RAW” means “in a natural condition” or “not processed or refined”.

What is RAW Development?

If described in terms of film, the concept of a RAW image is a shot image not yet developed (latent image).

With film, the image appears for the first time when it is developed. In the same way, for RAW images too, you cannot view them as images on your computer unless you perform subsequent image signal processing. Therefore, even though it is digital, this processing is called “development”.

When is RAW Development done?

DPP automatically carries out this “development” processing when RAW images are displayed in DPP.

As a result, RAW images displayed in DPP are images whose development processing has been completed.

With DPP, you can view, edit and print RAW images without being particularly conscious of the development processing.

What Advantages Does a RAW Image Have?

RAW images are recorded in the format “RAW image data + Image processing conditions information at the time of shooting”. When you open a RAW image in DPP, the image is automatically developed and you can view the image as an image to which image processing conditions at the time of shooting have been applied.

Even if you perform various adjustments to the image you have opened (it undergoes automatic development processing each time), only the image processing conditions (development conditions) change and the “original image data itself” remains unaffected. Consequently, image deterioration is not a problem and it is the perfect image data for users who want to get creative with their images after they have been shot. In DPP, the “Image processing conditions information” that can be adjusted is called a “Recipe”.



RAW image data

Image processing conditions information

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

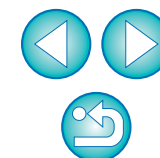
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



Main Features of DPP

Following are the main tasks you can perform with images you have downloaded to your computer.

- **View and organize RAW images**
- **Real-time adjustment of a RAW image**
 - Various image adjustments while maintaining the original image
 - Freely apply a Picture Style
 - View your image before and after adjustment in the same window
- **Trim and adjust the angle of an image**
- **Change image size**
- **Correction of lens aberration**
- **Automatic/manual dust erasure processing**
- **Convert from a RAW image to a JPEG or TIFF image and save**
 - Process large numbers of RAW images in batches
 - Transfer the image to image editing software
- **Print a RAW image**
- **View and organize JPEG and TIFF images**
- **Real-time adjustment of JPEG and TIFF images**
 - Various image adjustments while maintaining the original image
- **Print JPEG and TIFF images**
- **Color management compatibility**
 - CMYK simulation for commercial printing

System Requirements

OS	Windows 8.1, Windows 8, Windows 7* ¹ , Windows Vista* ² Windows XP Professional/Home Edition* ³
Computer	PC with one of the above OS preinstalled * Upgraded machines not supported
CPU	1.3GHz Pentium or higher* ⁴
RAM	Minimum 1GB* ⁵
Display	Screen resolution: 1024 × 768 pixels or more Color quality : Medium (16 bit) or more

*¹ Compatible with 32-bit/64-bit systems for all versions except Starter Edition

*² Compatible with 32-bit/64-bit systems for Service Pack 2 except Starter Edition

*³ Compatible with Service Pack 3

*⁴ Core 2 Duo or higher is recommended

*⁵ For Windows 8.1, Windows 8 or Windows 7 64-bit systems, minimum 2GB
Check the Canon Web site for the latest system requirements, including supported OS versions.

Supported Images

This software supports the following image types.

Image type		Extension
RAW images	RAW images* ¹ shot with EOS DIGITAL cameras, excluding EOS DCS1 and EOS DCS3 RAW images* ² shot with PowerShot cameras	.CR2 .TIF .CRW
JPEG images	Exif 2.2, 2.21 or 2.3-compatible JPEG images	.JPG, .JPEG
TIFF images	Exif-compatible TIFF images	.TIF, .TIFF

*¹ Compatible with RAW images shot with EOS D6000 or EOS D2000 that have been converted to RAW images using the CR2 Converter and have the “.CR2” extension.

For information on CR2 Converter, refer to Canon Web site.

- *²
- Only models where Digital Photo Professional is listed in the “Data Type” item in the “Specifications” section near the end of the Camera User Guide.
 - Use the dedicated CameraWindow application to download images from a PowerShot camera to a computer. See the Software Starter Guide for details.
 - Lens aberration correction can only be used with some camera and lens models.
 - Automatic dust erasure processing and other EOS DIGITAL specific functions cannot be used.
 - RAW images shot with the PowerShot Pro1 are also supported, but they cannot be edited with the DPP RAW image adjustment function.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

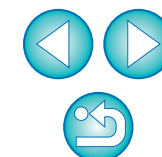
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



Contents at a Glance



Downloading Images to Your Computer

- Download images by connecting your camera and computer → p.7
- Download images using a card reader → p.9

Viewing and Checking RAW Images

- Quickly enlarge parts of an image → p.11
- Sort images (check marks, rating) → p.18, p.19
- Display an image shot simultaneously as a RAW image and JPEG image as a single image → p.22
- Display the images in the thumbnail list display at high resolution → p.23
- Check shooting information such as the shooting date → p.10, p.23

Editing RAW Images (Adjusting)

- Adjust brightness/darkness → p.12, p.26
- Use automatic adjustment → p.33
- Change the Picture Style → p.26
- Sharpen the modulation and contrast of colors (contrast) → p.29
- Make skin tone look healthier (color tone) → p.30
- Make the image colors more vivid (color saturation) → p.30
- Make an image sharp (sharpness) → p.31
- Adjust an image to make color tone more natural (white balance) → p.28
- Change an image to black-and-white or sepia tones (monochrome) → p.30
- Trim an image and adjust the angle of an image → p.38
- Specify an aspect ratio that matches the size of the paper on which an image is to be printed → p.38
- Erase dust shot with the image → p.75, p.77
- Erase unwanted parts of an image → p.79
- Auto correct RAW images with the Auto Lighting Optimizer → p.61

- Adjust brightness of shadows/highlights → p.57
- Reduce image noise → p.62
- Correct lens aberration → p.63
- Use the Digital Lens Optimizer → p.70
- Use a Picture Style file → p.59
- Edit efficiently → p.34
- Edit an image while comparing the image before and after adjustment → p.53
- Synchronize multiple images → p.54
- Display an area beyond the set range as a warning indicator (Highlight/Shadow warning) → p.55
- Restore an adjusted image to its condition at the time of shooting → p.43
- Composite images → p.80
- Create HDR (High Dynamic Range) images → p.83

Printing

- Print well on a Canon printer → p.43, p.89, p.90, p.91
- Faithfully reproduce the color of the subject when printing → p.43, p.89, p.90, p.91
- Print with the shooting information → p.87
- Print a thumbnail list of images → p.88
- Approximate the color seen on screen with your printing results → p.95

Conversion of Images

- Convert a RAW image to a JPEG image → p.42, p.102
- Edit in Photoshop → p.79, p.103
- Perform batch processing → p.102
- Edit (adjust) a JPEG image → p.106

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

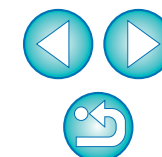
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



1 Basic Operation



The basic operational flow – from how to download to your computer images shot with a camera to checking, editing, saving and printing a downloaded RAW image – is explained here.

Starting up DPP	6
Main Window Display	6
Downloading Images to Your Computer.....	7
Downloading Images Using Your Card Reader.....	9
Viewing an Image	10
Viewing Images as Thumbnails in the Main Window	10
Changing the Size of Thumbnail Images.....	10
Enlarging and Viewing an Image in the Edit Window	11
Enlarging and Viewing a Specific Area.....	11
Adjusting an Image.....	12
About the Tool Palette.....	12
About Recipes	12
Saving an Image.....	13
Saving.....	13
Printing an Image	14
Printing	14
Exiting DPP	14

Introduction

Contents at
a Glance

1
Basic
Operation

2
Advanced
Operation

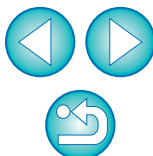
Advanced
Image Editing
and Printing

Processing
Large Numbers
of Images

Editing
JPEG/TIFF
Images

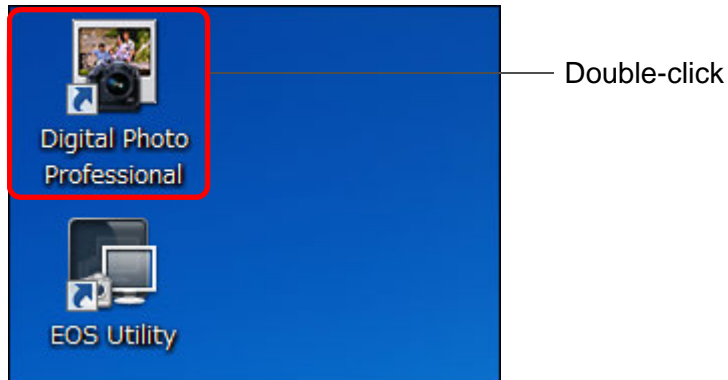
Reference

Index



Starting up DPP

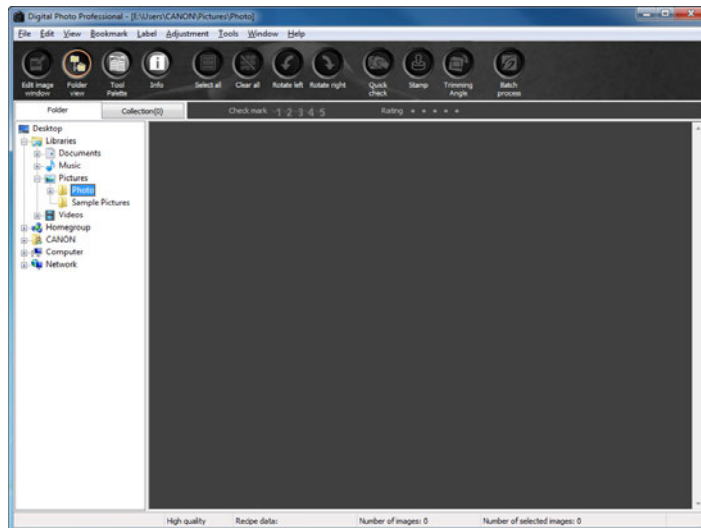
Double-click the desktop icon.



→ DPP starts up and the main window ([Folder] window) appears.



Main window ([Folder] window)

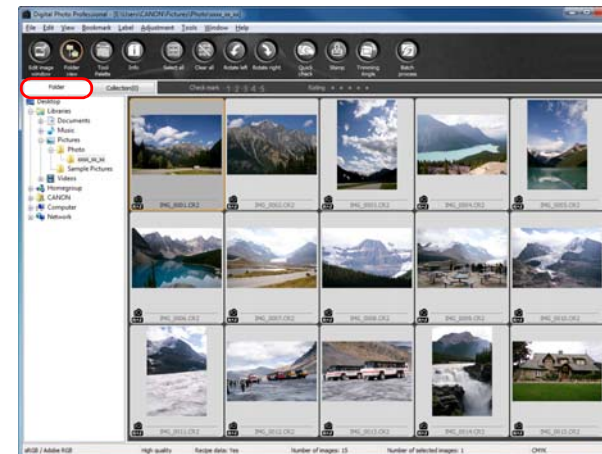


Main Window Display

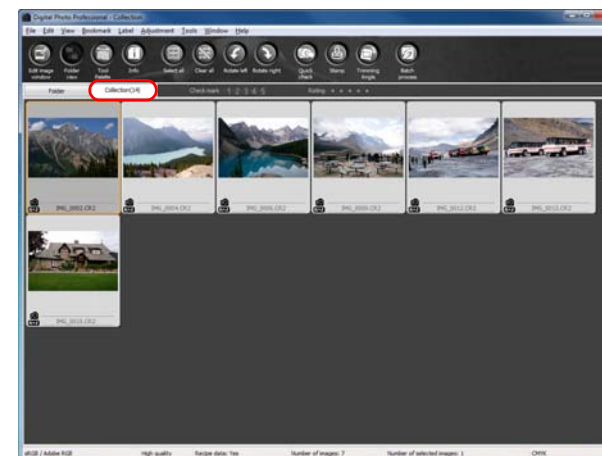
In the main window, you can use tabs to select either the [Folder] window or the [Collection] window. The [Folder] window displays the images in folders on your computer, while the [Collection] window (p.36) displays images selected randomly by the user from one or more folders and gathered together.

Unless noted otherwise, the [Folder] window will be described as the main window from this point on.

[Folder] window



[Collection] window



Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

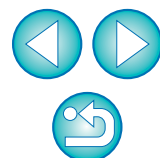
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index

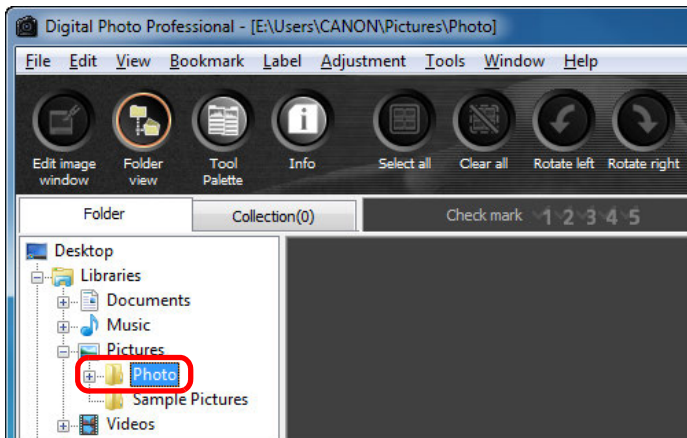


Downloading Images to Your Computer

Connect the camera and computer with the cable provided and download the images saved on the memory card inserted in the camera. For downloading images, start up the camera software “EOS Utility” from DPP and use.

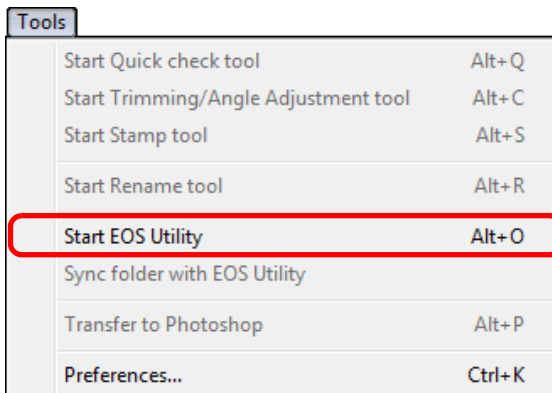
1 Select the save destination for the images.

- Select the save destination in the folder area on the left of the main window.
- When creating a folder, see [p.50](#).



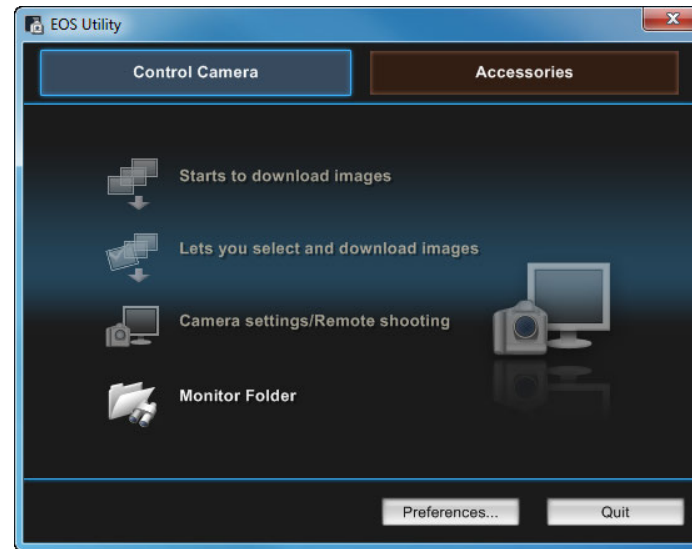
2 Start up EOS Utility.

- Select the [Tools] menu ► [Start EOS Utility].



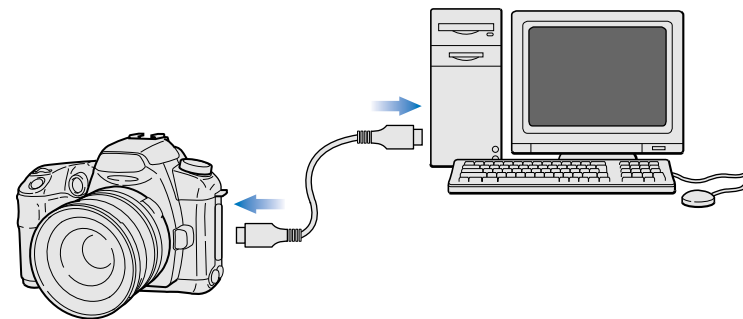
→ EOS Utility starts up.

EOS Utility (Displayed items differ depending on connected camera)



3 Connect your camera and computer and turn the camera on.

- Connect the camera and your computer with the interface cable provided with the camera and turn the camera on.
- For detailed instructions on connecting your camera and computer, refer to the “EOS Utility Instruction Manual” (PDF electronic manual).



→ The capture window for EOS Utility appears.
When an EOS M2 or EOS M is connected, the capture window does not appear. Proceed to step 5 on the next page.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

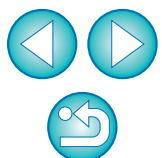
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index

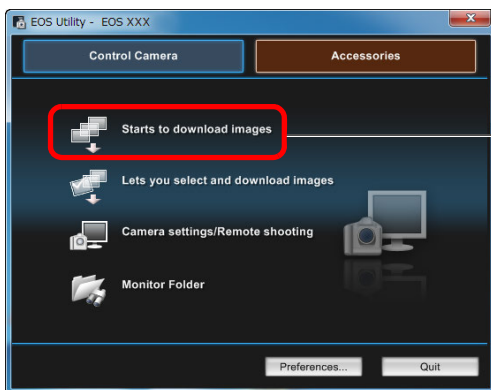


4 Click the [Main Window] button.



→ The main window for EOS Utility appears.

5 Download images.



- Downloading of images begins.
- The downloaded images are saved in the folder selected in step 1 and are displayed in the main window of DPP.
- The downloaded images are sorted by date into folders and saved.



Advantages of using EOS Utility to download images

Using EOS Utility to download images makes it easier to organize your images as they are downloaded, sorted and saved into folders by date.



- You cannot start up EOS Utility in the [Collection] window (p.6, p.36).
- When EOS Utility has been started up from DPP, you cannot use the following functions.
 - Quick check window view (p.16)
 - Trimming and adjusting the angle of an image (p.38, p.114)
 - Digital Lens Optimizer (p.70)
 - Compositing images (p.80)
 - Creating HDR (High Dynamic Range) images (p.83)
 - Dust erasure processing (copy stamp function) (p.75 to p.79, p.117 to p.121)
 - Batch change file names (rename function) (p.104)
 - Printing using Easy-PhotoPrint EX or Easy-PhotoPrint (Plug-in printing) (p.43, p.46)
 - Transferring images to Photoshop (p.79)
 - Batch saving images (batch processing) (p.102)

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

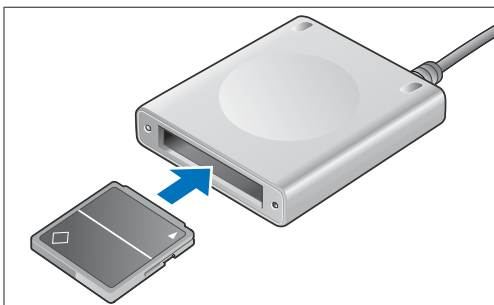
Index



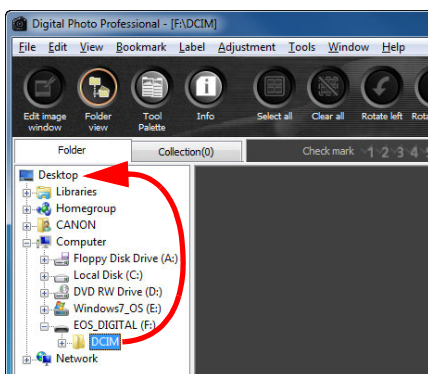
Downloading Images Using Your Card Reader

You can also download images to the computer using a third-party card reader.

1 Load the memory card into the card reader.



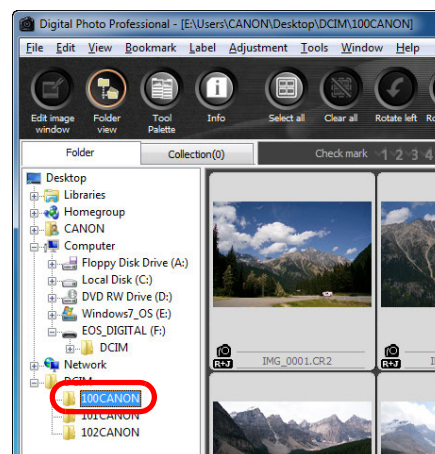
2 Open [My Computer] ▶ [EOS_DIGITAL] and drag the [DCIM] folder to the [Desktop].



- The [DCIM] folder is downloaded to your computer.
- All images are saved in folder units inside the [DCIM] folder.

3 Display the images downloaded to your computer.

- In the [DCIM] folder copied to your desktop, select the folder where the shot images are saved.



→ Images in the folder are displayed in the main window of DPP.



Checking before downloading images

By selecting the memory card folder directly in DPP, the images in the folder are displayed in DPP and you can check the shot images.



- Copying to your computer may take time when there is a large number of shot images saved in the memory card.
- For details on the [DCIM] folder structure and the file names of shot images, refer to “Folder Structure and File Names in the Memory Card” in the “EOS Utility Instruction Manual” (PDF electronic manual).

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

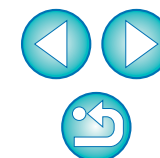
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

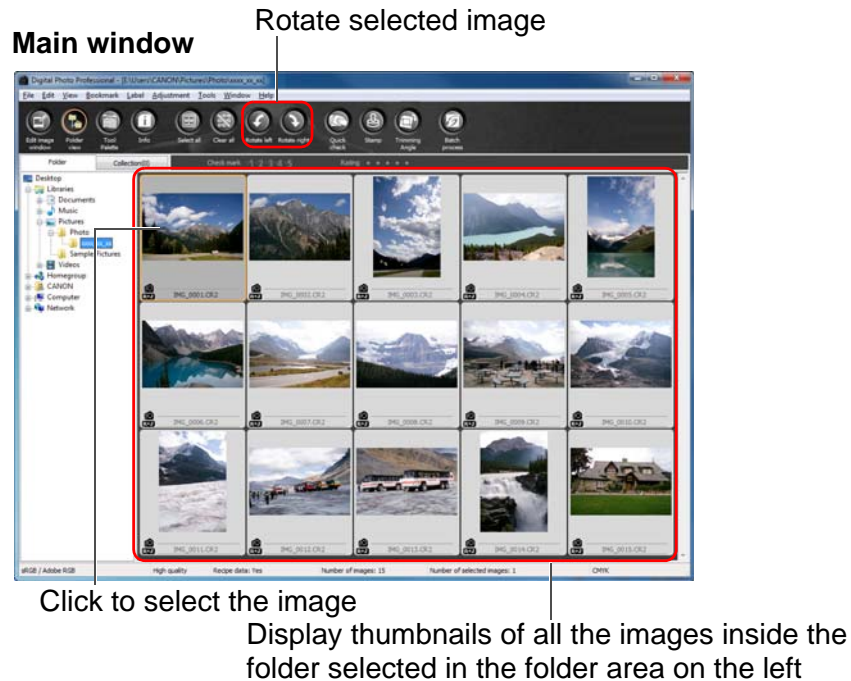
Index



Viewing an Image

Images downloaded to your computer are displayed as a thumbnails list in the main window. You can double-click an image to open the edit window and display the image at large size.

Viewing Images as Thumbnails in the Main Window



! Images displayed with the [] icon are movie files and cannot be played back in DPP.

- If the message [Insufficient memory.] appears, there are too many images in one folder. Decrease the number of images in one folder such as by dividing them into smaller folders.

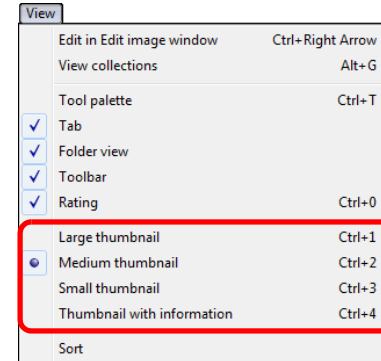
• When aspect ratio information is attached to the shot image with the EOS-1D X, EOS-1D C, EOS-1D Mark IV, EOS-1Ds Mark III, EOS-1D Mark III, EOS 5D Mark III, EOS 6D, EOS 7D, EOS 70D, EOS 60D, EOS REBEL T5i/700D, EOS REBEL SL1/100D, EOS REBEL T4i/650D, EOS REBEL T3i/600D, EOS REBEL T5/1200D, EOS M2 or EOS M, the image is displayed as a trimmed image (p.38, p.114).

- For a list of main window functions, see p.127.

Changing the Size of Thumbnail Images

You can change the size of the thumbnail images displayed in the main window and display them with shooting information attached.

Select the [View] menu ▶ desired item.



→ The display changes to the selected item.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

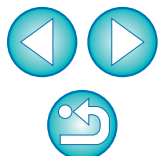
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

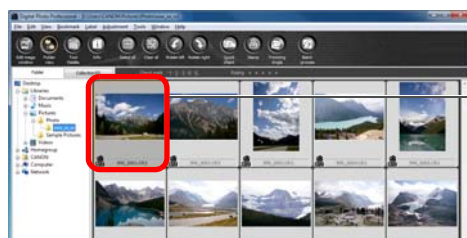
Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index

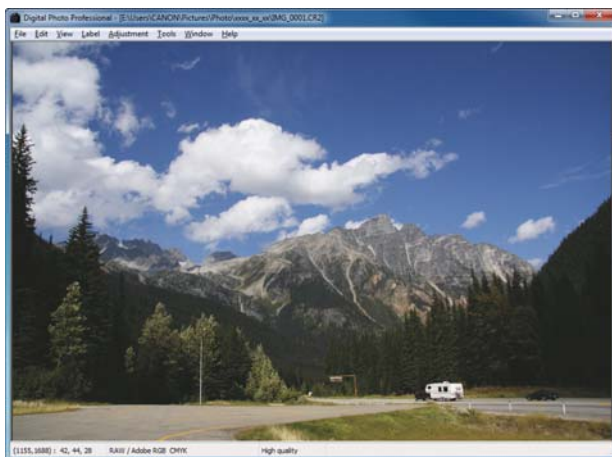


Enlarging and Viewing an Image in the Edit Window

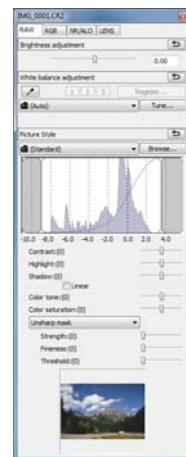


→ The edit window appears.

Edit window



Tool palette

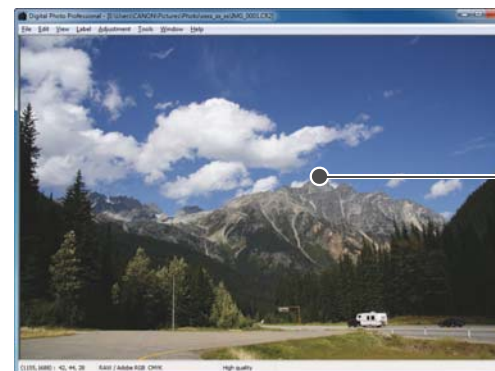


→ It may take time for the image to redraw itself.

- Click the [X] in the upper right of the edit window to close the edit window.

Enlarging and Viewing a Specific Area

Double-click the area you want to enlarge.



→ The area you double-clicked is enlarged to 100% (actual pixel size). If you wait for a while, it changes to a clearer display.

- Double-click again to revert to the full view.
- To change the display position, drag on the image or drag the enlargement display position of the tool palette.

Tool palette enlargement display position



Change the enlargement display position by dragging

To display an image in an enlargement ratio other than 100%

Select the [View] menu ▶ [200% view] or [50% view].

You can change the enlargement ratio when you double-click (p.93).

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

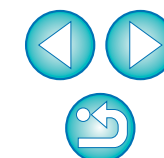
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index

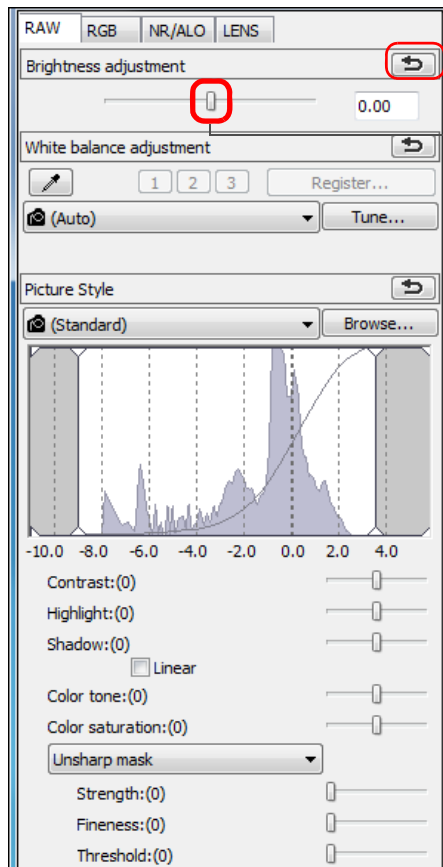


Adjusting an Image

You can perform a variety of image adjustments, such as adjusting the brightness or changing the Picture Style of an image using the tool palette of the edit window. You can easily restore an image to its original settings with the [↶] button even if you have made the wrong adjustment. Try out the various adjustments.

As an example, the procedure to adjust the brightness of an image is explained here.

Tool palette



Reverts the image to the original settings

Drag the slider left or right

→ The image brightness changes in real time according to the amount of adjustments.



The tool palette does not display

Select the [View] menu ► [Tool palette].

About the Tool Palette

You can adjust images with the tool palette by switching between the [RAW], [RGB], [NR/ALO] and [LENS] tab sheets according to your editing requirements.

Because adjustment made with the tool palette (it undergoes automatic development processing each time) only changes the image processing conditions, the “original image data itself” remains unaffected.

Therefore, there are no problems with image deterioration that arise with editing and you can readjust your images any number of times.

See Chapter 2 onwards for more detailed information on the various functions of the tool palette.

About Recipes

In DPP, all the adjustment contents (image processing conditions information) made with the tool palette are saved to an image as data called a “Recipe” (p.99).

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

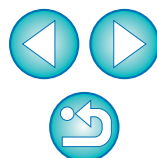
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index

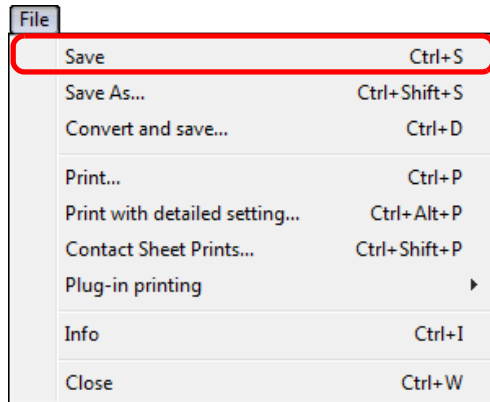


For a list of tool palette functions, see p.131.

Saving an Image

If you perform the save operation described here, you can save all the adjustment contents (recipe) made with the tool palette to the RAW image.

Select the [File] menu ▶ [Save].



→ Your adjustment contents (recipe) are saved to the image.

Saving

With DPP, you can perform the following types of saving according to your requirements. For detailed information on each saving method, see Chapter 2 onwards.

- **Save** (p.41)
Add adjustment contents (recipe) made with the tool palette to a RAW image and save.
- **Save as** (p.41)
Add adjustment contents (recipe) made with the tool palette to a RAW image and save as a separate RAW image. The original RAW image remains unaffected.
- **Add thumbnail to image and save*** (p.23)
Create a new thumbnail image for the main window and save to each image.
The quality of images in the main window improves and images redraw themselves more quickly.
- **Convert and save** (p.42)
Convert adjusted RAW image to a JPEG or TIFF image and save.
The original RAW image remains unaffected.
- **Batch process** (p.102)
Convert in batches adjusted multiple RAW images to JPEG or TIFF images and save.
The original RAW images remain unaffected.

* Option available in the main window.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

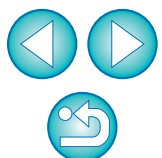
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

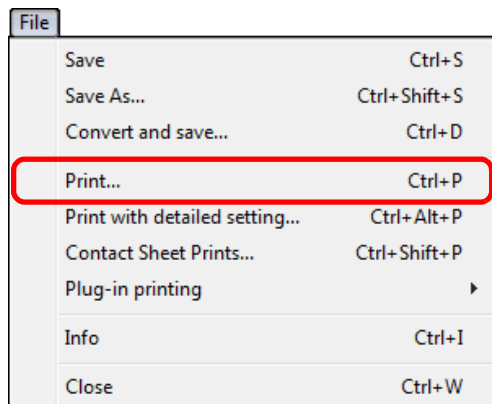
Index



Printing an Image

You can print images with a printer. As an example, the procedure to print one image on one sheet of paper is described here.

1 Select the [File] menu ▶ [Print].



→ The printer's print settings dialog box appears.

2 Print.

- Specify the optimum settings for photograph printing in the printer's print settings dialog box and click the [OK] button.
- Printing begins.

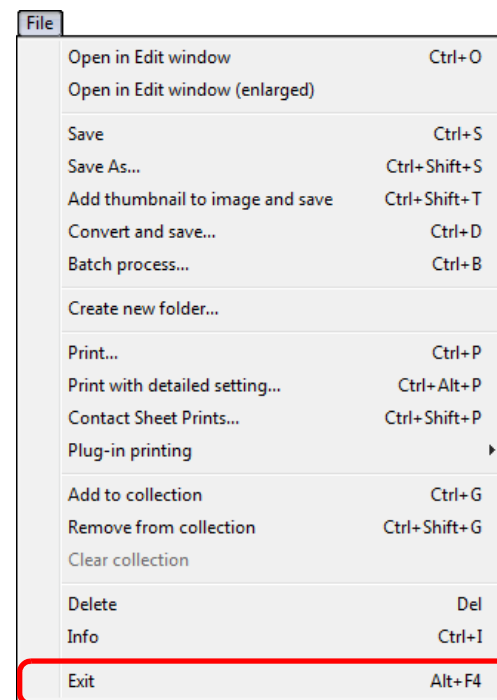
Printing

With DPP, you can perform the following types of printing according to your requirements. For detailed information on each printing method, see Chapter 2 onwards.

- Print one image (p.49)
- Print with a Canon inkjet printer (p.43, p.46)
- Print with a high-end Canon printer (p.89)
- Print with shooting information (p.87)
- Printing a thumbnail list (contact sheet printing) (p.88)

Exiting DPP

In the main window, select the [File] menu ▶ [Exit].



→ DPP exits.



A confirmation dialog box for saving the images appears when you try to exit DPP without saving the adjusted image. Click the [Yes to all] button to save the adjustment contents (recipe) to all the images adjusted.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

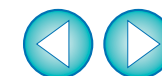
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



2 Advanced Operation

A more advanced operation – from efficiently checking images, to various ways of editing an image, printing a RAW image using a Canon printer and sorting images – is explained here.

Efficiently Checking/Sorting Images.....	16
Sorting Images.....	18
Attaching Check Marks.....	18
Setting Ratings	18
Sorting Images in the Main Window	19
Attaching Check Marks in the Main Window	19
Setting Ratings in the Main Window	19
Arranging Images in the Main Window	20
Arranging by Type	20
Arranging Freely	21
Displaying a RAW Image and JPEG Image as a Single Image.....	22
Improving the Quality of an Image in the Main Window ...	23
Checking Image Information.....	23
Editing an Image	25
About the RAW Tool Palette.....	25
Editing with the Tool Palette in the Main Window ..	25
Adjusting Brightness.....	26
Changing a Picture Style	26
Picture Style File.....	27
Adjusting Color Tone by Changing White Balance....	28
Adjusting Color Tone Using Click White Balance	28
Adjusting Contrast	29
Changing Color Tone and Color Saturation.....	30
Adjusting Monochrome	30
Adjusting Image Sharpness.....	31

Detailed Setting of Image Sharpness	32
Automatically Adjusting Brightness and Color (Tone Curve Assist)	33
Editing Efficiently	34
Editing in the Edit Image Window.....	34
Changing the Thumbnail Display Position to Horizontal	36
Gathering and Editing Images in the Collection Window ...	36
Trimming and Adjusting the Angle of an Image.....	38
Applying Adjustment Contents to Other Images.....	41
Saving Editing Results.....	41
Saving Editing Contents to a RAW Image.....	41
Saving as a JPEG or TIFF Image.....	42
Re-Editing an Image.....	43
Printing an Image	43
Printing Photographs with Canon Inkjet Printers Compatible with Easy-PhotoPrint EX	43
Printing Photographs with Canon Inkjet Printers Compatible with Easy-PhotoPrint.....	46
Printing Photographs with a Printer other than Canon Inkjet Printers.....	49
Organizing Images	49
Deleting an Unwanted Image	49
Creating a Folder for Saving Images.....	50
Moving Images	50
Moving Images in Folders	51
Registering Frequent-Use Folders (Bookmark Registration)	51
Organizing Bookmarks	51

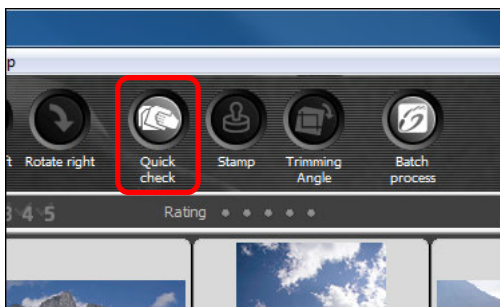
[Introduction](#)[Contents at a Glance](#)[Basic Operation](#)[Advanced Operation](#)[Advanced Image Editing and Printing](#)[Processing Large Numbers of Images](#)[Editing JPEG/TIFF Images](#)[Reference](#)[Index](#)

Efficiently Checking/Sorting Images

You can enlarge images displayed as thumbnails in the main window and efficiently check each image. You can attach check marks and sort images into five groups.

1 Display the quick check window.

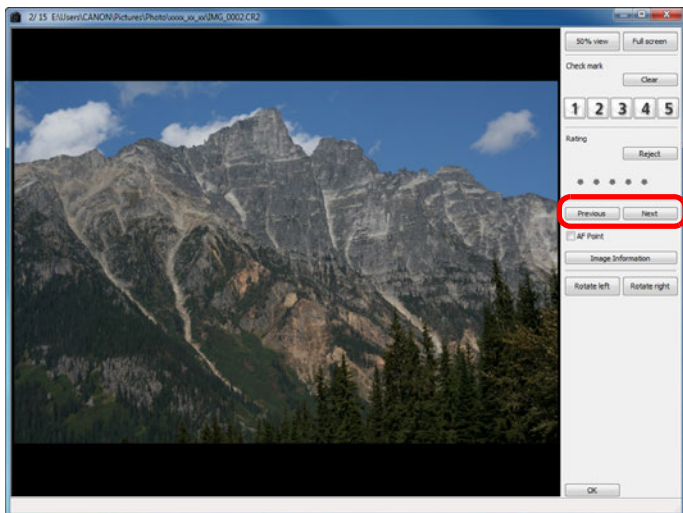
- Click the [Quick check] button.



→ The quick check window appears.

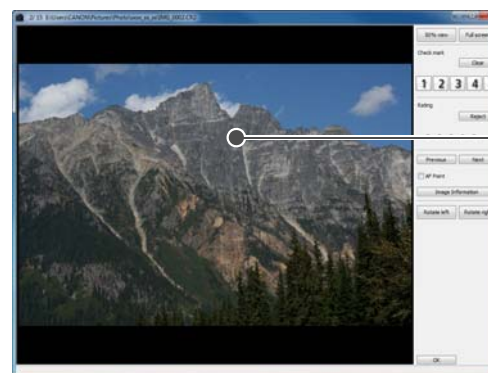
2 Click the [Next] or [Previous] button to switch between images to be checked.

Quick check window



- All the images displayed in the main window can be checked in the quick check window.

3 Double-click the area you want to enlarge.



Double-click

- The area you double-clicked is enlarged to 50% view.
- To change the display position, drag on the image.
- Double-click again to revert to the full view.
- To exit, click the [OK] button.



When [AF Point] is checkmarked, you can display the AF points selected in the camera at the time of shooting. However, AF points are not displayed for images which have had their image size changed and then been converted and saved (p.42, p.137), which have had settings specified during RAW processing on the camera for distortion correction and chromatic aberration correction, which are composited, or which are created as HDR (High Dynamic Range) images.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

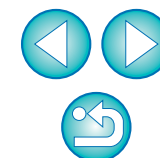
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index





Convenient functions of the quick check window

- **To check only selected images**

You can use the quick check window to check only selected images by selecting the desired images from those displayed in the main window and then performing step 1.

- **Switch between images using the keyboard**

You can also switch between images by pressing the <→> or <←> key.

- **Switch between screens using the keyboard**

You can also switch between full screen display/normal screen display by pressing the <Alt> + <Enter> keys.

- **Operate using the menu**

Each operation can also be performed with the menu which appears when you right-click with the mouse on an image.



- The enlargement ratio when an image is enlarged is half (50%) of the 100% (actual pixel size).
- You can change the enlargement ratio to 100%, when an image is enlarged ([p.93](#)).
- For a list of quick check window functions, see [p.135](#).

Introduction

Contents at
a Glance

Basic
Operation

Advanced
Operation

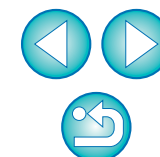
Advanced
Image Editing
and Printing

Processing
Large Numbers
of Images

Editing
JPEG/TIFF
Images

Reference

Index

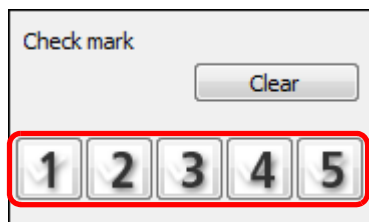


Sorting Images

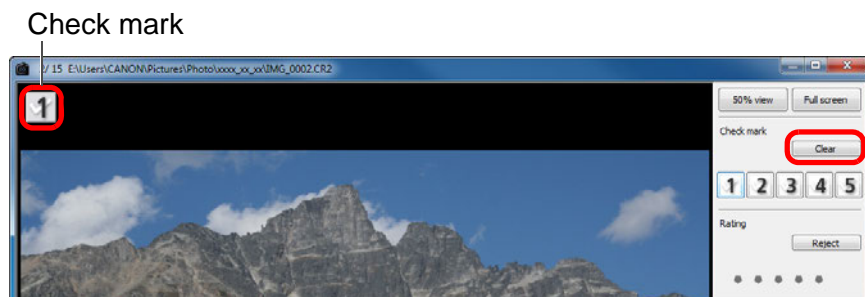
You can sort images by attaching check marks or setting ratings (indicated with [★] marks) for each subject or theme.

Attaching Check Marks

Display the image you want to attach a check mark to, and then click any one of [1] to [5].



→ The selected check mark appears in the upper left of the window.



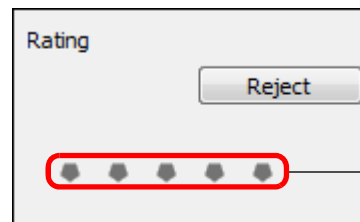
● Click the [Clear] button to remove the check mark.



- The values of check marks attached to images in DPP version 3.8 or earlier are maintained as they are.
- You can also attach check marks from the menu that appears by right-clicking with the mouse on an image in the main window.

Setting Ratings

Display the image you want to rate, and then click any one of the [★].

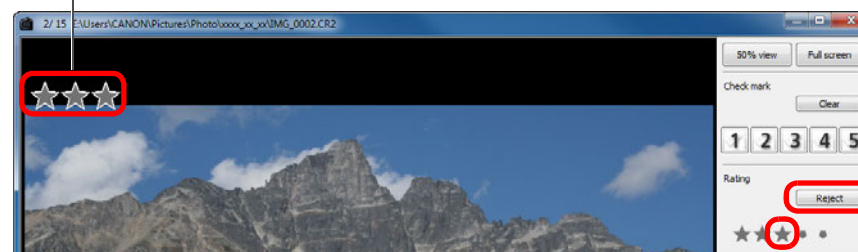


→ The rating is set and an icon corresponding to the selected [★] appears in the upper left of the window.

(Window shown with a rating of three [★])

- To set [Reject], click the [Reject] button. Click the [Reject] button again to cancel.

Rating icon



- To cancel the rating, click the same [★] as when the setting was made on the right of the window.



As the file structure of the image data is changed when a rating is set to an image, it may not be possible to check the image information in third-party software.



You can also set ratings (including [Reject] setting) from the menu that appears by right-clicking with the mouse on an image in the main window.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index

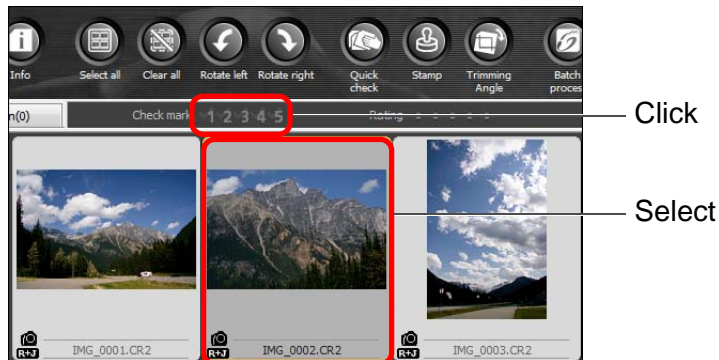


Sorting Images in the Main Window

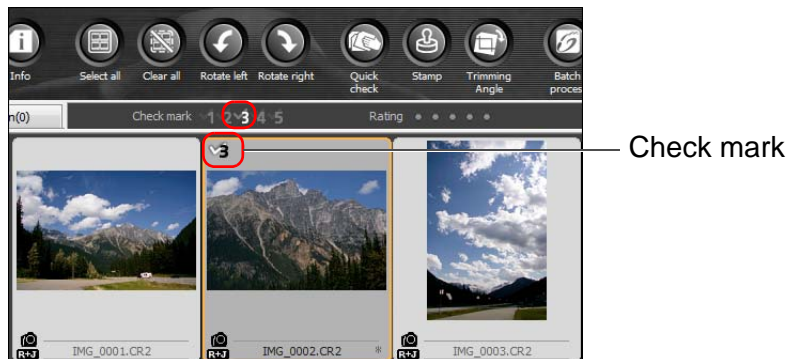
You can also sort images in the main window by attaching check marks or setting ratings (indicated with [★] marks) for each subject or theme.

Attaching Check Marks in the Main Window

Select the images you want to attach a check mark to, and then click any of [✓] to [✗] in the toolbar.



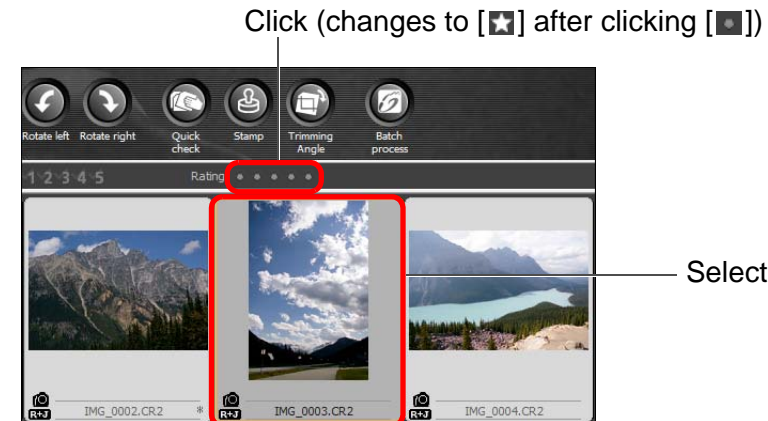
→ The selected check mark appears in the upper left of the image frame.



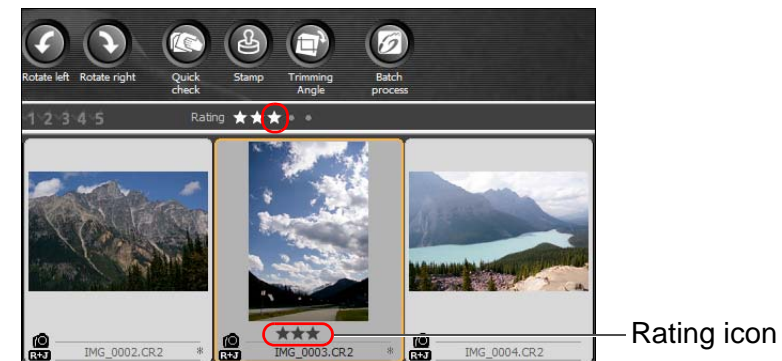
- Click the check mark in the toolbar again to remove the check marks.

Setting Ratings in the Main Window

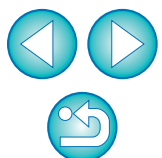
Select the images you want to rate, and then click any of the [★] in the toolbar.



→ The rating is set and an icon corresponding to the selected [★] appears in the image frame.
(Window shown with a rating of three [★] as an example)



- To cancel the rating, click the same [★] as when the setting was made in the toolbar.
- [Reject] cannot be set with the toolbar. Set [Reject] with the [Label] menu or the quick check window (p.18).





To select multiple images in the main window

Click on desired images while holding down the <Ctrl> key. To select multiple consecutive images, click on the first image, and then click on the last image while holding down the <Shift> key.



To display more thumbnails in the main window

You can display a large number of images by setting the size of thumbnail images to small (p.10). Then, by selecting the [View] menu ▶ [Rating] and removing check marks so that ratings no longer appear in the image frame, you can display still more thumbnail images in the main window.



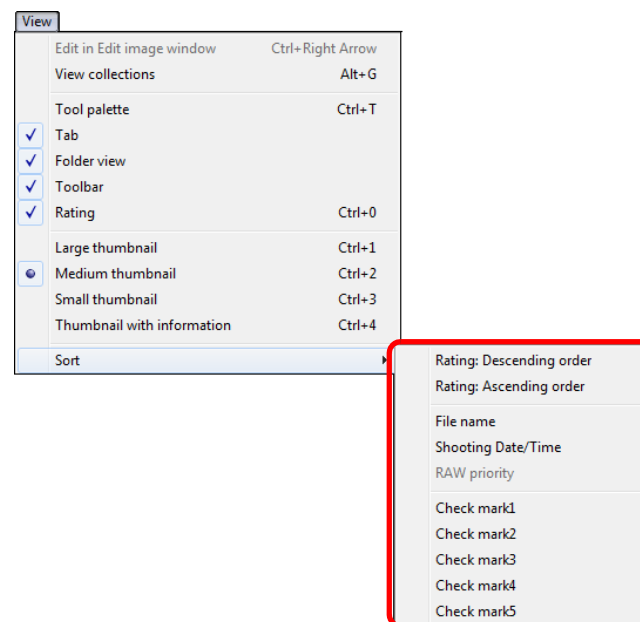
- The [Label] menu can also be used to attach check marks and set ratings.
- By selecting the [Edit] menu ▶ [Check mark] or [Rating] ▶ image selection criteria, you can refine criteria for selecting checkmarked or rated images.
- You can display and change the rating settings set in DPP with other bundled software and on an EOS-1D X, EOS-1D C, EOS 5D Mark III, EOS 6D, EOS 7D (firmware version 2.0.0 or later), EOS 70D, EOS 60D, EOS REBEL T5i/700D, EOS REBEL SL1/100D, EOS REBEL T4i/650D, EOS REBEL T3i/600D, EOS REBEL T5/1200D, EOS REBEL T3/1100D, EOS M2 or EOS M camera.
 - EOS Utility version 2.9 or later:
Ratings set in DPP are displayed. However, [Reject] is not displayed and you cannot change rating settings.
 - On an EOS-1D X, EOS-1D C, EOS 5D Mark III, EOS 6D, EOS 7D (firmware version 2.0.0 or later), EOS 70D, EOS 60D, EOS REBEL T5i/700D, EOS REBEL SL1/100D, EOS REBEL T4i/650D, EOS REBEL T3i/600D, EOS REBEL T5/1200D, EOS REBEL T3/1100D, EOS M2 or EOS M camera:
Ratings set in DPP are displayed in the playback screen. You can also change rating settings. However, you cannot display or change settings for [Reject].
- Reversely, you can also display and change with DPP the rating settings set for still images on an EOS-1D X, EOS-1D C, EOS 5D Mark III, EOS 6D, EOS 7D (firmware version 2.0.0 or later), EOS 70D, EOS 60D, EOS REBEL T5i/700D, EOS REBEL SL1/100D, EOS REBEL T4i/650D, EOS REBEL T3i/600D, EOS REBEL T5/1200D, EOS REBEL T3/1100D, EOS M2 or EOS M camera.

Arranging Images in the Main Window

You can arrange images in the order of the types of check marks you have attached to images, or in the order of date and time at which the images were shot. You can also freely arrange images by moving them individually.

Arranging by Type

Select the [View] menu ▶ [Sort] ▶ desired item.



→ The images are arranged in the order according to the selected item.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

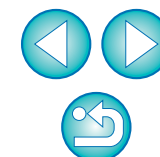
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



Sort item	Description
Rating: ascending order	Sorted in order of fewest [★].
Rating: descending order	Sorted in order of most [★].
File name	Images are sorted by file name in alphanumeric order (0 to 9 → A to Z).
Shooting Date/Time	Images are sorted by shooting date and time from the earliest.
RAW priority	Images are sorted in the following order: RAW images → JPEG images → TIFF images.
Check mark1 - Check mark5	Images with check marks take priority and are sorted in number order.

Check mark sorting order

When check marks from 1 to 5 have been set, the images are sorted as follows:

Check mark1 selected: 1→2→3→4→5

Check mark2 selected: 2→3→4→5→1

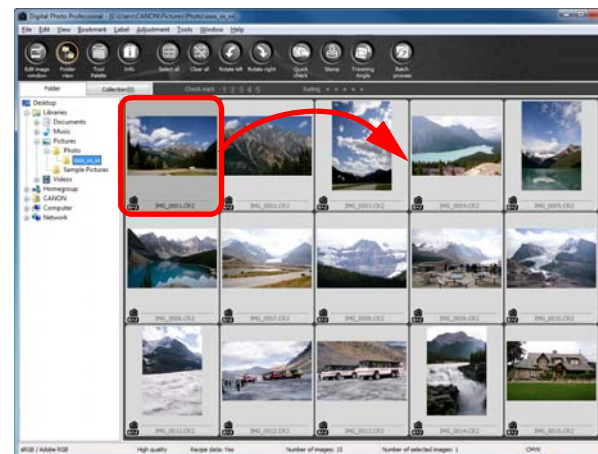
Check mark3 selected: 3→4→5→1→2

Check mark4 selected: 4→5→1→2→3

Check mark5 selected: 5→1→2→3→4

Arranging Freely

Drag and drop the image to the desired location.



- The image moves to the desired location.
- You can also select multiple images (p.20) and move them.
- The order of rearranged images is maintained until you exit DPP or select another folder in the folder area.
- Select the [View] menu ► [Sort] ► [File name] to revert to the order before the images were rearranged.



Maintaining the order of rearranged images

You can maintain the order of rearranged images even if you exit DPP or select another folder in the folder area.

● Maintain order without changing image file names

You can use the [View settings] tab sheet in the [Preferences] to maintain the order of images without changing the image file names (p.93).

● Maintain order and change image file names

You can use the rename function to maintain the order of images and change the image file names all at once in the order they were rearranged (p.104).

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

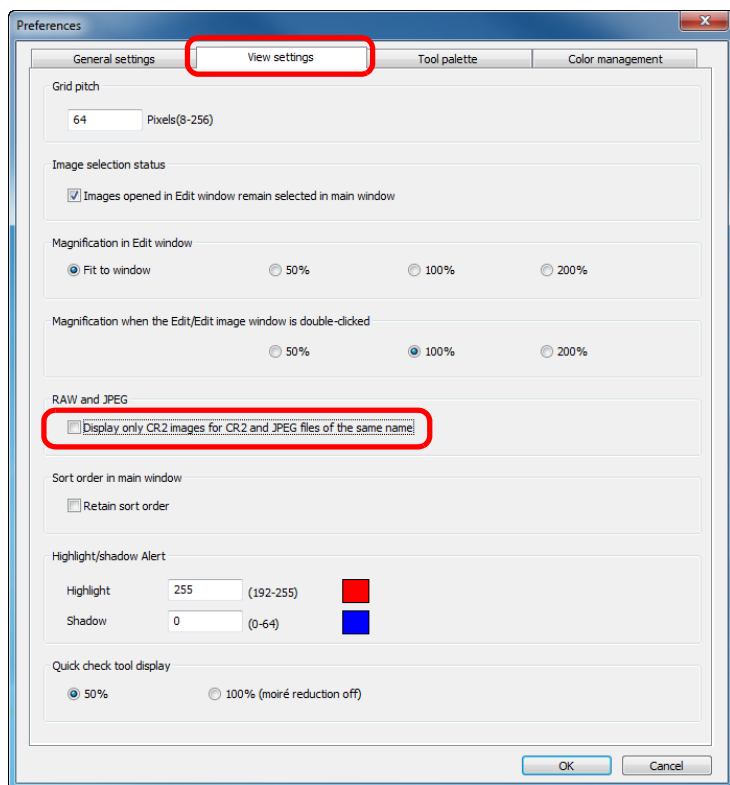
Index



Displaying a RAW Image and JPEG Image as a Single Image

You can display and handle a RAW image and JPEG image shot simultaneously as a single image. In particular, you can halve the number of images displayed in the main window and you can streamline the checking of a large number of images shot simultaneously.

- 1 Select the [Tools] menu ▶ [Preferences].
- 2 Select the [View settings] tab sheet and checkmark [Display only CR2 images for CR2 and JPEG files of the same name].



→ The main window display updates and the simultaneously shot RAW image and JPEG image are displayed as a single image with the [R+J] mark (p.129).

? RAW images with the extension “.CR2” can be displayed as a single image

Images that can be displayed as a single image are images shot with a camera that shoots RAW images with the extension “.CR2” and JPEG images simultaneously. Images that have been simultaneously shot with a camera that shoots RAW images with the extension “.CRW” or “.TIF” cannot be displayed as a single image.

💡 When a single image is displayed

- **Image displayed**
The RAW image is displayed in all windows.
- **Edited image**
The content which has been adjusted with any of DPP's functions (the tool palette etc.) will be applied to the RAW image only. However, if you have used the following functions, the adjustments will be applied to both the RAW image and the JPEG image.
 - Deleting an image (p.49)
 - Moving or copying an image (p.50)
 - Checkmarking (p.18, p.19)
 - Rating (p.18, p.19)
 - Rotating an image (p.127, p.135, p.136)
 - Attaching a thumbnail to an image and saving (p.23)
- **Images added to the [Collection] window**
When you add a RAW image and JPEG image displayed as a single image to the [Collection] window, the single image is marked with the [R+J] mark. However, because the RAW and JPEG images are actually added individually, the number of images shown on the [Collection] tab sheet increases by 2 (p.128).

📄 In step 2, if you uncheck [Display only CR2 images for CR2 and JPEG files of the same name], the RAW image and JPEG image are displayed as separate images.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

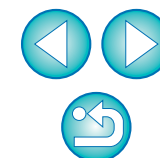
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

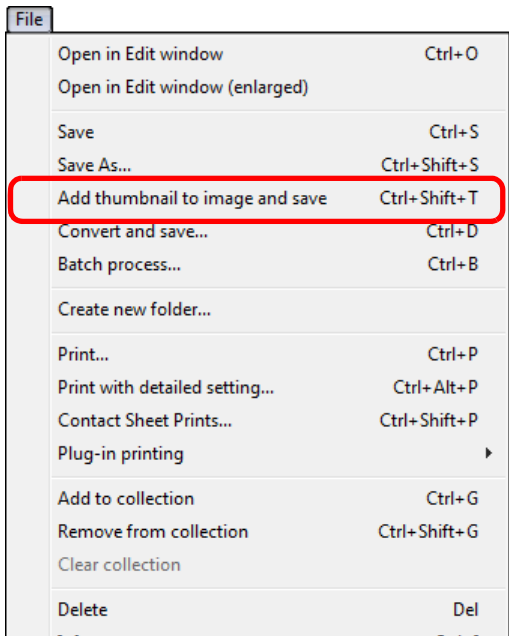
Index



Improving the Quality of an Image in the Main Window


Create a new thumbnail image for the main window and save to each image.
The quality of images in the main window improves and images redraw themselves more quickly.

With all the images selected, select the [File] menu ▶ [Add thumbnail to image and save].



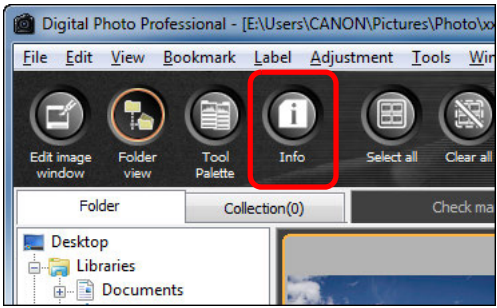
The extent of the improvement in quality

The quality is improved for any JPEG or TIFF image. While the image quality improves regardless of the thumbnail size (p.10), selecting [Large thumbnail], with its larger display size, shows the improvement more clearly than [Medium thumbnail] and [Small thumbnail].

 A large number of images may take some time to add.

Checking Image Information

- 1 Select the image for which you want to check the image information.
- 2 Click the [Info] button.



→ The image information window appears (p.24).

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

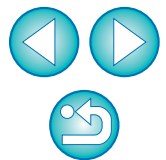
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

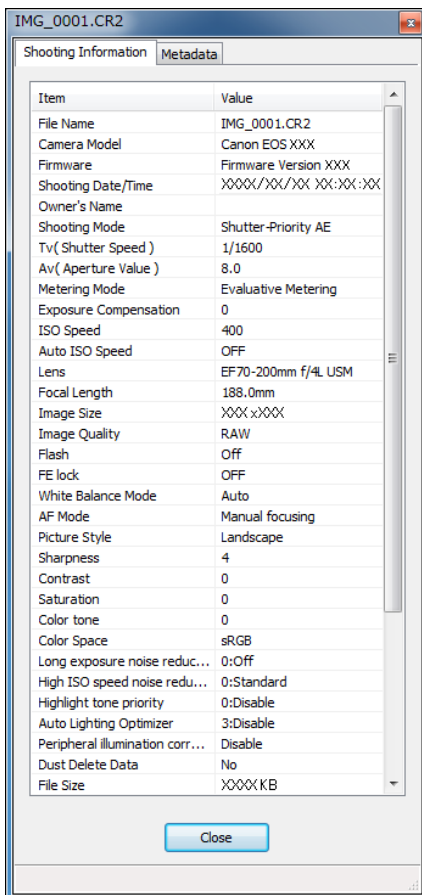
Reference

Index

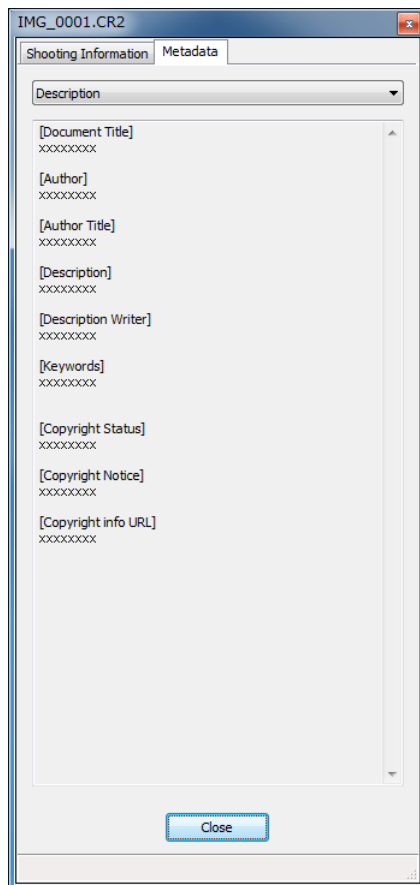


3 Select a tab sheet and check information.

[Shooting Information] tab sheet



[Metadata] tab sheet



- Shooting information is displayed in the [Shooting Information] tab sheet, while IPTC* information appended to the image after shooting is displayed in the [Metadata] tab sheet. IPTC* information provides additional comments on images, such as captions, credits and the shooting location. The information is sorted into 5 different categories and can be viewed by selecting [Description], [IPTC Contact], [IPTC Image], [IPTC Content] or [IPTC Status] from the list box in the [Metadata] tab sheet. IPTC* information can only be appended to JPEG/TIFF images using Photoshop (CS3 or later).
- * International Press Telecommunications Council (IPTC)
- The contents of the [Shooting Information] tab sheet will vary depending on the camera model.



Convenient uses in the main window

Switching displays

If a different image is selected in the main window when the image information window is displayed, the image information for that image will be displayed.

Difference with the [Thumbnail with information]

Detailed shooting information for each image is displayed in the image information window. However, if you want to only check the main shooting information, you can check it for each image in [View] menu ▶ [Thumbnail with information] (p.10).

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

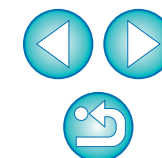
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images


Reference

Index



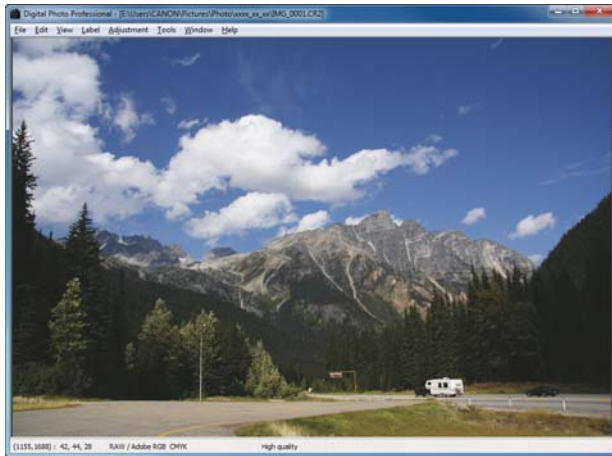
Editing an Image

This section explains how to adjust an image using the tool palette in the edit window.

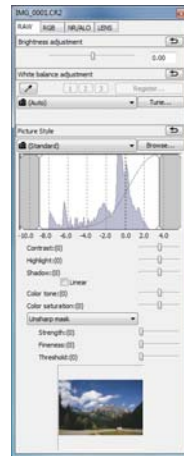
You can easily restore an image to its original condition with the  button even if you have made the wrong adjustment. Try out the various adjustments.

How to make adjustments using the [RAW] tool palette functions, and how to adjust automatically with the [RGB] tool palette are explained in this section.

Edit window



Tool palette



- The image changes in real time according to adjustments performed with the tool palette.
- To revert to the condition before the last operation performed on the tool palette, select [Undo] in the [Edit] menu or press <Ctrl> + <Z> keys.

About the RAW Tool Palette

You can adjust images with the tool palette by switching between the [RAW], [RGB], [NR/ALO] and [LENS] tab sheets according to your editing requirements.

Adjustments similar to those that can be performed with the functions of your camera can be performed using the functions of the [RAW] tool palette. When the camera settings were incorrect during shooting, or when the shooting result is not what you visualized, you can get closer to what you envisaged with the [RAW] tool palette which is similar to the camera.

All functions other than [RGB] tool palette automatic adjustment, and each function of the [NR/ALO] and [LENS] tool palette are explained in Chapter 3.

Editing with the Tool Palette in the Main Window

By clicking the [Tool Palette] button ([p.127](#)) in the toolbar on the main window, the same tool palette that appears in the edit window is displayed and you can edit images.



- You can rotate an image in the [Adjustment] menu.
- You can adjust an image while comparing the image before and after adjustment ([p.53](#)).
- You can synchronize multiple images and edit while comparing them ([p.54](#)).
- See [p.130](#) for a list of edit window functions, and [p.131](#) for a list of tool palette functions.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

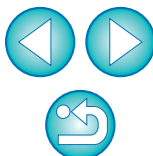
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

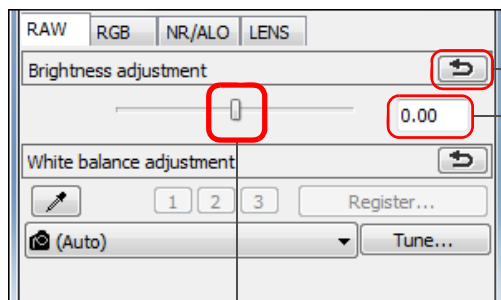
Reference

Index



Adjusting Brightness

The brightness of an image can be adjusted. Move the slider to the right to make the image brighter and to the left to make the image darker.



Reverts the image to the original settings

Enter a numerical value

Drag the slider left or right

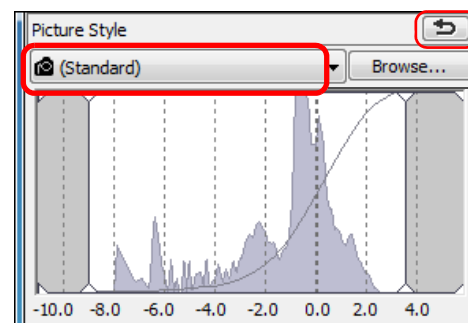


The adjustment range is -2.0 to $+2.0$ (in 0.01-stop increments when entering a value).

Changing a Picture Style

If the image you shot is different to what you visualized, you can change the Picture Style to get closer to what you envisaged.


Even if you have saved the image (p.41) with [Monochrome] (p.30) selected, you can still change to another Picture Style at any point by simply selecting a Picture Style other than [Monochrome].



Reverts the image to the original settings
Select



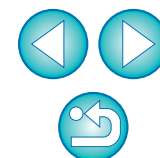
- Even if the RAW image is from a camera that does not have Picture Style settings, you can still set a Picture Style as long as the RAW image is compatible with DPP (p.3).
- You can retain the [Color tone], [Color saturation], [Contrast], [Unsharp mask] and [Sharpness] settings, even if you change the Picture Style (p.94).
- [Auto] is only applied to images shot with the EOS-1D X, EOS-1D C, EOS 5D Mark III, EOS 6D, EOS 70D, EOS REBEL T5i/700D, EOS REBEL SL1/100D, EOS REBEL T4i/650D, EOS REBEL T3i/600D, EOS REBEL T5/1200D, EOS M2 or EOS M. When changing a Picture Style with several images selected, you can select [Auto] if images shot with the EOS-1D X, EOS-1D C, EOS 5D Mark III, EOS 6D, EOS 70D, EOS REBEL T5i/700D, EOS REBEL SL1/100D, EOS REBEL T4i/650D, EOS REBEL T3i/600D, EOS REBEL T5/1200D, EOS M2 or EOS M are included. However, [Auto] is actually applied only to images shot with the EOS-1D X, EOS-1D C, EOS 5D Mark III, EOS 6D, EOS 70D, EOS REBEL T5i/700D, EOS REBEL SL1/100D, EOS REBEL T4i/650D, EOS REBEL T3i/600D, EOS REBEL T5/1200D, EOS M2 or EOS M.
- You cannot select [Auto] with multiple-exposure RAW images created on the camera.

Picture Style	Description	Picture Style	Description
 ()	<p>The Picture Style set on the camera when the image was shot.</p> <p>When a mode in the Creative Zone is selected on the camera, the Picture Style set in () is displayed.</p> <p>When a mode in the Basic Zone is selected on the camera, [Shot settings] is displayed in (), and image characteristics that are according to the selected shooting mode are applied.</p>	(Picture Style file registered in the camera)	<p>Displayed when selecting an image shot with the Picture Style file registered in the camera.</p> <p>In the list, the name of the Picture Style file is displayed in ().</p>
Standard	<p>The image looks vivid.</p> <p>Ordinarily, this setting is suitable for most images.</p>	[Picture Style file applied in DPP]	The name of the Picture Style file applied in DPP is displayed in [].
Auto	<p>The color tone will be adjusted to suit the scene.</p> <p>The colors will look vivid. Especially the colors of blue skies, greenery, and sunsets will be vivid in a shot of nature, outdoor, or sunset scenes.</p>		
Portrait	<p>For nice skin tones.</p> <p>Effective for close-ups of women and children. By changing the [Color tone], you can adjust the skin tone (p.30).</p>		
Landscape	<p>For vivid blues and greens.</p> <p>Effective for making images of landscapes impressive.</p>		
Neutral	<p>For natural colors and subdued images.</p> <p>Effective for base images which are to undergo adjustment.</p>		
Faithful	<p>When the subject is photographed under a color temperature of 5200K, the color is adjusted colorimetrically to match the subject's color.</p> <p>Effective for base images which are to undergo adjustment.</p>		
Monochrome	<p>For black and white images.</p> <p>You can also adjust with [Filter effect] or [Toning effect] (p.30).</p>		

Picture Style File

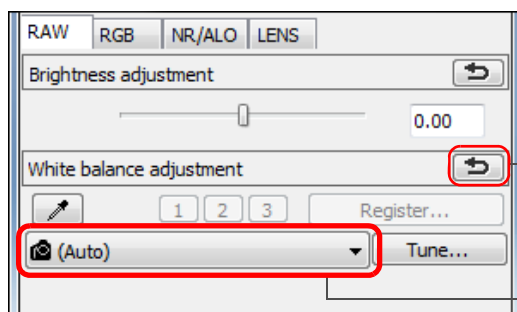
A Picture Style file is an extended function file of Picture Style. See [p.59](#) for how to use Picture Style files.

Introduction
Contents at a Glance
Basic Operation
Advanced Operation
Advanced Image Editing and Printing
Processing Large Numbers of Images
Editing JPEG/TIFF Images
Reference
Index




Adjusting Color Tone by Changing White Balance

If the color tone of the photographed image does not appear natural, change the white balance to make it appear natural. You can make the color tone natural by setting the light source at the time of shooting an image of, for example, pale-colored flowers.



Reverts the image to the original settings

Select

-  () is the white balance set on the camera when the image was shot.
- When a mode in the Creative Zone is selected on the camera, the white balance set in () is displayed.
- When a mode in the Basic Zone is selected on the camera, [Shot settings] is displayed in (), and image characteristics that are according to the selected shooting mode are applied.
- If you have corrected white balance, the correction value is displayed in ().

? The color tone does not become more natural even when the white balance is changed


If the color tone of the image does not appear natural after changing the white balance, adjust the white balance using click white balance ([this page](#)).



Tune with color tone

To make further fine adjustments to color tone after adjusting the white balance, you can use [Color tone] ([p.30](#)) to get closer to your requirements.



- You cannot register the adjustment results as personal white balance ([p.101](#)) when you have selected [ ()] from the list box.
- You cannot change or adjust white balance with multiple-exposure RAW images created on the camera.

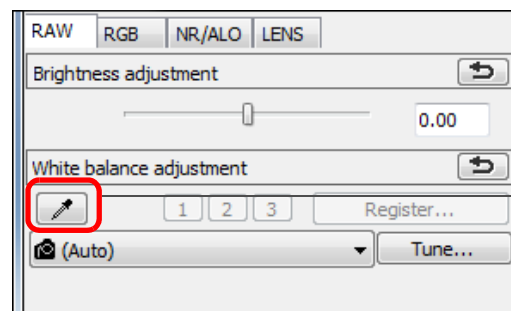


Refer to your camera's Instruction Manual for details on each white balance setting.

Adjusting Color Tone Using Click White Balance

You can adjust white balance using a selected part of an image as the standard for white to make the image appear natural. Using click white balance is effective when using it in parts of an image where white color tone has changed under the influence of a light source.

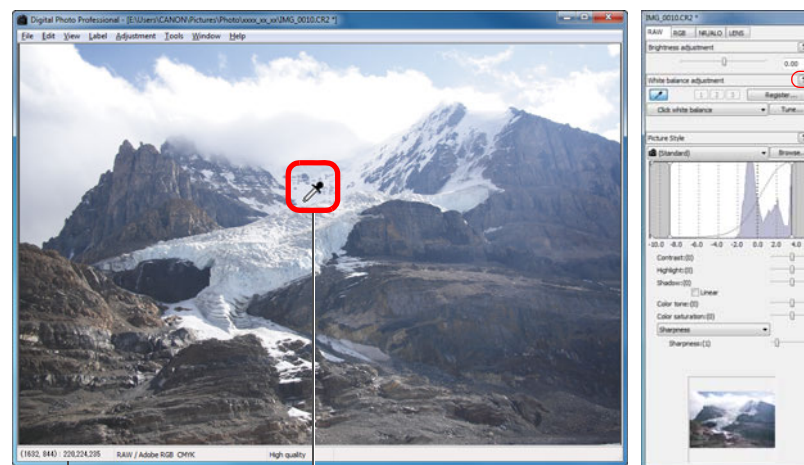
1



Click

2

Click on a point that is to be the standard for white.



Click

The coordinates of the cursor position and the RGB values (8-bit conversion)

Reverts the image to the original settings

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

Advanced Image Editing and Printing


Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

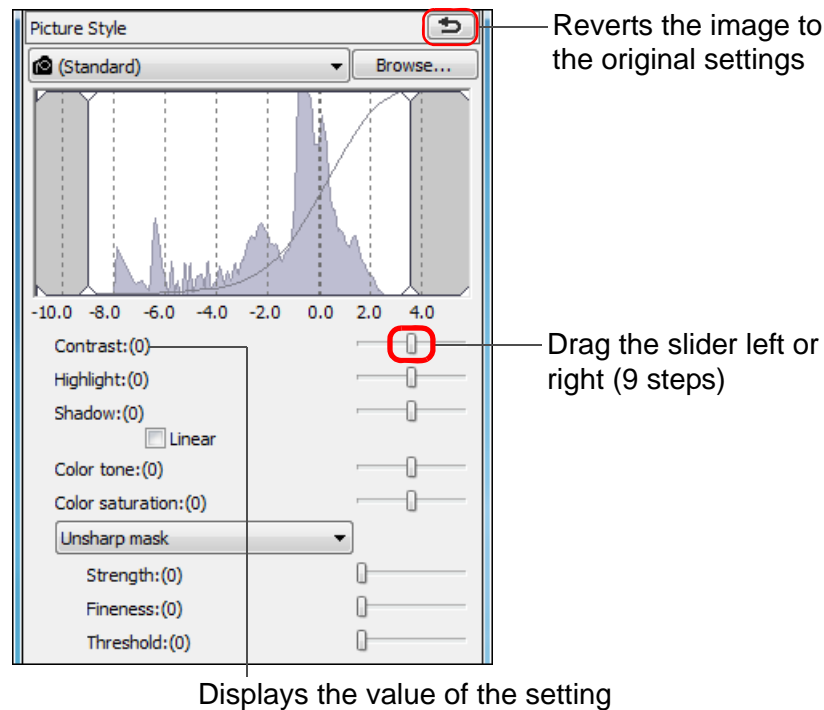
Index



- The color of the image is adjusted with the point you selected as the standard for white.
- If you click on another point in the image, the white balance is adjusted again.
- To finish click white balance, right-click with the mouse or click the  button again.

Adjusting Contrast

Modulation and degree of contrast can be adjusted. Move the slider to the right to make contrast stronger and to the left to make contrast weaker.



? When there are no white areas in your image

When there are no white areas in your image, you can adjust the white balance by clicking on a grey point of the image in step 2. This has the same adjustment result as selecting a white point.



- The image is adjusted based on the average value of 5 × 5 pixel range from the clicked point.
- You cannot change or adjust white balance with multiple-exposure RAW images created on the camera.



[Linear] - A function for advanced adjustment

Use [Linear] when you will be adjusting separately using image editing software that has advanced editing functions. Note that when [Linear] is checkmarked, the image will become dim.



The Auto Lighting Optimizer (p.61) will not function when [Linear] is checkmarked.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

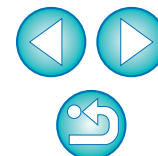
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

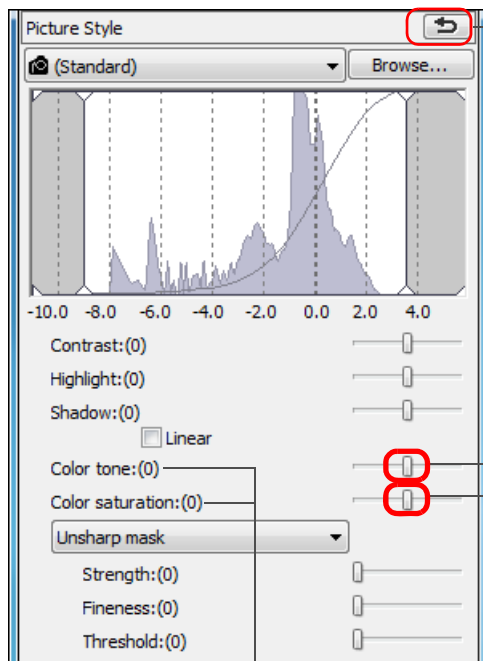
Index



Changing Color Tone and Color Saturation

Skin tone and overall color saturation can be adjusted.

If Picture Style (p.26) is set to [Monochrome], [Color tone] and [Color saturation] switch to [Filter effect] and [Toning effect] ([this page](#)).



Reverts the image to the original settings

Drag the sliders left or right

Displays the values of the settings

- **Color tone:** Mainly used for adjusting skin tones. Move the slider to the right to make skin tones more yellow, and to the left to make skin tones redder.
- **Color saturation:** The overall color depth of the image is adjusted with color saturation. Move the slider to the right to make the color deeper, and to the left to make the color weaker.

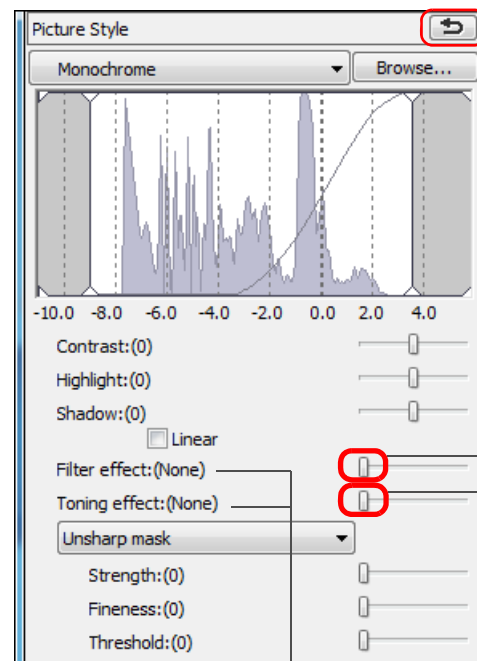
The adjustment range is -4 to +4 (in 1-stop increments).

Adjusting Monochrome

When the Picture Style (p.26) is set to [Monochrome], you can create monochrome photographs with effects similar to filtering and with the look of a single-color photograph.

1 Select [Monochrome] in the [Picture Style] list box.

2



Reverts the image to the original settings

Drag the sliders left or right

Displays the values of the settings

- **Filter effect:** Creates an image where the white of clouds and the green of trees are emphasized in the same monochrome photograph.

Filter	Example of effect
None	Ordinary monochrome image without filter effect.
Yellow	Blue sky is reproduced more naturally and white clouds emerge clearly.
Orange	Blue sky becomes somewhat darker. The brightness of the setting sun increases further.
Red	Blue sky becomes quite dark. Autumn leaves become clear and bright.
Green	Human skin tones and lips become softer. The green leaves of trees become clear and bright.

- **Toning effect:** You can create a monochrome photograph to which a single color has been added. You can choose from [None], [Sepia], [Blue], [Purple] and [Green].



Increase the [Contrast] to emphasize the filter effect

To emphasize the filter effect, set the [Contrast] slider closer to the right.

Adjusting Image Sharpness

You can make the overall atmosphere of an image sharper or softer. Adjustment can be made by selecting from two modes, [Sharpness] and [Unsharp mask].

- [Sharpness]: Controls the sharpness of an image by adjusting the level of emphasis for the outline of the image. The further to the right the [Sharpness] slider is moved (the larger the setting), the more the edges are emphasized for a sharper image.
- [Unsharp mask]: Adjusts the image's sharpness more finely.
- [Strength]: Shows the level of emphasis for the outline of the image. The further to the right the slider is moved (the larger the setting), the more the image's edges are emphasized for a sharper image.
- [Fineness]: Shows the fineness of the emphasized outline. The further to the left the slider is moved (the smaller the setting), the more fine detail can be emphasized.
- [Threshold]: Sets "how much contrast difference there should be compared to surroundings before emphasizing edges".

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

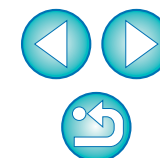
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index

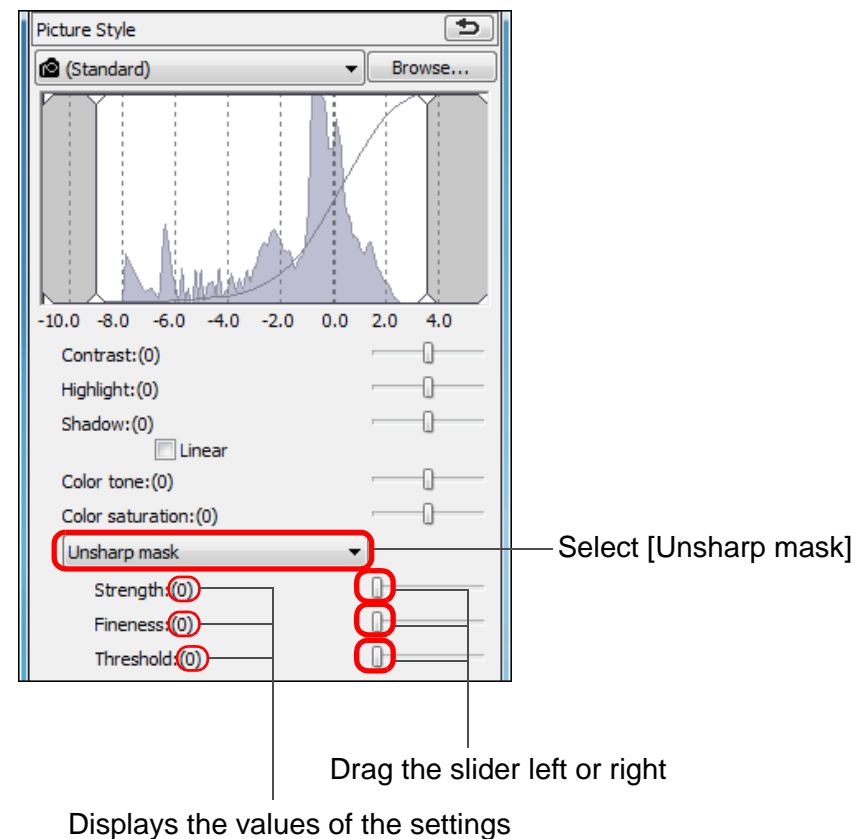


Select [Sharpness] from the list box and make the setting.



Detailed Setting of Image Sharpness

Select [Unsharp mask] from the list box and make the setting.



? The effects of sharpness adjustment appear unnatural

Adjust image sharpness with the window view set to [200% view], [100% view] or [50% view]. If the view is set to [Fit to window] (full view), the effects of adjustment may seem unnatural.

The adjustment range is 0 to 10 (in 1-stop increments).

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index

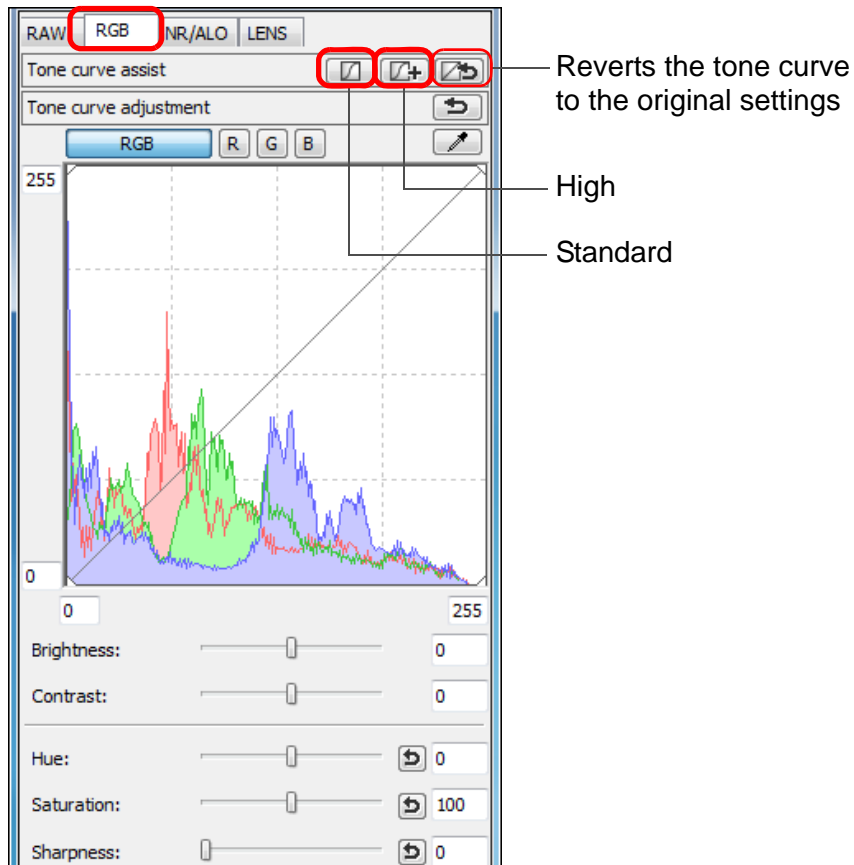


Automatically Adjusting Brightness and Color (Tone Curve Assist)

In order to make the image a desirable standard image, automatically adjust the image tone curve ([p.146](#)). You can select the degree of automatic adjustment from “Standard” and “High”.

Click on the [RGB] tab sheet and click the desired automatic adjustment button.

- **Standard:** Standard automatic adjustment. Suitable for most images.
- **High:** Use when the effect achieved in standard automatic adjustment is not strong enough.




Images not suitable for automatic adjustment (tone curve assist)

The result of automatic adjustment (tone curve assist) may not be as expected with the following images:

- Images which have been shot with the proper exposure
- Images where the brightness is unbalanced
- Images which are too dark
- Images which have extreme backlighting



If you click the [>] button, the tone curve as well as the [Hue] and [Saturation] revert to the default settings. Take care when adjusting the [Hue] and [Saturation] individually ([p.110](#)).

→ The tone curve changes as adjusted.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

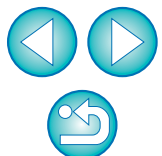
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



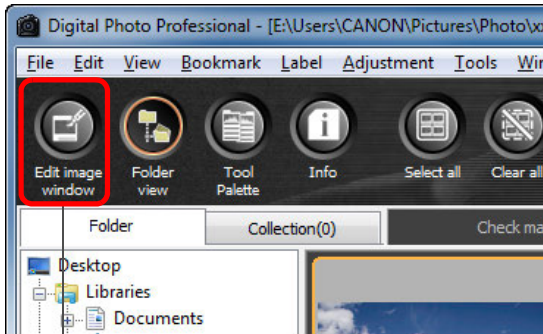
Editing Efficiently

Editing in the Edit Image Window

The thumbnail display and the edit window are combined and images can be edited efficiently while quickly switching between images to be edited. Images to be edited are selected beforehand in the main window.

1 In the main window, select the images you want to edit.

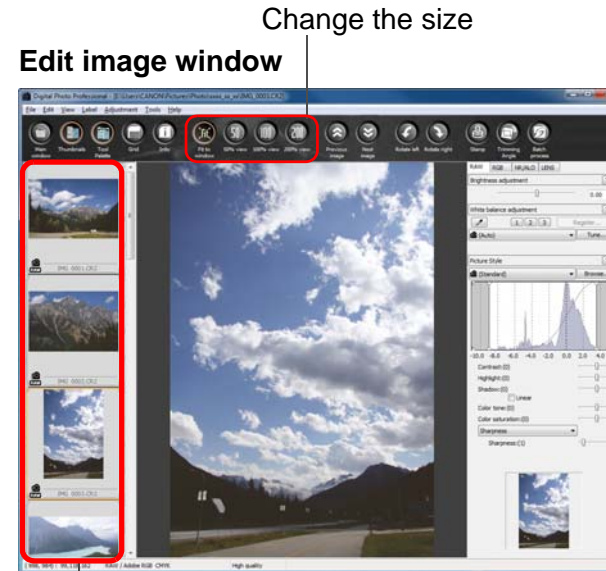
2 Switch to the edit image window.



Click

→ The main window switches to the edit image window.

3 Edit the image.



Select the image to be edited

The selected image is displayed as an enlargement in the middle of the window

- It may take time for the image to redraw itself.
- The same tool palette as in the edit window is displayed and you can edit the image.
- To revert to the condition before the last operation performed on the tool palette, select [Undo] in the [Edit] menu or press <Ctrl> + <Z> keys.



By selecting the [View] menu ▸ [AF Point] in the edit window or edit image window, you can display the AF points selected in the camera at the time of shooting. However, AF points are not displayed for images whose image size has been changed and then been converted and saved (p.42, p.137), images for which you selected an effect other than [Shot settings] as correction of fisheye lens distortion aberration, or images which have had settings specified during RAW processing on the camera for distortion correction and chromatic aberration correction.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

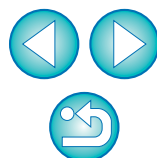
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

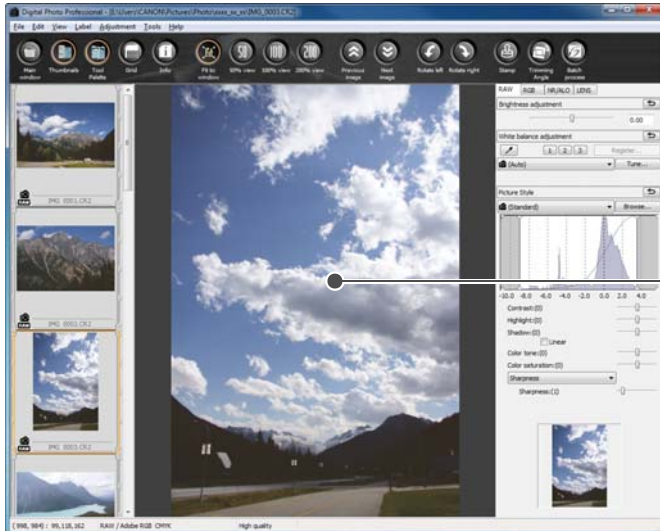
Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



4 Double-click the area you want to enlarge.



- The area you double-clicked is enlarged to 100% (actual pixel size).
- To change the display position, drag on the image or drag the enlargement display position (p.131) of the tool palette.
- Double-click again to revert to the full view ([Fit to window]).
- To return to the main window, click the [Main window] button on the toolbar.



To display an image in an enlargement ratio other than 100%

Click the [50% view] or [200% view] on the toolbar.



- You can change the way the tool palette is displayed (p.94).
- You can change the enlargement ratio when you double-click (p.93).
- With the edit image window, you can only select images from one folder. To gather images from several folders for editing, see "Gathering and Editing Images in the Collection Window" (p.36).
- For a list of edit image window functions, see p.136.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

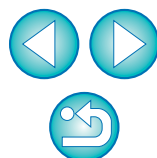
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

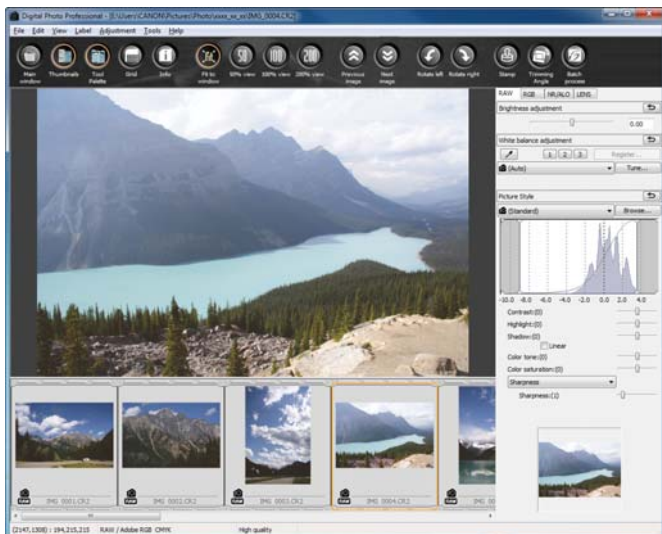
Reference

Index



Changing the Thumbnail Display Position to Horizontal

Select the [View] menu ► [Change thumbnail position].

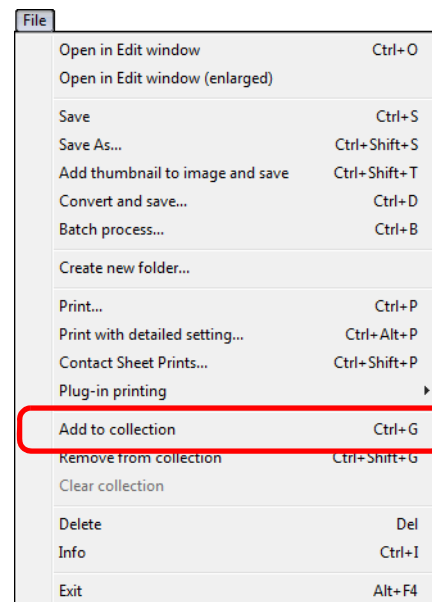


- If you select [Change thumbnail position] again, the thumbnail display reverts to the vertical position.

Gathering and Editing Images in the Collection Window

You can gather any randomly selected images together in the [Collection] window for viewing, comparison and editing. You can gather images from several folders as well as from only one folder, allowing you to work with them efficiently.

- 1 Select images from the [Folder] window in the main window, and select the [File] menu ► [Add to collection].



- The selected images are added to the [Collection] window and the number of selected images is shown on the [Collection] tab sheet.
- When you add RAW and JPEG images displayed as a single image (p.22), the number of images shown on the [Collection] tab sheet increases by 2.
- You can select several images and add them to the [Collection] window.
- You can also add images to the [Collection] window by selecting images, right-clicking with your mouse, and selecting [Add to collection] from the menu that appears.
- You can add up to 1,000 images to the [Collection] window.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

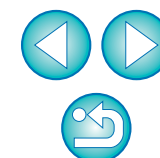
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

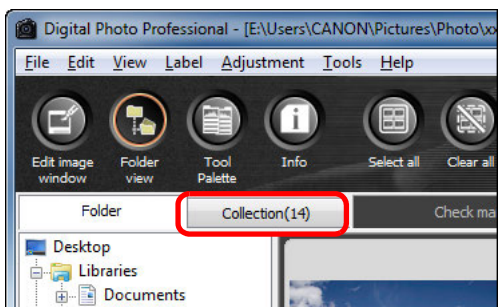
Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index

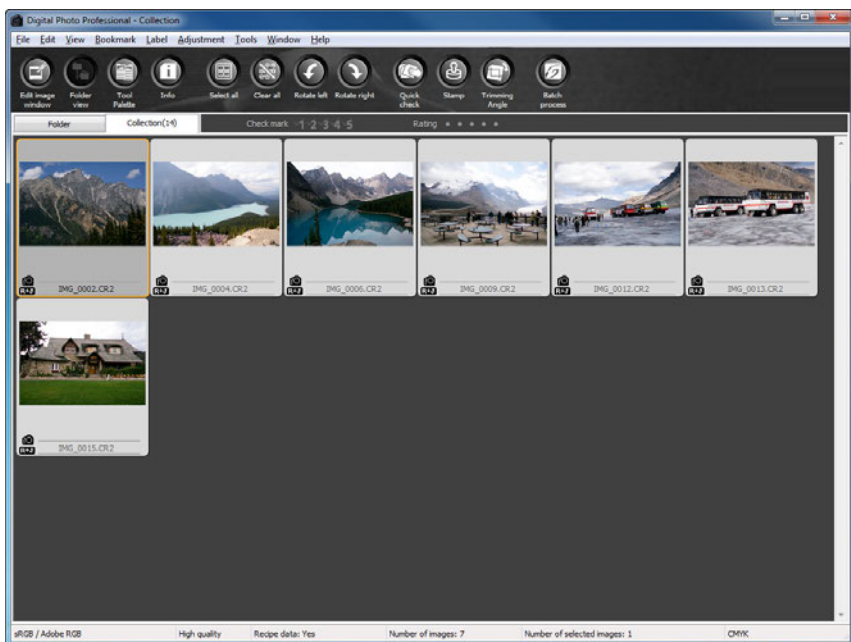


2 Select the [Collection] tab sheet.



→ The selected images are displayed in the [Collection] window.

3 Check displayed images in the [Collection] window.



4 Edit the images.

- You can now edit the images displayed in the [Collection] window.
- Images displayed in the [Collection] window are retained in the [Collection] window even after exiting DPP.



To remove images from the [Collection] window

• Removing randomly selected images

Select the images to be removed in the [Collection] window and then select [Remove from collection] in the [File] menu. (You can also remove images from the [Collection] window by selecting the images, right-clicking with the mouse, and selecting [Remove from collection] from the menu that appears.)

Note that even if you remove an image from the [Collection] window, the original image remains unaffected.

• Removing all images

Select [Clear collection] in the [File] menu. (You can also remove all images from the [Collection] window by selecting one image, right-clicking with the mouse, and selecting [Clear collection] from the menu that appears.)

Note that even if you remove all images from the [Collection] window, the original images remain unaffected.



Modifications to the image are applied to the original image

Modifications made to images added to the [Collection] window are all applied to the original image.



- You can arrange images displayed in the [Collection] window the same way as in the [Folder] window (p.20, p.21). You can maintain the order of rearranged images even after exiting DPP by checkmarking [Retain sort order] on the [View settings] tab sheet in the [Preferences] (p.93).
- You cannot use the following functions in the [Collection] window.
 - Starting of EOS Utility (p.7), or synchronizing of folders with EOS Utility
 - Batch change the file name of images (p.104)

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

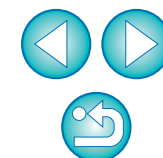
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



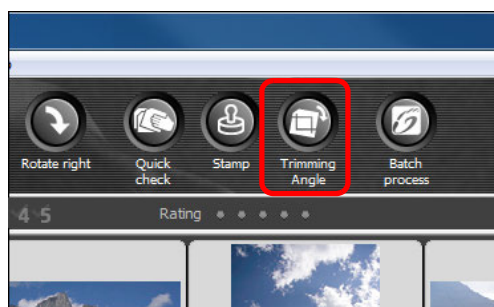
Trimming and Adjusting the Angle of an Image

You can trim only the part of an image you need, or change the composition of an image where an image shot horizontally becomes vertical. You can also adjust the angle of an image before trimming. If you select [Circle] for [Aspect ratio], the area outside the specified range is only masked in black and the image will not be cropped.

1 Select the image to be trimmed.

2 Open the trimming/angle adjustment window.

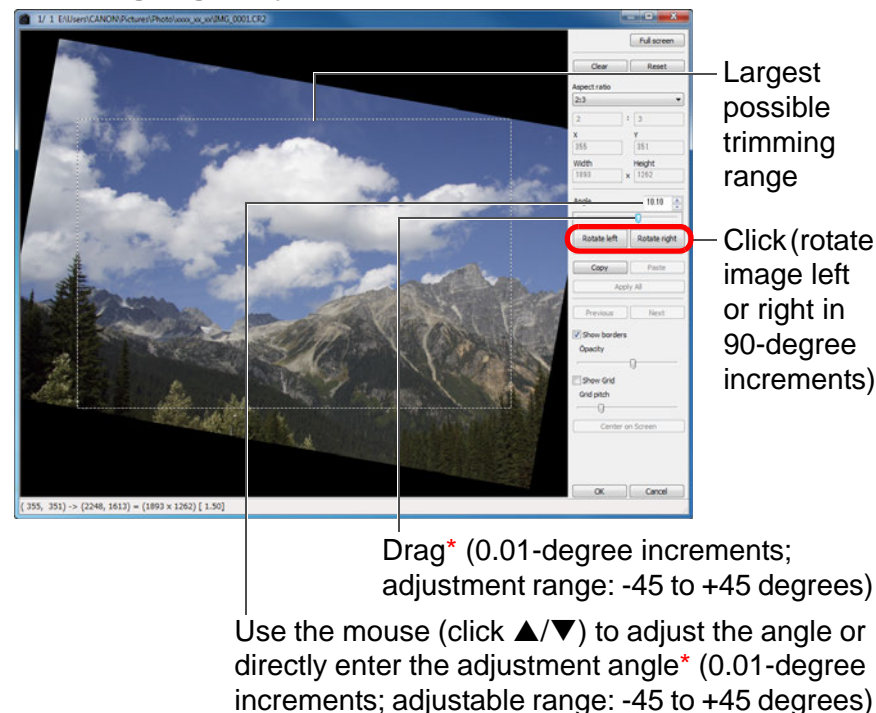
- Click the [Trimming Angle] button.



- The trimming/angle adjustment window appears.
- Editing can be done once the image is displayed clearly in the trimming/angle adjustment window.

3 Adjust the angle of the image as needed.

Trimming/angle adjustment window



Drag* (0.01-degree increments; adjustment range: -45 to +45 degrees)

Use the mouse (click ▲/▼) to adjust the angle or directly enter the adjustment angle* (0.01-degree increments; adjustable range: -45 to +45 degrees)

- * You cannot adjust the angle of images that exceed 9999 x 6666 pixels in size.
- If you click [Center on Screen], you can display the trimming range in the center of the window.
- When correcting lens aberrations, it is recommended to perform lens aberration correction before adjusting the angle of the image.
- If you click the [OK] button after adjusting only the angle of the image, the image will be trimmed at the largest possible trimming range.



When aspect ratio information is attached to an image shot with the EOS-1D X, EOS-1D C, EOS-1D Mark IV, EOS-1Ds Mark III, EOS-1D Mark III, EOS 5D Mark III, EOS 6D, EOS 7D, EOS 70D, EOS 60D, EOS REBEL T5i/700D, EOS REBEL SL1/100D, EOS REBEL T4i/650D, EOS REBEL T3i/600D, EOS REBEL T5/1200D, EOS M2 or EOS M, the trimming range based on the aspect ratio information is displayed.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

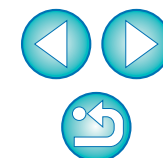
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

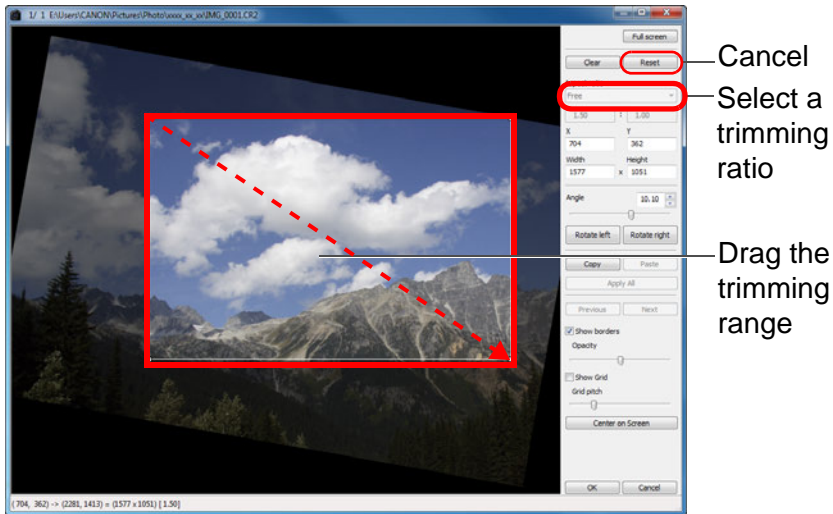
Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

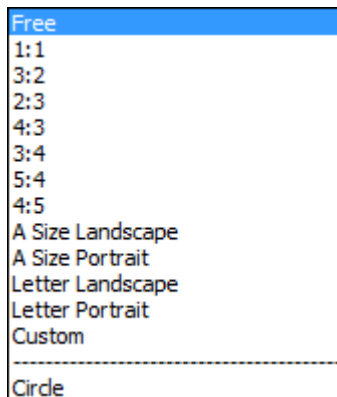
Index



4 Select a ratio and drag the trimming range.



- The trimming range can be moved by dragging.
- You can enlarge or reduce the size of the trimming range by dragging the four corners of the trimming range. (Not available when [Circle] is selected.)
- List of aspect ratios (width : height)



[Free]: You can trim an image to any size, regardless of the selectable ratio.

[Custom]: You can trim an image at the specified ratio.

[Circle]: The area outside the specified range is masked in black. The image is not trimmed.

5 Click the [OK] button to return to the main window.

- The trimming range frame is displayed in the trimmed image (p.129).
- When the trimmed image is displayed in an edit window or the edit image window, it is displayed in its trimmed form.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

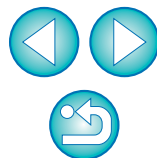
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index





About trimmed images

- **The trimmed range can be reverted to its original condition at any time**

A trimmed image is displayed or printed as a trimmed image. However, since the image is not actually trimmed, you can always revert to the original image by clicking the [Reset] button in the trimming/angle adjustment window or performing the “Re-Editing an Image” procedure (p.43).

- **Display of the trimmed image in each window**

- Main window: The frame showing the trimming range is displayed on the image (p.129).
- Edit window: The image is displayed in its trimmed condition.
- Edit image window: The thumbnail image is the same as the main window display, and the enlarged image is the same as the edit window display.

- **Printing a trimmed image**

You can print as a trimmed image by printing it in DPP.

- **The image becomes a trimmed image when converted and saved**

The trimmed RAW image actually becomes a trimmed image when converted to a JPEG or TIFF image and saved (p.42).

- **Images that have aspect ratio set will be displayed as trimmed images**

When aspect ratio information is attached to a RAW image shot with EOS-1D X, EOS-1D C, EOS-1D Mark IV, EOS-1Ds Mark III, EOS-1D Mark III, EOS 5D Mark III, EOS 6D, EOS 7D, EOS 70D, EOS 60D, EOS REBEL T5i/700D, EOS REBEL SL1/100D, EOS REBEL T4i/650D, EOS REBEL T3i/600D, EOS REBEL T5/1200D, EOS M2 or EOS M, the set trimming range based on the aspect ratio information is displayed. Since the image is not actually trimmed, you can change the trimming range or revert to the condition before trimming. However, when a JPEG image is shot in a [4:3], [16:9] or [1:1] aspect ratio set with the EOS 5D Mark III, EOS 6D, EOS 70D, EOS 60D, EOS REBEL T5i/700D, EOS REBEL SL1/100D, EOS REBEL T4i/650D, EOS REBEL T3i/600D, EOS REBEL T5/1200D, EOS M2 or EOS M, its trimming range cannot be changed nor reverted to the condition before trimming, since the image is actually trimmed and saved in the set trimming ratio.*

When reverting to the condition before trimming is performed based on the aspect ratio information at the time of shooting, click the [Reset] button. Also, if you want to cancel all the trimming range, click the [Clear] button (p.138).

* When shooting with EOS 5D Mark III and [Add cropping information] is set in Custom Functions, aspect ratio information is only set and the image is not actually trimmed, even for JPEG images.



Convenient functions of the trimming/angle adjustment window

- **Switch between screens using the keyboard**

You can also switch between full screen display/normal screen display by pressing the <Alt> + <Enter> keys or the <F11> key.

- **Operate using the menu**

Each operation can also be performed with the menu which appears when you right-click with the mouse on the image.

- **Apply the trimmed range to another image**

You can apply the trimmed range to another image by clicking the [Copy] button to copy the trimmed range, displaying another image and then clicking the [Paste] button.

To batch apply a copied trimming range to multiple images, select the trimmed image and the multiple images to which you want to apply the trimmed range in the main window, and display the trimming/angle adjustment window. With the trimmed image displayed, click the [Copy] button and then click the [Apply All] button. This will apply the trimming range to all the images selected when the trimming/angle adjustment window is displayed.

To select multiple images in the main window, click the images while holding down the <Ctrl> key. To select multiple consecutive images, click on the first image, and then click on the last image while holding down the <Shift> key.



For images shot with ISO speed range expansion set, noticeable noise may make it difficult to view image details in the trimming/angle adjustment window, so using this function is not recommended.



For a list of the trimming/angle adjustment window functions, see p.138.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

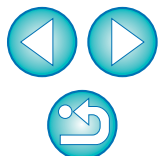
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



Applying Adjustment Contents to Other Images

You can copy the image adjustment contents (recipe) adjusted with the tool palette and apply it to other images.

You can efficiently adjust multiple images by adjusting one image and applying the results of this to multiple images shot in similar shooting environment.

1 Select the adjusted image and then select the [Edit] menu ▶ [Copy recipe to clipboard].

→ The recipe is copied.

2 Select the image to which the recipe is to be applied and then select the [Edit] menu ▶ [Paste recipe].

→ The recipe is applied to the image.



The recipe (p.99) can be saved as a separate file from the image and loaded and applied to another image (p.100).

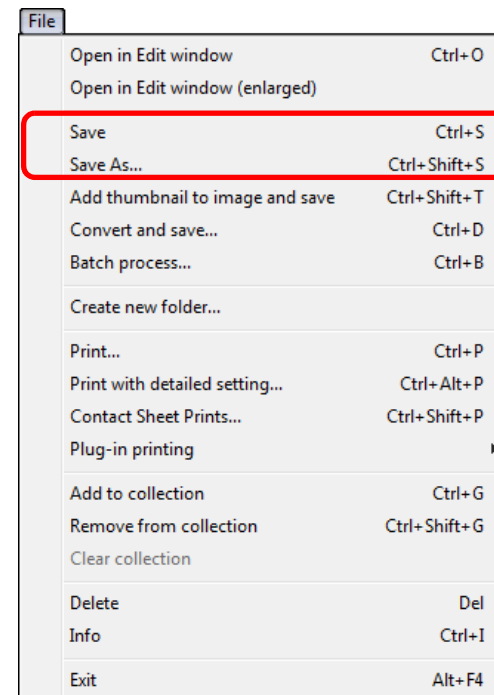
Saving Editing Results

Saving Editing Contents to a RAW Image

All the contents (recipe) adjusted with the tool palette as well as the trimmed (p.38) range information can be saved to a RAW image or to a separate RAW image.

The adjustments made with the tool palette (p.56 to p.69) and the dust erase processing explained in Chapter 3 (p.75 to p.79) can also be saved in a RAW image.

Select the [File] menu ▶ desired item.



→ Your adjustments are saved to the image.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

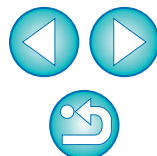
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

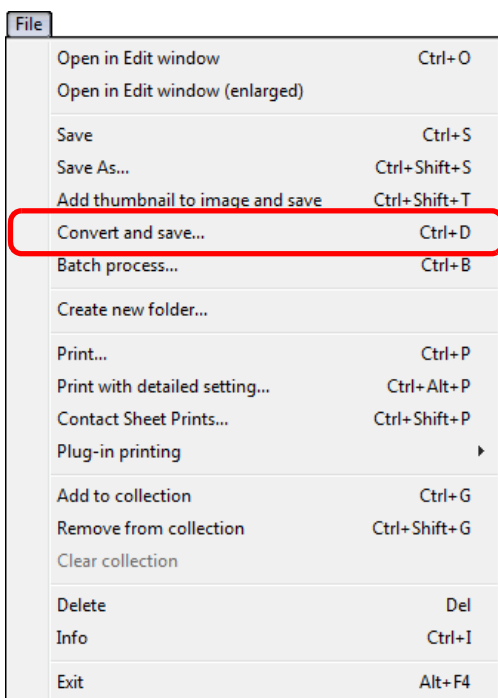
Index



Saving as a JPEG or TIFF Image

To view, edit and print a RAW image with software other than DPP, convert to a more versatile JPEG or TIFF image and save. The image is saved as a separate image, so the RAW image remains unaffected.

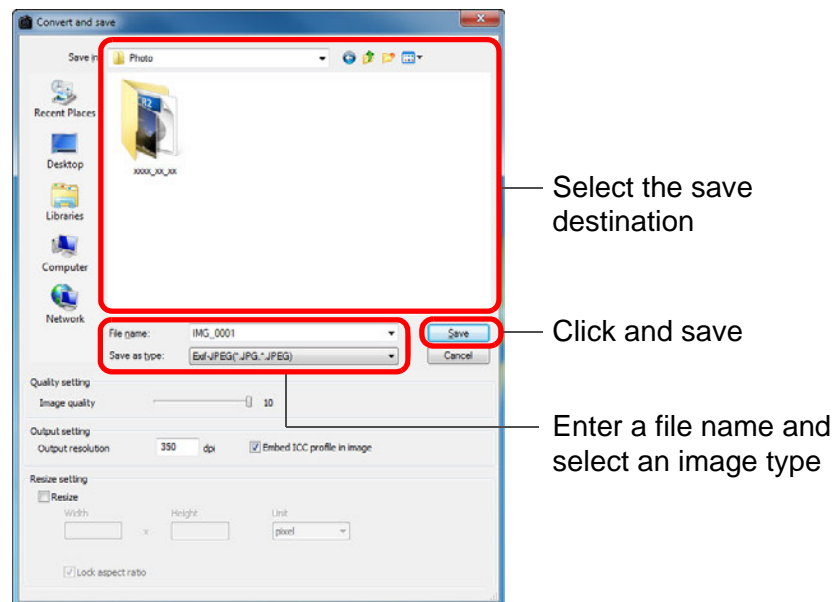
- 1 Select the image to be converted.
- 2 Select the [File] menu ▶ [Convert and save].



→ The [Convert and save] window appears.

- 3 Specify the necessary settings, and then click the [Save] button.

- By default, the image is converted and saved to a JPEG image with the highest image quality, without changing the image size. Change the settings according to your requirements.



→ The RAW image is converted to a JPEG or TIFF image which is then saved as a new image in the specified save destination.



To save the developing/editing results for the version you are currently using

DPP's RAW image development processing technology is continually being improved upon so that you can perform the latest image processing more appropriately.

Meaning that, between two differing versions of DPP, processing results may differ very slightly even if with the same RAW image data, or the results of significant editing of RAW image data with an attached recipe may be different. When you want to save the developing or editing results of the version you are currently using as it is, it is recommended that you convert and save images as JPEG image or TIFF images.



- By saving as explained on this page, a trimmed image (p.38) or dust-erased image explained in Chapter 3 (p.75 to p.79) actually becomes a trimmed image or dust-erased image.
- You can reduce the noise characteristic of JPEG images which occurs when you convert and save an image as a JPEG (p.92, p.93).
- You can batch convert and save multiple images (p.102).
- For a list of [Convert and save] window functions, see p.137.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

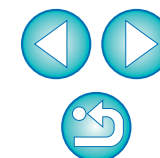
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



Re-Editing an Image

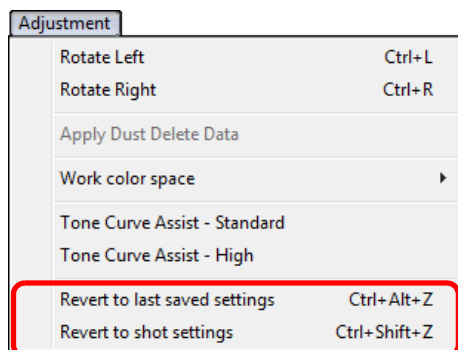
Only the image processing conditions are changed in images adjusted with the tool palette (p.25 to p.33), so the “original image data itself” remains unaffected.

Also, the trimming range information of a trimmed image (p.38) is simply saved to the image.

For this reason, you can undo any adjustments saved (p.41) to the image, trimming information, and revert to the condition when last saved, or when the image was shot.

1 Select the image that is to be re-edited.

2 Select the [Adjustment] menu ▶ desired item.



→ The image reverts to the conditions of the selected item.

Printing an Image

This section explains how to print high-resolution photographs easily with Canon inkjet printers compatible with the Canon printing software, Easy-PhotoPrint EX or Easy-PhotoPrint. It also explains how to print photographs using other printers.

Proceed to the page for the printer you are using.

- Printing Photographs with Canon Inkjet Printers Compatible with Easy-PhotoPrint EX ([this page](#))
- Printing Photographs with Canon Inkjet Printers Compatible with Easy-PhotoPrint ([p.46](#))
- Printing Photographs with a Printer other than Canon Inkjet Printers ([p.49](#))

Printing Photographs with Canon Inkjet Printers Compatible with Easy-PhotoPrint EX

You can perform the following types of photograph printing with Canon inkjet printers compatible with Easy-PhotoPrint EX (hereinafter, “EPP EX”) :

- Simple printing of RAW images
- Printing with faithful colors

To perform this printing, it is necessary to first install EPP EX version 1.1 or later on your computer.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

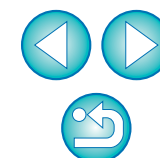
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

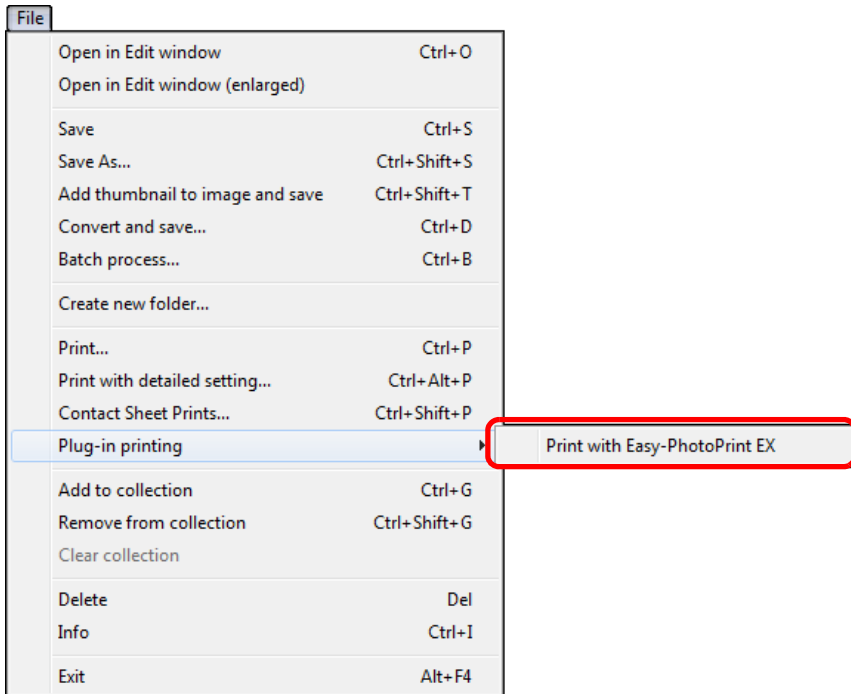
Index



1 Select the image to be printed.

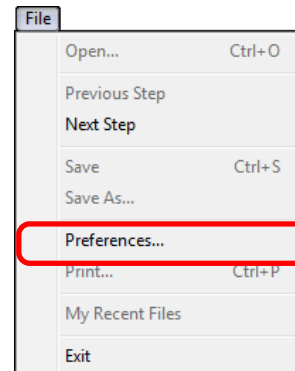
2 Start up EPP EX.

- Select the [File] menu ▶ [Plug-in printing] ▶ [Print with Easy-PhotoPrint EX].



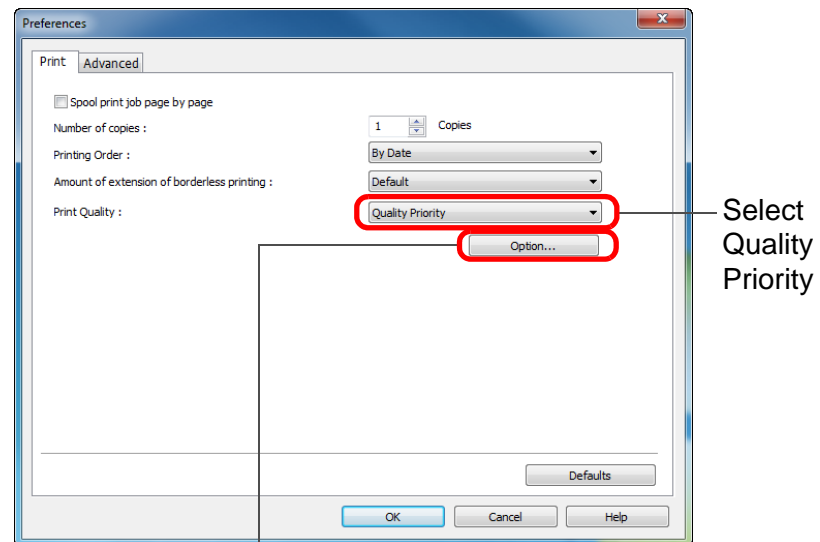
→ EPP EX starts up.

3 In the EPP EX window, select the [File] menu ▶ [Preferences].



→ The [Preferences] window appears.

4 In [Print Quality], select [Quality Priority], click the [Option] button. In the dialog box that appears, checkmark [Print with the best quality].



Click and checkmark [Print with the best quality]

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

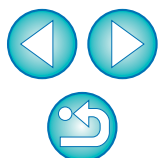
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index

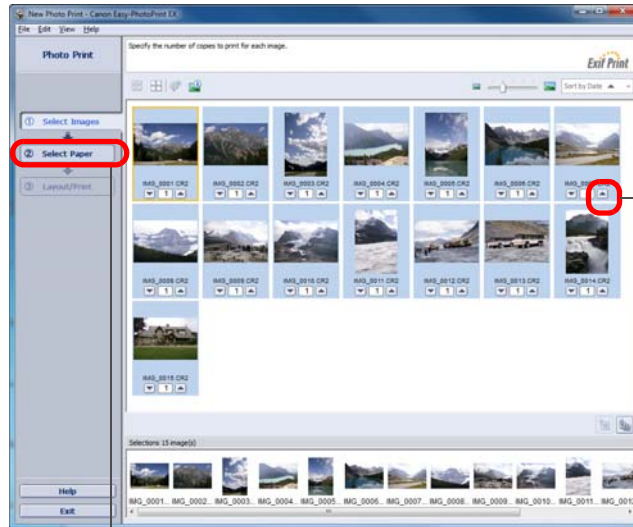


5 Select the [Advanced] tab, checkmark [Enable ICC profile], and then click the [OK] button.

→ The [Preferences] window closes.

6 Specify the number of sheets to be printed, and then click [Select Paper].

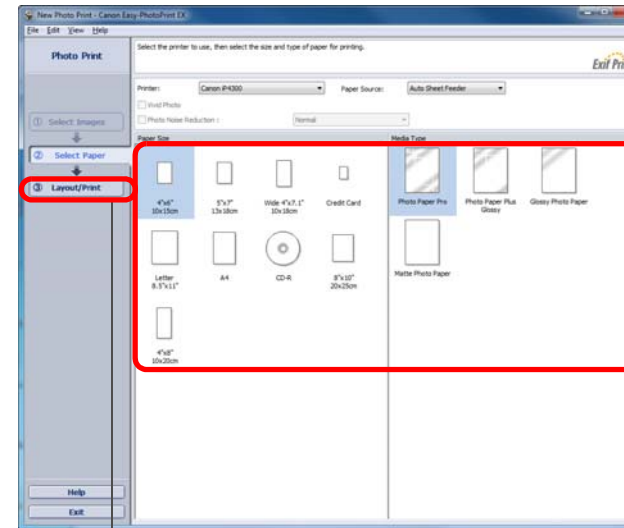
EPP EX



Click to increase the number of sheets to be printed

Click

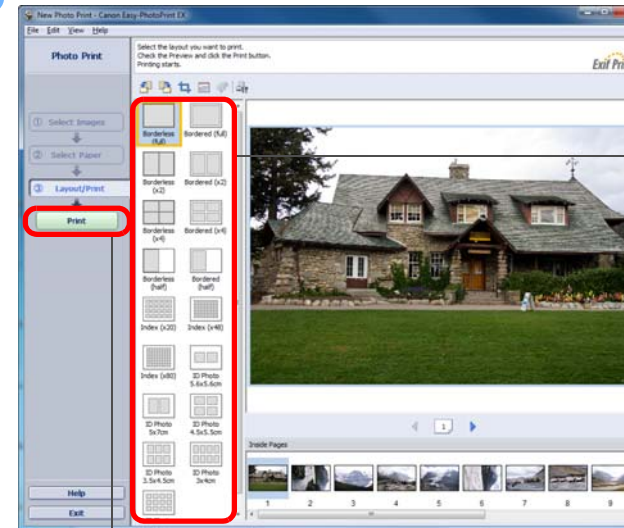
7 Select the paper type, and then click the [Layout/Print] button.



Select the paper size and type

Click

8 Specify the layout, and then click the [Print] button.



Select the layout

Click to print

→ Printing begins.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

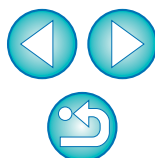
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



? Additional information

● Print up to 1000 images at a time

You can print up to 1000 images selected in DPP at a time. When printing more than 1000 images, divide the printing into several jobs.

● The printed image's color is not what you expected

In the EPP EX window, select [Preferences] in the [File] menu and then click the [Advanced] tab in the [Preferences] window to display the [Advanced] tab sheet.

In the [Advanced] tab sheet, select [Enable ICC profile] in [Color correction for printing] and try printing using the [Perceptual] setting (p.147).

💡 Advantages of printing with EPP EX

● Printing with faithful colors

When the color space (p.147) is set to sRGB or Adobe RGB (p.79, p.96), this color space is automatically transmitted from DPP to EPP EX, allowing you to print with faithful colors.

When the color space is set to Apple RGB or ColorMatch RGB, the image is printed with an sRGB color space, and when set to Wide Gamut RGB, with an Adobe RGB color space.

● Printing with a wide color reproduction

When the color space setting (p.79, p.96) is set to Adobe RGB and the image is printed with a Canon inkjet printer, the color reproduction range is wider, and green and blue in particular are reproduced vividly.

📄 DPP is also compatible for printing with Easy-PhotoPrint Pro (p.89).

Printing Photographs with Canon Inkjet Printers Compatible with Easy-PhotoPrint

You can perform the following types of photograph printing with Canon inkjet printers compatible with Easy-PhotoPrint (hereinafter, "EPP"):

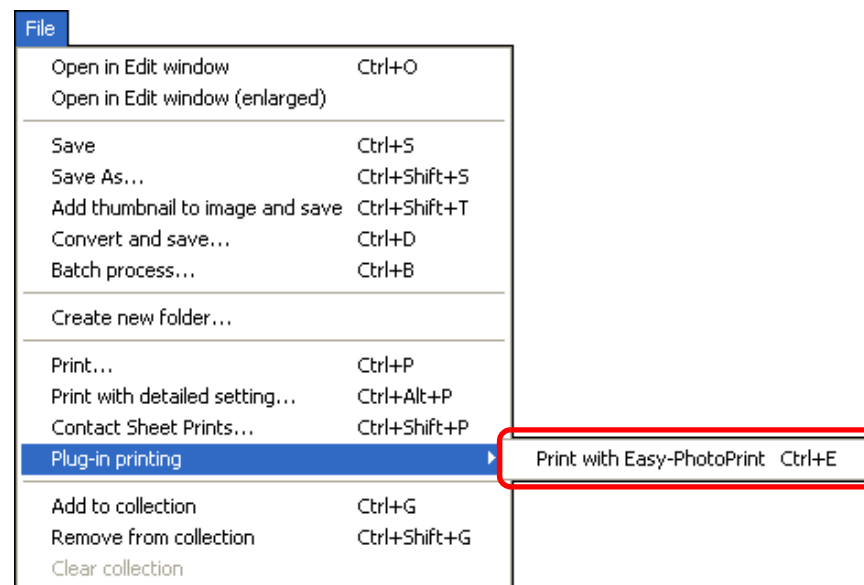
- Simple printing of RAW images
- High quality printing using the color reproduction range of Adobe RGB and a Canon inkjet printer

To perform this printing, it is necessary to first install EPP version 3.5 or later on your computer. When using an Easy-PhotoPrint EX-compatible inkjet printer, it is recommended that you print using Easy-PhotoPrint EX (p.43).

1 Select the image to be printed.

2 Start up EPP.

- Select the [File] menu ▶ [Plug-in printing] ▶ [Print with Easy-PhotoPrint].



→ EPP starts up.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

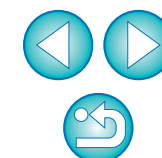
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index

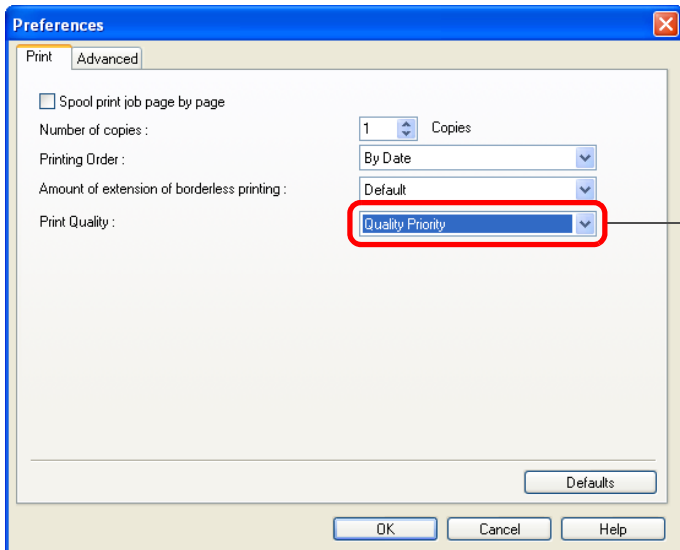


3 In the EPP window, select the [File] menu ▶ [Preferences].



→ The [Preferences] window appears.

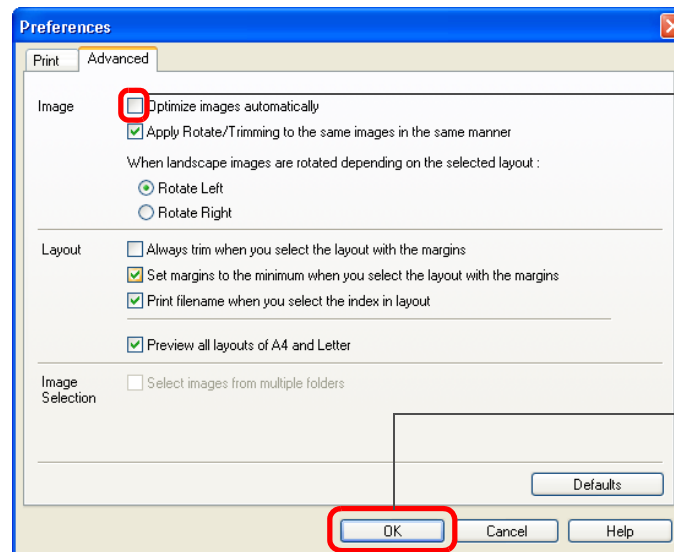
4 In [Print Quality], select [Quality Priority].



Select
Quality
Priority

5 Select the [Advanced] tab sheet and check that the EPP image compensation function is disabled.

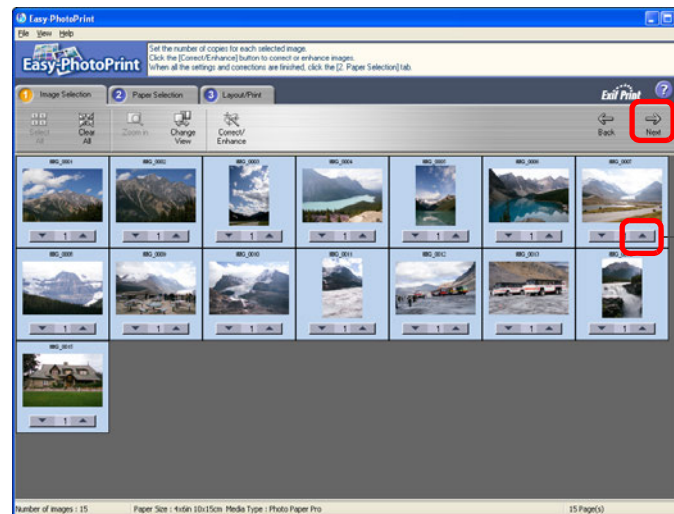
- If not disabled, the operation of the EPP image compensation function may prevent images being printed with faithful color reproduction.



If checked,
click to
remove the
check mark

Click to
close the
window

6 Specify the number of sheets to be printed, and then click [Next].



Click

Click to
increase the
number of
sheets to be
printed

Introduction

Contents at
a Glance

Basic
Operation

Advanced
Operation

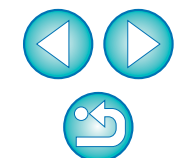
Advanced
Image Editing
and Printing

Processing
Large Numbers
of Images

Editing
JPEG/TIFF
Images

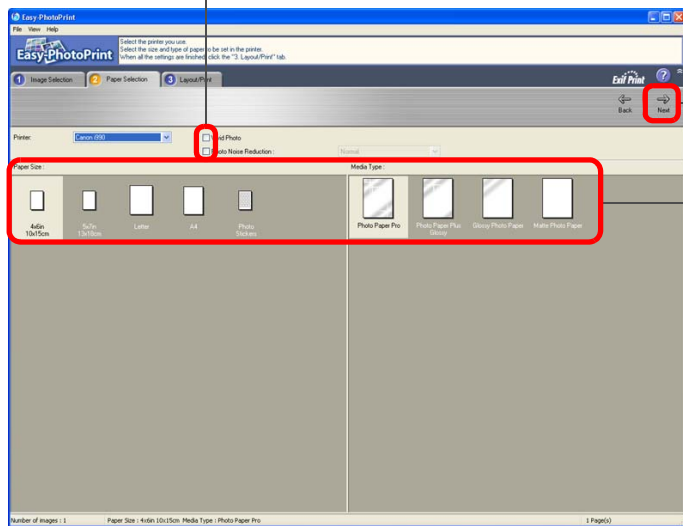
Reference

Index



7 Check that the image compensation function is disabled, select the paper type and then click [Next].

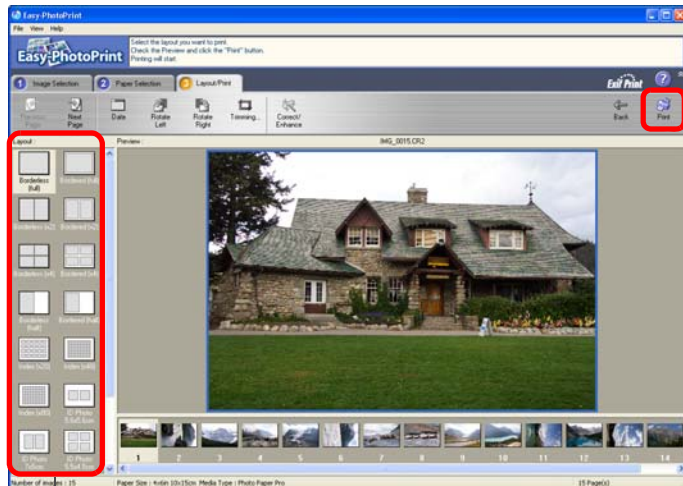
If checked, click to remove the check marks



Click

Select the paper type

8 Specify the layout, and then click [Print].



Click to print

Select the layout

→ Printing begins.

? Additional information

- **Print up to 1000 images at a time**
You can print up to 1000 images selected in DPP at a time. When printing more than 1000 images, divide the printing into several jobs.
- **The printed image's color is not what you expected**
Change the [Rendering intents when using Easy-PhotoPrint] (p.95) to [Perceptual] (p.147) and print.

💡 Printing with a wide color reproduction

When the color space (p.79, p.95) is set to Adobe RGB and the image is printed with Canon inkjet printer, the color reproduction area widens, and green and blue in particular are reproduced vividly. When the color space is set to Apple RGB or ColorMatch RGB, the image is printed with an sRGB color space, and when set to Wide Gamut RGB, with an Adobe RGB color space.

📄 DPP is also compatible for printing with Easy-PhotoPrint Pro (p.89).

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

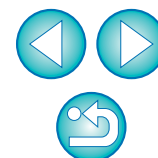
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index

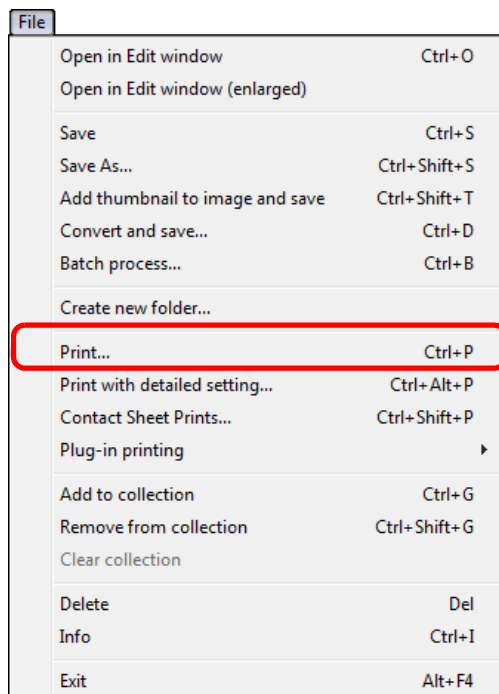


Printing Photographs with a Printer other than Canon Inkjet Printers

You can print one image on one sheet of paper.

1 Select the image to be printed.

2 Select the [File] menu ▶ [Print].



→ The [Print] dialog box appears.

3 Set to photograph printing and print.

- Specify the optimum settings for photograph printing in the printer's print settings dialog box and click the [OK] button.
- Printing begins.

Organizing Images

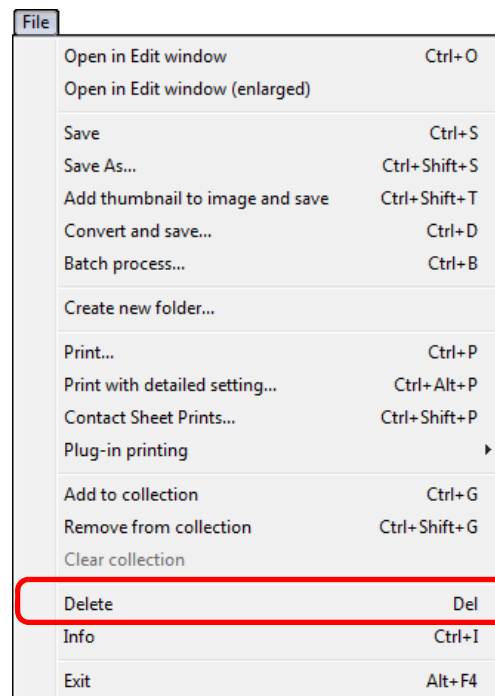
This section explains how to delete unwanted images, create folders for saving images, move or copy images, etc., and organize your images.

Deleting an Unwanted Image

Be aware that you cannot recover deleted images.

1 Select an unwanted image in the main window.

2 Select the [File] menu ▶ [Delete].



→ The [Confirm File Delete] dialog box appears.

3 Click the [Yes] button.

- The image is moved to the [Recycle Bin] and is deleted from DPP.
- The images are deleted completely from your computer when the [Empty Recycle Bin] operation is performed on the [Recycle Bin] on the desktop.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

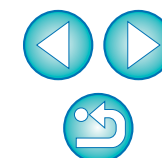
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

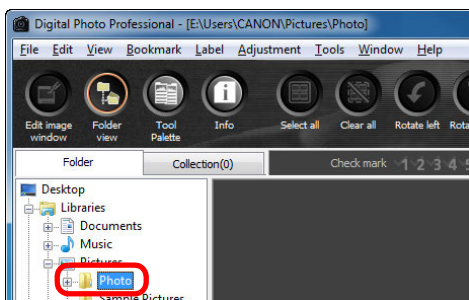
Index



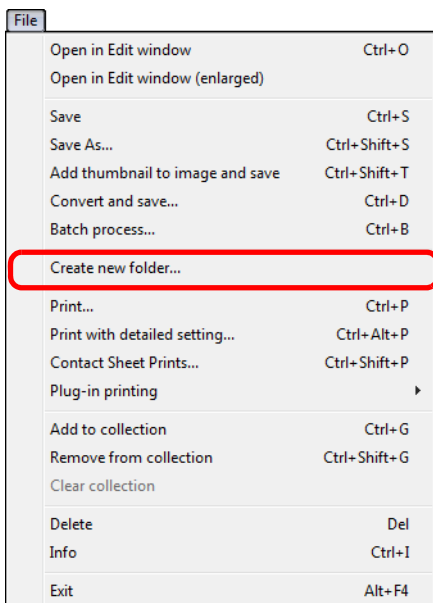
Creating a Folder for Saving Images

You can create a folder for sorting images.

- 1 In the folder area, select the location where the new folder is to be created.



- 2 Select the [File] menu ▶ [Create new folder].



→ The [Create new folder] dialog box appears.

- 3 Enter a folder name and click the [OK] button.

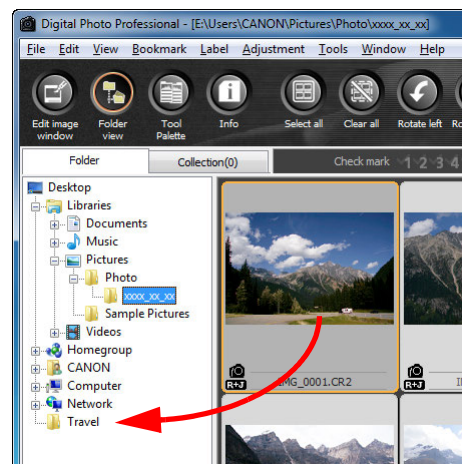
→ The new folder is created in the folder selected in step 1.

Moving Images

You can move or copy images to a separate folder and sort by shooting date or themes.

Drag the image to be moved or copied.

- **To move:** Drag the image and release when the image is in the destination folder.
- **To copy:** Drag the image while holding down the <Ctrl> key and release when the image is in the destination folder.



→ The images are moved or copied to the destination folder.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

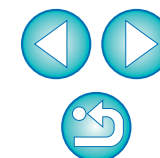
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index

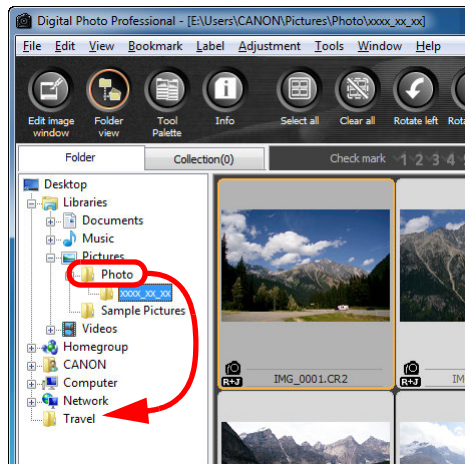


Moving Images in Folders

You can move or copy folders that contain images, and sort the images by folders.

Drag the folder to be moved or copied.

- **To move:** Drag the folder and release when the folder is in the destination folder.
- **To copy:** Drag the folder while holding down the <Ctrl> key and release when the folder is in the destination folder.

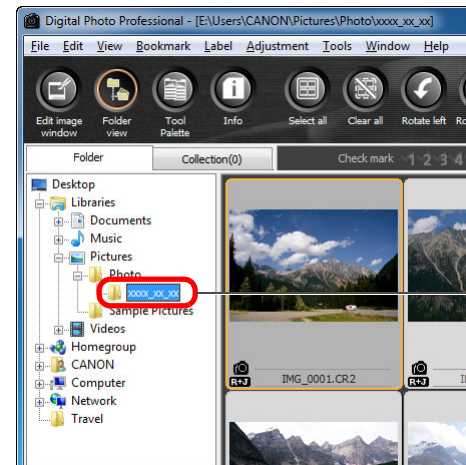


→ The folders are moved or copied to the destination folder.

Registering Frequent-Use Folders (Bookmark Registration)

You can register frequently used folders in bookmarks. Registered folders appear by clicking the [Bookmark] menu.

1 Select the folder for which a bookmark is to be registered.



Select

2 Select the [Bookmark] menu ▶ [Add].

- The folder selected in step 1 is registered in the [Bookmark] menu.
- Select a registered folder from the [Bookmark] menu to display images in the selected folder in the main window.

Organizing Bookmarks

You can change a folder name or delete a folder registered in [Bookmark].

Select the [Bookmark] menu ▶ [Organize].

- The [Sort bookmarks] window appears and you can change folder names or delete folders.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

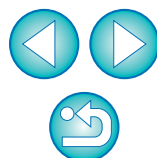
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



3 Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Various preferences including advanced image adjustment, automatic dust erasure processing, various printing functions for printing out work, and color management are explained here, geared to the user who is competent in the handling of third-party image editing software.

Adjusting While Comparing with the Original Image...	53
Changing How the Window is Split.....	53
Adjusting by Comparing Multiple Images.....	54
Displaying an Area Beyond the Set Range as a Warning Indicator (Highlight/Shadow Warning)	55
Performing Advanced Editing.....	56
Adjusting White Balance with Color Temperature	56
Tuning White Balance with Color Wheel	56
Adjusting Dynamic Range	57
Adjusting Brightness of Shadows/Highlights	57
Tone Curve Adjustment.....	58
Example of a Tone Curve Operation	59
Using a Picture Style File.....	59
About the RGB Tool Palette	60
Using the Auto Lighting Optimizer.....	61
Reducing Noise.....	62
Correcting Lens Aberration	63
Compatible Cameras.....	63
Compatible Lenses.....	63
Making Corrections.....	65
Effects of Distortion Aberration Correction for Fisheye Lenses.....	66
About Shooting Distance Information Slider.....	68
Correcting Multiple Images at a Time.....	69

Using the Digital Lens Optimizer	70
Compatible Cameras.....	70
Compatible Lenses.....	70
Using the Digital Lens Optimizer	72
Performing Automatic Dust Erasure Processing	75
Compatible Cameras.....	75
Automatic Dust Erasure Processing in the Main Window...	76
Manually Erasing Dust (Repair Function).....	77
Erasing Unwanted Parts of an Image (Copy Stamp Function).....	79
Transferring a RAW Image to Photoshop.....	79
Setting Work Color Space	79
Compositing Images.....	80
Compositing Methods.....	83
Creating HDR (High Dynamic Range) Images	83
Starting Up Map Utility.....	86
Printing with Shooting Information.....	87
Printing a Thumbnail List (Contact Sheet Printing)	88
Printing RAW Images on a High-End Canon Printer ...	89
Printing with a High-End Canon Inkjet Printer	89
Printing with DPP and Easy-PhotoPrint Pro	89
Printing with DPP and Print Studio Pro	90
Printing with a Large-Format Canon Printer	91
Specifying Preferences.....	91
General Settings.....	92
View Settings.....	93
Tool Palette	94
Color Management.....	95

Introduction

Contents at
a Glance

Basic
Operation

Advanced
Operation

Advanced
Image Editing
and Printing

Processing
Large Numbers
of Images

Editing
JPEG/TIFF
Images

Reference

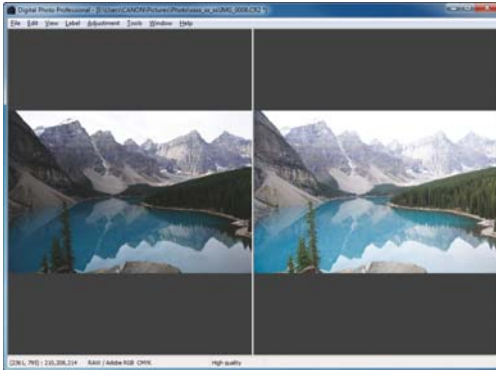
Index



Adjusting While Comparing with the Original Image

You can display before and after versions of an adjusted image in the same window and adjust while checking the adjustment results.

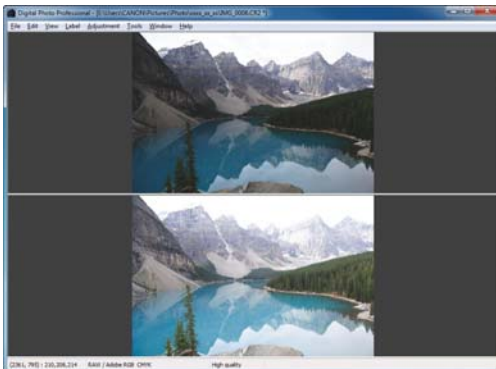
- 1 In the edit window, select the [View] menu ▶ [Before/after comparison].



- The image divides into a left and right window.
- The window on the right shows the image after editing.

2 Change the image display.

- Select the [View] menu ▶ [Change up/down/left/right] ▶ [Up/down].



- The layout of the two images changes to top and bottom.
- The bottom window shows the image after editing.

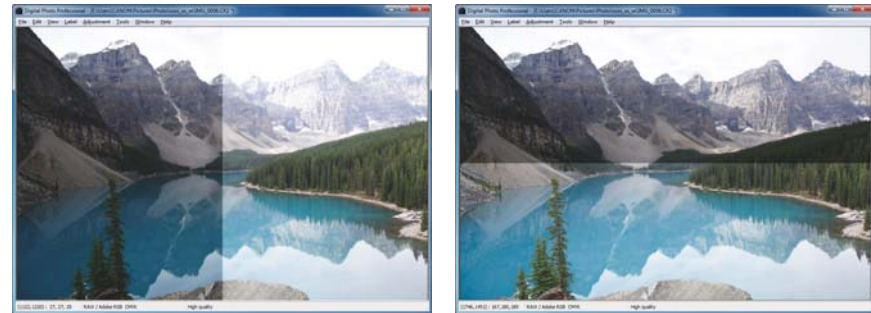


Images can also be displayed in the edit image window by the same operation.

Changing How the Window is Split

You can change the display of the image to a single image split in two.

- In the edit window, select the [View] menu ▶ [Display mode] ▶ [Split single image].



- One image is divided and displayed on the left and right or top and bottom.
- To switch between top and bottom, and left and right, perform the same operation as step 2 on the left page.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

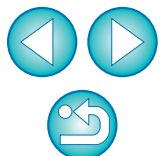
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



Adjusting by Comparing Multiple Images

You can synchronize the display position of multiple edit windows and adjust images while comparing them with each other.

1 In the edit window, display the multiple images to be compared.

2 Align the images.

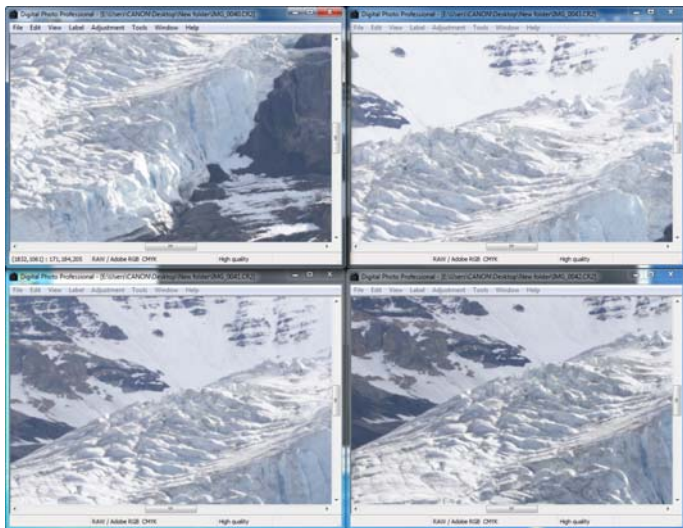
- Select the [Window] menu ▶ [Arrange vertically] or [Arrange horizontally].

→ The edit windows are aligned.

3 Select the [Window] menu ▶ [Synchronize].

4 Enlarge the image.

- Enlarge and display any of the edit windows.



→ The other edit windows will also be displayed in the same position/enlargement ratio.

5 Move the display position.

→ If you move the enlargement display position in one of the edit windows, the enlargement display position will also change in the other edit windows.

- To cancel synchronization, select the [Window] menu ▶ [Synchronize] again.



Synchronization only applies to the enlargement display position and the enlargement ratio. Adjustments to the images are not synchronized.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

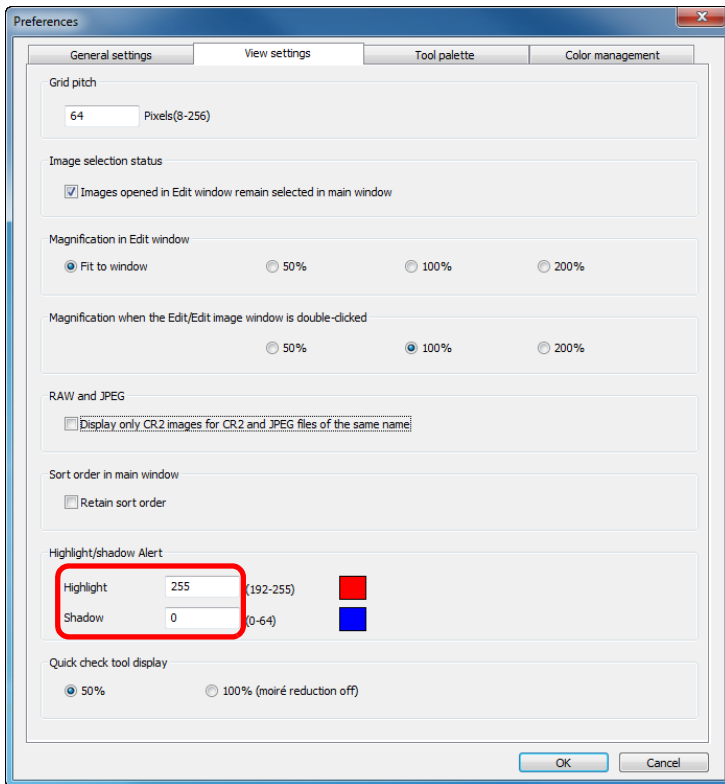
Index



Displaying an Area Beyond the Set Range as a Warning Indicator (Highlight/Shadow Warning)

You can set up a warning indicator in both the highlighted part and the shaded part, which is effective for checking the light and dark areas and preventing excessive adjustment of an image. Where the area on the image has exceeded that set range, you can display the highlighted part in red and the shaded part in blue.

- 1 Select the [Tools] menu ▶ [Preferences].
- 2 Select the [View settings] tab sheet.
- 3 Enter the warning value for [Highlight] and [Shadow].



- 4 Click the [OK] button to close the window.

5 Display the edit window.

6 Select the [View] menu ▶ [Highlight]. Similarly, select [Shadow].

→ On the opened image, if there is an area that exceeds the value entered in step 3, the highlighted part of that area is displayed in red and the shaded part is displayed in blue.



You can also display the warning with the same operation in the edit image window.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

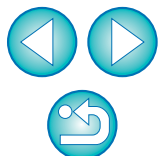
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



Performing Advanced Editing

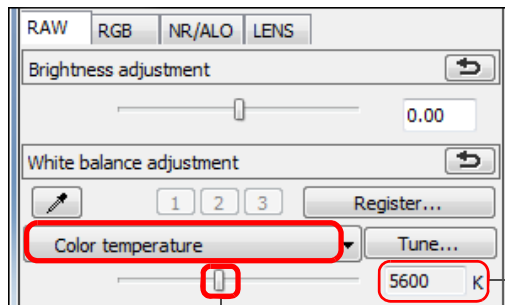
This section explains how to use the advanced adjustment function on the tool palette in the edit window.

Adjustments made using the high-level functions of the [RAW] and [RGB] tool palettes, as well as the functions of the [NR/ALO] and [LENS] tool palette are explained in this section.

Adjusting White Balance with Color Temperature


White balance can be adjusted by setting a numerical value for color temperature.

- 1 Select [Color temperature] from the [White balance adjustment] list box.
- 2 Set the color temperature.



Drag the slider left or right

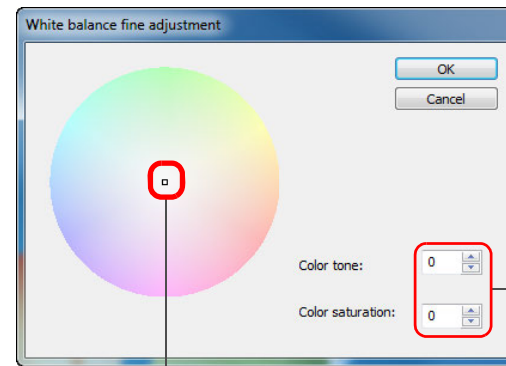
Displays the value of the setting

 The adjustment range is 2500 to 10000K (in 100K increments).

Tuning White Balance with Color Wheel



White balance can be tuned by moving a cursor in the color direction shown in the color wheel.


- 1 In the [RAW] tool palette, click the [Tune] button.
- 2 Tune by dragging a point.
 - You can also fine-tune your adjustment by directly entering the adjustment values.



Drag

Enter the values to set

- ! • To register adjustment results as personal white balance (p.101), select a setting other than [ ()] from the [White balance adjustment] list box, and then tune with the color wheel. You cannot register the adjustment results as personal white balance when you have selected [ ()] from the list box and have done any tuning.
- You cannot change or adjust white balance with multiple-exposure RAW images created on the camera.

 The adjustment range of color tone is 0 to 359 (1 increment in numerical value input), and the adjustment range of color saturation is 0 to 255 (1 increment in numerical value input).

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

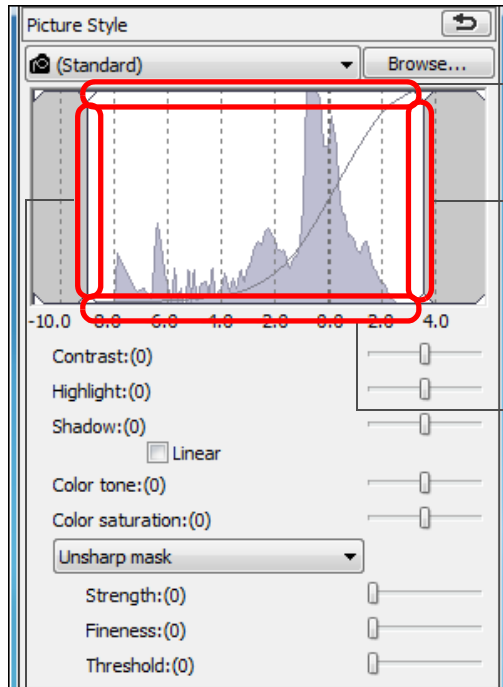
Reference

Index



Adjusting Dynamic Range

Dynamic range (width of gradation expression) from dark points to bright points in an image can be adjusted.



Move downwards
Output highlight points

Move to the left or right
Input highlight points

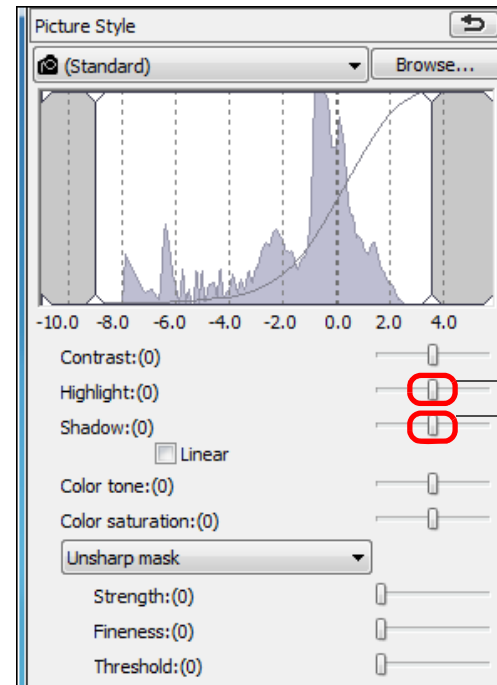
Move upwards
Output shadow points

Move to the left or right
Input shadow points

- The horizontal axis shows the input level and the vertical axis shows the output level.

Adjusting Brightness of Shadows/Highlights

You can adjust the brightness of shadows and highlights in an image. By adjusting shadows and highlights in an image with a restricted brightness, you can reduce the effects of clipping in shadows and highlights.



Drag the sliders left or right

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

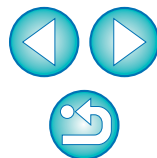
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

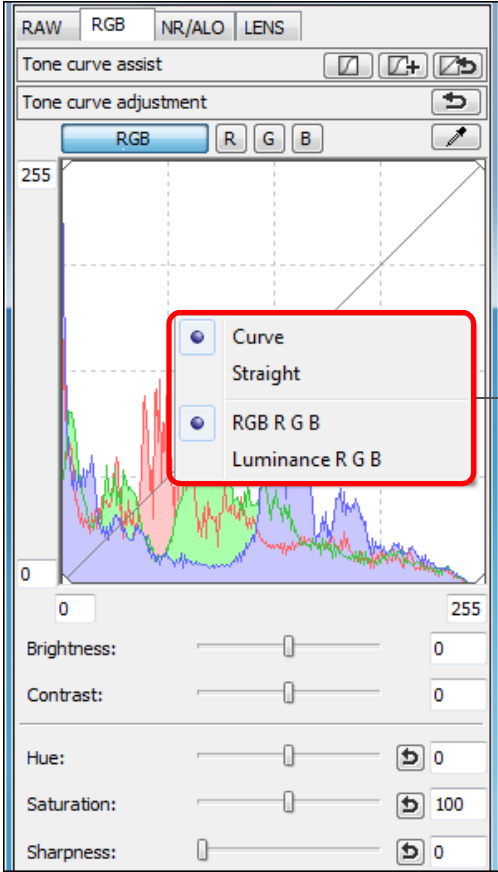
Index



Tone Curve Adjustment

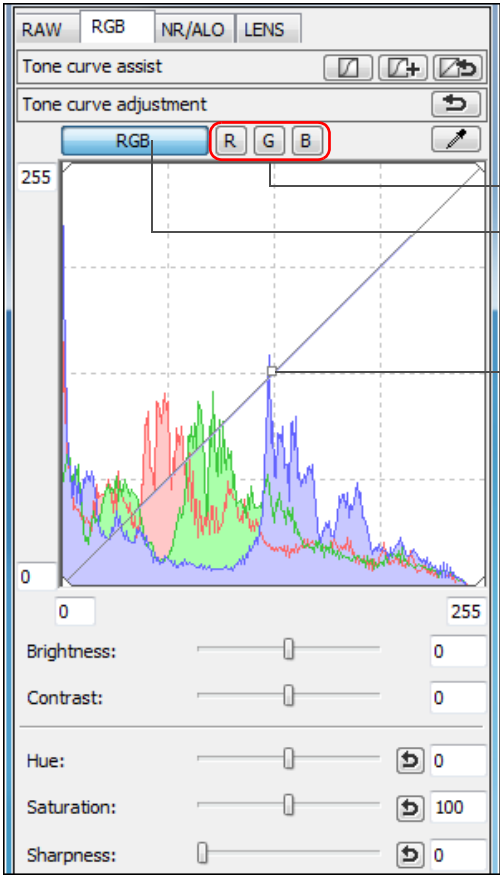
You can adjust the brightness, contrast and color of a specific area by changing the tone curve (p.146).

- 1 In the tool palette, select the [RGB] tab sheet.
- 2 Select the tone curve mode and interpolation method.



Right-click with the mouse inside the graph to display the menu

3 Make adjustments.



Adjusts each channel
Batch adjusts RGB

Click to add a [] (point)
Adjust by dragging []

- The horizontal axis shows the input level and the vertical axis shows the output level.
- The maximum number of [] is 8.
- To delete a [], either press the key or double-click on the [].

- The histogram display changes according to adjustment. You can also fix the histogram display to the display before any adjustments (p.94).
- The tone curve mode and interpolation method for a tone curve can also be changed in [Preferences] (p.94).

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

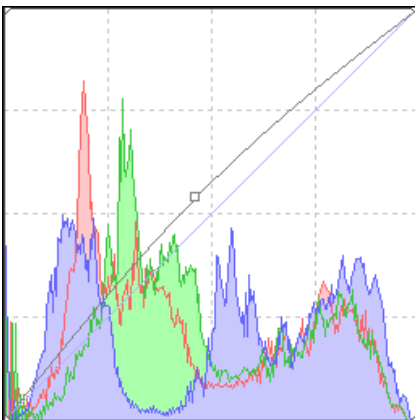
Reference

Index

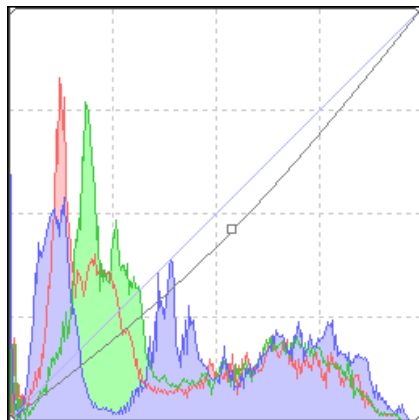


Example of a Tone Curve Operation

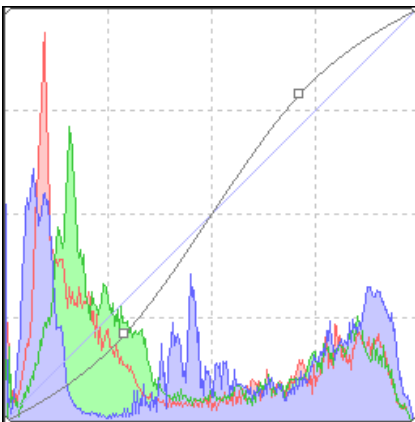
Makes medium tones brighter



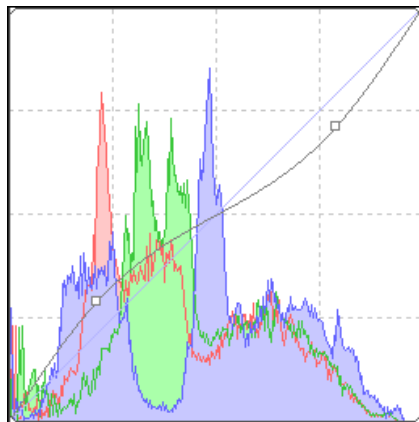
Makes medium tones darker



Makes tones sharper



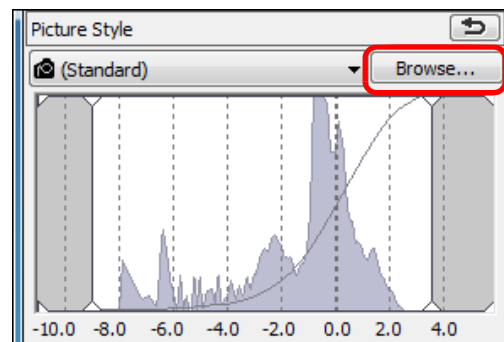
Makes tones softer



Using a Picture Style File

A Picture Style file is an extended function file of a Picture Style. With DPP, you can apply to RAW images Picture Style files that you have downloaded from Canon Web site effective for various scenes or Picture Style files created with "Picture Style Editor". When using a Picture Style file, save it to your computer beforehand.

- 1 Display the image to which the Picture Style file is to be applied in the edit window (p.11).
- 2 Select the [RAW] tab sheet in the tool palette, and click the [Browse] button.



→ The [Open] dialog box appears.

- 3 Select a Picture Style file saved on your computer, and click the [Open] button.

→ The Picture Style file you selected is applied to an image.

- To apply a different Picture Style file, follow the procedure from step 2 again.



The Picture Style files that you can apply to the camera are files with the ".PF2" or ".PF3" extension only. Furthermore, you cannot apply Picture Style files with the extension ".PSE" to an image; however if such a file is registered in the camera and the image is shot, the image will display correctly.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

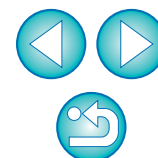
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



About the RGB Tool Palette

You can adjust images with the tool palette by switching between the [RAW], [RGB], [NR/ALO] and [LENS] tab sheets according to your editing requirements.

The [RGB] tool palette functions are the same as ordinary image editing software, such as tone curve adjustment that is explained here, with which you can adjust RAW images.

However, because the adjustment width of the functions in the [RGB] tool palette is wider than the [RAW] tool palette, the image color may be saturated, or the image quality may deteriorate if you adjust too much.

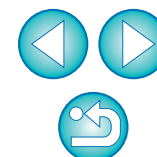
Therefore we recommend for functions other than tone curve adjustment ([p.58](#)) and automatic adjustment ([p.33](#)), that you adjust images using the same functions available in the [RAW] tool palette. See Chapter 5 for explanations on functions of the [RGB] tool palette other than tone curve adjustment.



Using the tool palette

We recommend that as a general principle you edit RAW images using the [RAW] tool palette. However, where the adjustment width with the [RAW] tool palette is not wide enough and you wish to use the special functions in the [RGB] tool palette, we recommend that you adjust your images at the necessary lowest limit with the [RGB] tool palette after having completed basic adjustment with the [RAW] tool palette.

Use the adjustment function of the [NR/ALO] and [LENS] tool palette ([p.132](#)) when applying the Auto Lighting Optimizer ([p.61](#)), reducing noise ([p.62](#)) or correcting aberration ([p.63](#)) after you have made any required adjustments with the [RAW] and [RGB] tool palettes.

[Introduction](#)[Contents at a Glance](#)[Basic Operation](#)[Advanced Operation](#)[Advanced Image Editing and Printing](#)[Processing Large Numbers of Images](#)[Editing JPEG/TIFF Images](#)[Reference](#)[Index](#)

Using the Auto Lighting Optimizer

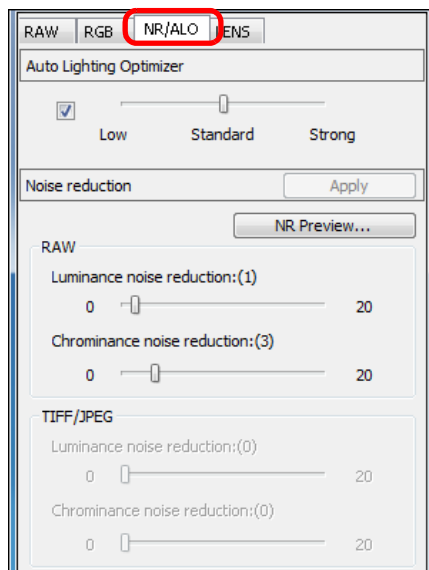
If the shooting result is dark or the contrast is low, you can use the Auto Lighting Optimizer function to auto-correct the brightness and contrast, and obtain a more pleasant image.

You can also change the settings of the image shot with the camera's Auto Lighting Optimizer function.

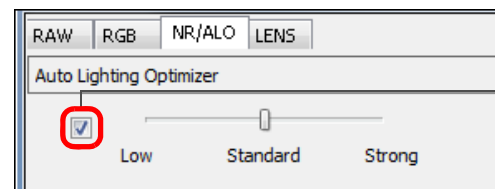
This function is compatible only with RAW images shot with EOS-1D X, EOS-1D C, EOS-1D Mark IV, EOS 5D Mark III, EOS 5D Mark II, EOS 6D, EOS 7D, EOS 70D, EOS 60D, EOS 50D, EOS REBEL T5i/700D, EOS REBEL SL1/100D, EOS REBEL T4i/650D, EOS REBEL T3i/600D, EOS REBEL T2i/550D, EOS REBEL T1i/500D, EOS REBEL T5/1200D, EOS REBEL T3/1100D, EOS M2 and EOS M.

* ALO stands for Auto Lighting Optimizer.

1 Select the [NR/ALO] tab sheet from the tool palette in the edit window or edit image window.

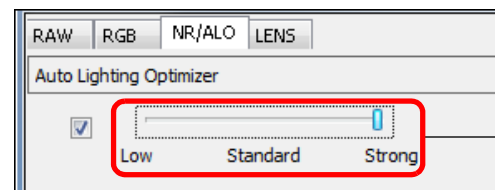


2 Checkmark the checkbox.



- For images shot with the camera's Auto Lighting Optimizer function, the checkbox is already checked.

3 Change the settings according to your preferences.



- Auto correction is applied to the image to match the settings.
- For images shot with the camera's Auto Lighting Optimizer function, the settings at the time of shooting are applied as the default values.
- To cancel the Auto Lighting Optimizer, remove the check mark from the checkbox.

- When [Highlight tone priority] is set to [Enable] in EOS-1D X, EOS-1D C, EOS 5D Mark III, EOS 6D, EOS 7D, EOS 70D, EOS 60D, EOS REBEL T5i/700D, EOS REBEL SL1/100D, EOS REBEL T4i/650D, EOS REBEL T3i/600D, EOS REBEL T2i/550D, EOS REBEL T5/1200D, EOS REBEL T3/1100D, EOS M2 and EOS M, the Auto Lighting Optimizer function cannot be set.
- You cannot use the Auto Lighting Optimizer with multiple-exposure RAW images created on the camera.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

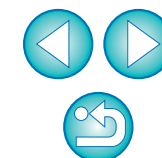
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



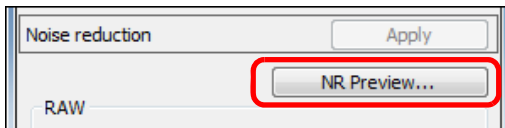
Reducing Noise

You can reduce noise that arises in RAW images shot at night or with a high ISO speed.

NR is an abbreviation for “noise reduction”.

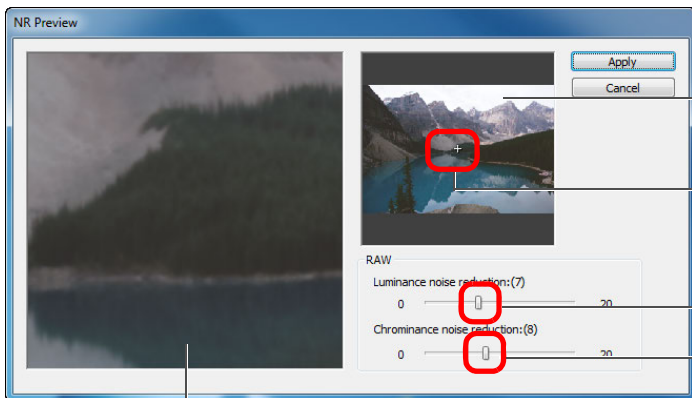
1 Select the [NR/ALO] tab sheet from the tool palette in the edit window or edit image window.

2 Click the [NR Preview] button.



→ The [NR Preview] window appears.

3 Adjust an image.



NR check window

- You can set a noise reduction level from within a range of 0 to 20. The larger the setting, the larger the noise reduction effect.
- The noise reduction effect can be checked when an image is displayed at 100% in the NR check window.
- You can change the display position of the NR check window by dragging the enlargement display position in the navigator window.

4 Click the [Apply] button.

→ Noise reduction is applied to the image and the image is redisplayed.

? The noise reduction function does not work

Noise reduction cannot be applied when [Viewing and saving RAW images] (p.92) is set to [High speed] in the [Preferences] window. Select [High quality] to reduce noise.



To set the same noise reduction level for several images

After selecting multiple images in the main window, you can set the same noise reduction level for the images without displaying the [NR Preview] window, by adjusting the noise reduction level in the [NR/ALO] tool palette (p.132) using the [Luminance noise reduction] and [Chrominance noise reduction] sliders, and then clicking the [Apply] button.



- You can set the default noise reduction beforehand, using [Default noise reduction settings] in the [Tool palette] tab sheet in the [Preferences] (p.94).
- When [Apply camera settings] is selected, you can pre-set a noise reduction level that suits the camera settings beforehand as the default.
- When [Set as defaults] is selected, you can pre-set a preferred default setting for the noise reduction level beforehand. This is particularly useful for applying noise reduction to all the images in a folder at once, such as batch noise reduction for images with high ISO speeds.

However, for images with recipes attached, the noise level recorded in the recipe will be applied.

- If [Luminance noise reduction] has been set, resolution may be reduced along with reduction of noise.
- If [Chrominance noise reduction] has been set, color bleeding may occur along with reduction of noise.
- For a list of [NR Preview] window functions, see p.134.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

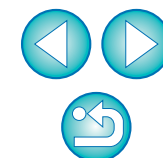
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



Correcting Lens Aberration

You can easily make corrections to drops in peripheral illumination, distortions in the subject, and color blur which occur by the physical characteristics of the lens or slightly remaining aberration.

Please note that you can only correct RAW images which have been taken with the compatible cameras and lenses listed below. JPEG or TIFF images cannot be corrected.

Compatible Cameras

EOS-1D X	EOS-1D C	EOS-1D Mark IV
EOS-1Ds Mark III	EOS-1D Mark III	EOS-1D Mark II N
EOS-1Ds Mark II	EOS-1D Mark II	EOS-1Ds
EOS-1D	EOS 5D Mark III	EOS 5D Mark II
EOS 5D ^{*1}	EOS 6D	EOS 7D
EOS 70D	EOS 60D	EOS 50D
EOS 40D	EOS 30D ^{*2}	EOS REBEL T5i/700D
EOS REBEL SL1/100D	EOS REBEL T4i/650D	EOS REBEL T3i/600D
EOS REBEL T2i/550D	EOS REBEL T1i/500D	EOS DIGITAL REBEL XSi/450D
EOS DIGITAL REBEL XTi/400D DIGITAL	EOS REBEL T5/1200D	EOS REBEL T3/1100D
EOS DIGITAL REBEL XS/1000D	EOS M2	EOS M

^{*1} Requires firmware version 1.1.1

^{*2} Requires firmware version 1.0.6

Compatible Lenses

Fisheye, ultra wide, and wide angle lenses

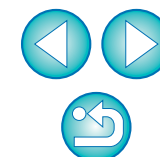
EF 14mm f/2.8L USM	EF 14mm f/2.8L II USM ^{*3}
EF 8-15mm f/4L USM Fisheye ^{*3}	EF 15mm f/2.8 Fisheye ^{*3}
EF 20mm f/2.8 USM	EF 24mm f/1.4L USM
EF 24mm f/1.4L II USM ^{*3}	EF 24mm f/2.8
EF 24mm f/2.8 IS USM ^{*3}	EF 28mm f/1.8 USM
EF 28mm f/2.8	EF 28mm f/2.8 IS USM ^{*3}
EF 35mm f/1.4L USM	EF 35mm f/2
EF 35mm f/2 IS USM ^{*3}	—

Standard and medium telephoto lenses

EF 40mm f/2.8 STM ^{*3}	EF 50mm f/1.2L USM ^{*4}
EF 50mm f/1.4 USM	EF 50mm f/1.8
EF 50mm f/1.8 II	EF 85mm f/1.2L USM
EF 85mm f/1.2L II USM ^{*5}	EF 85mm f/1.8 USM
EF 100mm f/2 USM	—

Telephoto lenses

EF 135mm f/2L USM	EF 135mm f/2.8 (with Softfocus mechanism)
EF 200mm f/2L IS USM ^{*3}	EF 200mm f/2.8L USM
EF 200mm f/2.8L II USM	EF 300mm f/2.8L IS II USM ^{*3}
EF 300mm f/2.8L IS USM	EF 300mm f/4L IS USM
EF 400mm f/2.8L IS USM	EF 400mm f/2.8L IS II USM ^{*3}
EF 400mm f/4 DO IS USM	EF 400mm f/5.6L USM
EF 500mm f/4L IS USM	EF 500mm f/4L IS II USM ^{*3}
EF 600mm f/4L IS USM	EF 600mm f/4L IS II USM ^{*3}
EF 800mm f/5.6L IS USM ^{*3}	—

[Introduction](#)
[Contents at a Glance](#)
[Basic Operation](#)
[Advanced Operation](#)
[Advanced Image Editing and Printing](#)
[Processing Large Numbers of Images](#)
[Editing JPEG/TIFF Images](#)
[Reference](#)
[Index](#)


Zoom lenses	
EF 16-35mm f/2.8L USM	EF 16-35mm f/2.8L II USM ^{*3}
EF 17-35mm f/2.8L USM	EF 17-40mm f/4L USM
EF 20-35mm f/3.5-4.5 USM	EF 24-70mm f/2.8L USM
EF 24-70mm f/2.8L II USM ^{*3}	EF 24-70mm f/4L IS USM ^{*3}
EF 24-85mm f/3.5-4.5 USM	EF 24-105mm f/4L IS USM
EF 28-70mm f/2.8L USM	EF 28-90mm f/4-5.6 USM
EF 28-90mm f/4-5.6 II USM	EF 28-90mm f/4-5.6
EF 28-90mm f/4-5.6 II	EF 28-90mm f/4-5.6 III
EF 28-105mm f/3.5-4.5 USM	EF 28-105mm f/3.5-4.5 II USM
EF 28-105mm f/4-5.6 USM	EF 28-105mm f/4-5.6
EF 28-135mm f/3.5-5.6 IS USM	EF 28-200mm f/3.5-5.6
EF 28-200mm f/3.5-5.6 USM	EF 28-300mm f/3.5-5.6L IS USM
EF 55-200mm f/4.5-5.6 II USM	EF 55-200mm f/4-5.6 USM
EF 70-200mm f/2.8L USM	EF 70-200mm f/2.8L IS USM
EF 70-200mm f/2.8L IS II USM ^{*3}	EF 70-200mm f/4L USM
EF 70-200mm f/4L IS USM ^{*4}	EF 70-300mm f/4-5.6L IS USM ^{*3}
EF 70-300mm f/4-5.6 IS USM	EF 70-300mm f/4.5-5.6 DO IS USM
EF 75-300mm f/4-5.6 II ^{*3}	EF 75-300mm f/4-5.6 III ^{*3}
EF 75-300mm f/4-5.6 USM	EF 75-300mm f/4-5.6 II USM
EF 75-300mm f/4-5.6 III USM	EF 90-300mm f/4.5-5.6
EF 90-300mm f/4.5-5.6 USM	EF 100-300mm f/4.5-5.6 USM
EF 100-400mm f/4.5-5.6L IS USM	EF 200-400mm f/4L IS USM ^{*3}

Macro lenses	
EF 50mm f/2.5 Compact Macro ^{*3}	EF 100mm f/2.8 Macro USM
EF 100mm f/2.8L Macro IS USM ^{*3}	EF 180mm f/3.5L Macro USM
MP-E 65mm f/2.8 1-5x Macro Photo ^{*3}	—

EF-S lenses	
EF-S 60mm f/2.8 Macro USM	EF-S 10-22mm f/3.5-4.5 USM
EF-S 15-85mm f/3.5-5.6 IS USM ^{*3}	EF-S 17-55mm f/2.8 IS USM
EF-S 17-85mm f/4-5.6 IS USM	EF-S 18-55mm f/3.5-5.6 IS STM ^{*3}
EF-S 18-55mm f/3.5-5.6	EF-S 18-55mm f/3.5-5.6 II
EF-S 18-55mm f/3.5-5.6 III ^{*3}	EF-S 18-55mm f/3.5-5.6 USM
EF-S 18-55mm f/3.5-5.6 II USM	EF-S 18-55mm f/3.5-5.6 IS ^{*3}
EF-S 18-55mm f/3.5-5.6 IS II ^{*3}	EF-S 18-135mm f/3.5-5.6 IS ^{*3}
EF-S 18-135mm f/3.5-5.6 IS STM ^{*3}	EF-S 18-200mm f/3.5-5.6 IS ^{*3}
EF-S 55-250mm f/4-5.6 IS ^{*3}	EF-S 55-250mm f/4-5.6 IS II ^{*3}
EF-S 55-250mm f/4-5.6 IS STM ^{*3}	—

EF-M lenses	
EF-M 22mm f/2 STM	EF-M 11-22mm f/4-5.6 IS STM
EF-M 18-55mm f/3.5-5.6 IS STM	—

Aberration correction will not apply to images shot with a combination of lenses ^{*3} ^{*4} ^{*5} and EOS 5D or EOS 30D with the firmware versions below.

* You cannot attach an EF-S lens to EOS 5D.

^{*3} EOS 5D with firmware version 1.1.0 or earlier, EOS 30D with firmware version 1.0.5 or earlier

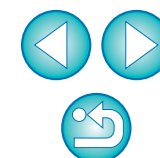
^{*4} EOS 5D with firmware version 1.1.0 or earlier, EOS 30D with firmware version 1.0.4 or earlier

^{*5} EOS 5D with firmware version 1.0.5 or earlier, EOS 30D with firmware version 1.0.4 or earlier



- You can also correct RAW images taken with the compatible lens even when the extender is attached.
- You can also correct RAW images shot with EF 50mm f/2.5 Compact Macro fitted with Life Size Converter EF.
- The aberration correction function is not available for images shot with combinations of camera/lens other than those given under “Compatible Cameras” and “Compatible Lenses”. They are therefore not displayed and cannot be used.
- The lens aberration correction function is not available for multiple-exposure RAW images created on the camera.
- EF cinema lenses (CN-E lenses) are not compatible.

Introduction
Contents at a Glance
Basic Operation
Advanced Operation
Advanced Image Editing and Printing
Processing Large Numbers of Images
Editing JPEG/TIFF Images
Reference
Index



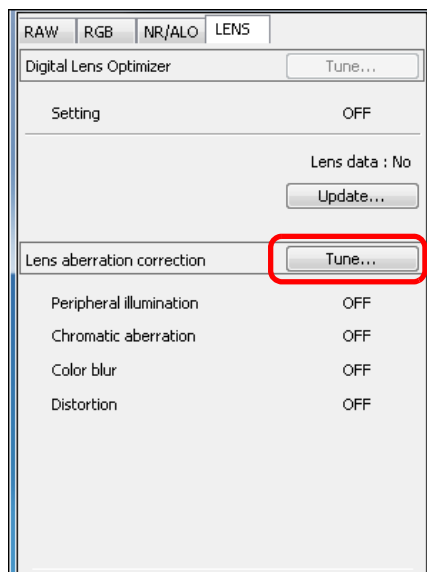
Making Corrections

You can make corrections to any of the four aberrations as below, either one at a time or simultaneously.

- Peripheral illumination
- Chromatic aberration (color fringing which occurs in the periphery of an image)
- Color blur (blue or red color blur which sometimes occurs at the edge of the highlighted area of an image)
- Distortions

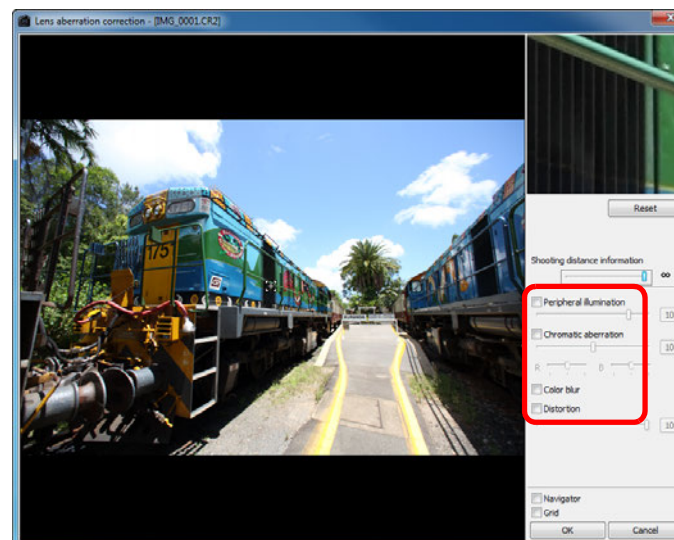
1 In the tool palette, select the [LENS] tab sheet.

2 Click the [Tune] button.



→ The [Lens aberration correction] window appears.

3 Checkmark the items to be corrected.



→ The image is corrected and redisplayed.

- Check the results of corrections to peripheral illumination or distortions in the full view.
- Check the results of corrections to chromatic aberration and color blur by clicking the area on the image you want to check. In the top right of the window, the area is displayed at 200% in the enlargement display section (p.139).
- You can lessen the degree of correction by moving the slider to the left for the item you want to correct.
- You can respectively correct red chromatic aberration with the [R] slider of the [Chromatic aberration] or blue chromatic aberration with the [B] slider.
- To correct distortion aberration of images shot with a fisheye lens (EF 8–15mm f/4L USM Fisheye or EF 15mm f/2.8 Fisheye), four effects can be selected from the [Effect] list box in addition to [Shot settings] normally used for distortion correction. The level of an effect can be adjusted with the adjustment slider located below [Distortion]. For detailed information on each effect, see “Effects of Distortion Aberration Correction for Fisheye Lenses” (p.66).

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

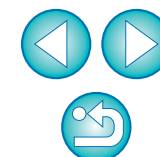
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



- For images shot with EF 8–15mm f/4L USM Fisheye, a fine-tune slider is also displayed when you select [Emphasize Linearity] from the [Effect] list box. Adjust the amount of correction for distortion aberration with the adjustment slider, and then adjust with the fine-tune slider if more adjustment is required.
- When the list box for selecting an extender is displayed, select the extender attached at the time of shooting from the list box.

4 Click the [OK] button.

- The [Lens aberration correction] window closes and the result of the corrections is applied to the image in the edit window and the image is redisplayed.
- The result of the settings of the [Lens aberration correction] window is also displayed in the tool palette.
- In the main window, the [] mark is displayed on the image to indicate the lens aberration corrections (p.129).

Effects of Distortion Aberration Correction for Fisheye Lenses

• Shot settings

By selecting this option, only distortion aberration correction for correcting optical distortion is performed.



• Emphasize Linearity

This converts the image to a “central projection” style image. This projection method is used with general lenses. Differing from fisheye lenses, central projection displays straight lines as straight lines. By selecting this option, a wide-view panoramic image can be obtained. However, the periphery is stretched, resulting in decreased resolution.



Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

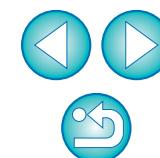
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



● Emphasize Distance

This converts the image to an “equidistant projection” style image. This projection method preserves distance relationships. Equidistant projection displays the same distances from the center to the periphery as the same distances. In particular, when shooting a celestial body such as the celestial sphere, any height above the horizon (declination) is captured at an equal interval. This method is therefore used in such photography as celestial photography (star maps, solar path diagrams, etc.).



● Emphasize Periphery

This converts the image to a “stereographic projection” style image. This projection method emphasizes the periphery. Stereographic projection allows position relationships on a spherical surface, such as N, S, E, W on a map, to be displayed correctly. It is therefore used for world maps and monitoring cameras. By selecting this option, the periphery is stretched and may result in decreased resolution.

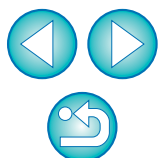


● Emphasize Center

This converts the image to an “orthogonal projection” style image. With this projection method, the center is more emphasized. Since an orthogonal projection allows a subject of the same brightness to be displayed as occupying the same area in the image, this method has typical uses in photography for celestial luminance distributions and center-emphasized animal photography. By selecting this option, the center is stretched and may result in decreased resolution.



⚠ While selecting any of the options [Emphasize Linearity], [Emphasize Distance], [Emphasize Periphery], or [Emphasize Center] will yield results similar to each of the projection methods, the conversion does not exactly apply each projection method in their precise sense. Accordingly, care should be taken since they are not suited to scientific or other such purposes.

[Introduction](#)[Contents at a Glance](#)[Basic Operation](#)[Advanced Operation](#)[Advanced Image Editing and Printing](#)[Processing Large Numbers of Images](#)[Editing JPEG/TIFF Images](#)[Reference](#)[Index](#)

About Shooting Distance Information Slider

- When correcting RAW images shot with the cameras in the table below, if shooting distance information has been saved to the image, the slider is set automatically according to this shooting distance information. However, if no shooting distance information is saved to the image, the slider is set automatically to the right end at infinity position and a [<!>] appears above the slider.

If the image's shooting distance is not infinite, you can minutely adjust the distance by operating the slider while looking at the screen.

The distance cannot be minutely adjusted by using the slider for images shot with an EF-M lens. (The slider is not displayed.)

EOS-1D X	EOS-1D C	EOS-1D Mark IV
EOS-1Ds Mark III	EOS-1D Mark III	EOS 5D Mark III
EOS 5D Mark II	EOS 6D	EOS 7D
EOS 70D	EOS 60D	EOS 50D
EOS 40D	EOS REBEL T5i/700D	EOS REBEL SL1/100D
EOS REBEL T4i/650D	EOS REBEL T3i/600D	EOS REBEL T2i/550D
EOS REBEL T1i/500D	EOS DIGITAL REBEL XSi/450D	EOS REBEL T5/1200D
EOS REBEL T3/1100D	EOS DIGITAL REBEL XS/1000D	EOS M2
EOS M	—	—

- When correcting RAW images shot with the cameras in the table below, it is set automatically to the right end at infinity position. You can then minutely adjust the distance by operating the slider while looking at the screen if the shooting distance is not infinite.

EOS-1D Mark II N	EOS-1Ds Mark II	EOS-1D Mark II
EOS-1Ds	EOS-1D	EOS 5D
EOS 30D	EOS DIGITAL REBEL XTi/400D DIGITAL	—

- For RAW images shot with MP-E 65mm f/2.8 1-5x Macro Photo or EF 50mm f/2.5 Compact Macro with Life Size Converter EF, the slider indicator changes to [Magnification factor].
- [Shooting distance information] slider is applied to all the correction items with check marks.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

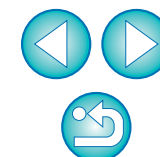
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



Correcting Multiple Images at a Time

Select multiple images to correct in the main window. Display tool palette by clicking the [Tool Palette] button (p.127) in the toolbar. If you perform correction procedures (p.65) when tool palette is displayed, you can apply the same corrections to all the images selected in the main window.

Also, you can apply same corrections by copying the recipe of the corrected image and pasting it onto the multiple images (p.41).

? Additional information

- **Some noise appeared in the periphery of an image after correcting [Peripheral illumination]**

You can reduce the noise by using luminance and/or chromatic noise reduction of the noise reduction function (p.62). However, if you had applied high amount of [Peripheral illumination] correction to the images that have been shot at night or with a high ISO speed, the noise might not be reduced.

- **The image appears with less resolution after correcting [Distortion]**

You can make the image similar to the one before correction by applying more sharpness with the sharpness adjusting function (p.31).


- **The colors of the image became weaker after correcting [Color blur]**

You can make the image similar to the one before correction by adjusting the color tone (p.30) and/or the color saturation (p.110) to make the color deeper.

- **The result of [Color blur] correction cannot be detected**

[Color blur] correction is effective for correcting blue or red color blur which occurs at the edge of the highlighted area of an image. If conditions do not match, correction cannot be made.

! The periphery of the image may be truncated when [Distortion] correction is made.

 For a list of the [Lens aberration correction] window functions, see p.139.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

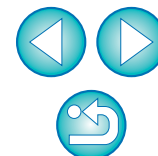
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



Using the Digital Lens Optimizer

This function enables the resolution of images to be increased by removing any remaining aberration related to image-forming capability or any deterioration of resolution resulting from diffraction phenomena that are unavoidable as long as light must pass through the lens. These optical phenomena cannot be corrected under [Lens aberration correction] (p.63). Correction is achieved using the designed value of each lens. The images that can be corrected are RAW images shot using any of the following “compatible cameras” and “compatible lenses”. JPEG, TIFF, S-Raw, and M-Raw images cannot be corrected. To use this function, [Lens data] for the lens used to shoot images first needs to be downloaded to your computer.

Before using the Digital Lens Optimizer, it is recommended that you set [Sharpness] or [Strength] for [Unsharp mask] for images to 0.

Compatible Cameras

EOS-1D X	EOS-1D C	EOS-1D Mark IV
EOS-1Ds Mark III	EOS-1D Mark III	EOS-1D Mark II N
EOS-1Ds Mark II	EOS-1D Mark II	EOS-1Ds
EOS-1D	EOS 5D Mark III	EOS 5D Mark II
EOS 5D ^{*1}	EOS 6D	EOS 7D
EOS 70D	EOS 60D	EOS 50D
EOS 40D	EOS 30D ^{*2}	EOS REBEL T5i/700D
EOS REBEL SL1/100D	EOS REBEL T4i/650D	EOS REBEL T3i/600D
EOS REBEL T2i/550D	EOS REBEL T1i/500D	EOS DIGITAL REBEL XSi/450D
EOS DIGITAL REBEL XTi/400D DIGITAL	EOS REBEL T5/1200D	EOS REBEL T3/1100D
EOS DIGITAL REBEL XS/1000D	EOS M2	EOS M

^{*1} Requires firmware version 1.1.1

^{*2} Requires firmware version 1.0.6

Compatible Lenses

Wide angle lenses

EF 14mm f/2.8L USM	EF 14mm f/2.8L II USM
EF 20mm f/2.8 USM	EF 24mm f/1.4L II USM
EF 24mm f/1.4L USM	EF 24mm f/2.8 IS USM
EF 28mm f/1.8 USM	EF 28mm f/2.8 IS USM
EF 35mm f/1.4L USM	EF 35mm f/2 IS USM

Standard and medium telephoto lenses

EF 40mm f/2.8 STM	EF 50mm f/1.4 USM
EF 50mm f/1.2L USM	EF 85mm f/1.2L USM
EF 85mm f/1.2L II USM	EF 85mm f/1.8 USM
EF 100mm f/2 USM	—

Telephoto lenses

EF 135mm f/2L USM	EF 200mm f/2L IS USM
EF 200mm f/2.8L USM	EF 200mm f/2.8L II USM
EF 300mm f/2.8L IS II USM	EF 300mm f/4L IS USM
EF 400mm f/2.8L IS II USM	EF 400mm f/4 DO IS USM
EF 400mm f/5.6L USM	EF 500mm f/4L IS II USM
EF 600mm f/4L IS II USM	—

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

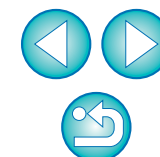
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



Zoom lenses

EF 16-35mm f/2.8L USM	EF 16-35mm f/2.8L II USM
EF 17-40mm f/4L USM	EF 24-70mm f/2.8L USM
EF 24-70mm f/2.8L II USM	EF 24-70mm f/4L IS USM
EF 24-105mm f/4L IS USM	EF 28-70mm f/2.8L USM
EF 28-135mm f/3.5-5.6 IS USM	EF 28-200mm f/3.5-5.6 USM
EF 28-200mm f/3.5-5.6	EF 28-300mm f/3.5-5.6L IS USM
EF 70-200mm f/2.8L USM	EF 70-200mm f/2.8L IS USM
EF 70-200mm f/2.8L IS II USM	EF 70-200mm f/4L USM
EF 70-200mm f/4L IS USM	EF 70-300mm f/4-5.6L IS USM
EF 70-300mm f/4.5-5.6 DO IS USM	EF 70-300mm f/4-5.6 IS USM
EF 100-400mm f/4.5-5.6L IS USM	EF 200-400mm f/4L IS USM

Macro lenses

EF 50mm f/2.5 Compact Macro	EF 100mm f/2.8 Macro USM
EF 100mm f/2.8L Macro IS USM	EF 180mm f/3.5L Macro USM

EF-S lenses

EF-S 60mm f/2.8 Macro USM	EF-S 10-22mm f/3.5-4.5 USM
EF-S 15-85mm f/3.5-5.6 IS USM	EF-S 18-55mm f/3.5-5.6 II USM
EF-S 18-55mm f/3.5-5.6 USM	EF-S 18-55mm f/3.5-5.6 III
EF-S 18-55mm f/3.5-5.6 II	EF-S 18-55mm f/3.5-5.6
EF-S 18-55mm f/3.5-5.6 IS II	EF-S 18-55mm f/3.5-5.6 IS
EF-S 17-55mm f/2.8 IS USM	EF-S 17-85mm f/4-5.6 IS USM
EF-S 18-55mm f/3.5-5.6 IS STM	EF-S 18-135mm f/3.5-5.6 IS
EF-S 18-135mm f/3.5-5.6 IS STM	EF-S 18-200mm f/3.5-5.6 IS
EF-S 55-250mm f/4-5.6 IS	EF-S 55-250mm f/4-5.6 IS II
EF-S 55-250mm f/4-5.6 IS STM	—

EF-M lenses

EF-M 11-22mm f/4-5.6 IS STM	EF-M 22mm f/2 STM
EF-M 18-55mm f/3.5-5.6 IS STM	—

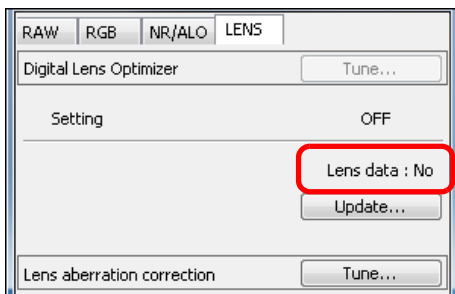


- The Digital Lens Optimizer is also available for images shot with an extender mounted on a compatible lens.
- You cannot use the Digital Lens Optimizer with multiple-exposure RAW images created on the camera.
- EF cinema lenses (CN-E lenses) are not compatible.



Using the Digital Lens Optimizer

- 1 In the tool palette, select the [LENS] tab sheet, and check the status of [Lens data] for [Digital Lens Optimizer].

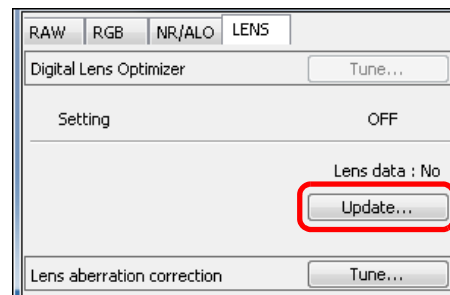


- [Not Available] is displayed for an image shot with a non-compatible camera or lens, or for a non-compatible image such as a JPEG, TIFF, S-RAW, or M-RAW image. The function cannot be used for these images.
- If [No] is displayed, proceed to step 2. To use the function, you need to download [Lens data] for the lens used when shooting the image. It is recommended that you check the lens used when shooting the image beforehand. The lens used can be checked using the [Info] button in the toolbar on the main window (p.23). You can also check it with the menu that appears when you right-click with the mouse on an image.
- If [Yes] is displayed, proceed to step 4.



Before you click the [Update] button in step 2, Lens data [No] may be displayed instead of [Not Available] for non-compatible images.

- 2 Click the [Update] button.



→ The [Add or Remove lens data] window appears.



- To use this function, an environment with Internet access (subscription to a provider, browser software installed and an in-place line connection) is required.
- An administrator-level privilege is required for this operation.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

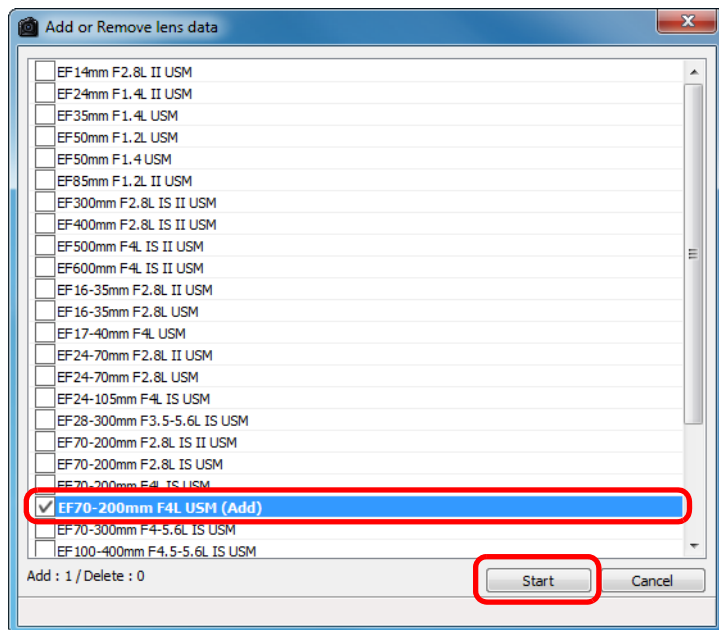
Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



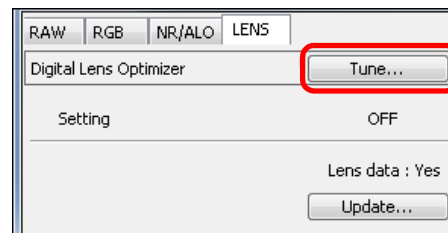
3 Checkmark the checkbox for the lens used to shoot the image, and click the [Start] button.



- The lens data is downloaded to your computer.
- When the downloading of the lens data ends, the indication for [Lens data] changes to [Yes].
- You can download the data for up to 30 lenses at the same time.
- If you remove the check mark from the checkbox for already-downloaded lens names and click the [Start] button, the lens data will be deleted from your computer.

! Depending on the type, current state, etc. of software running on your computer, the download of the lens data may fail. If it occurs, wait for a while then try downloading the data again.

4 Click the [Tune] button.



→ The [Digital Lens Optimizer] window appears.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

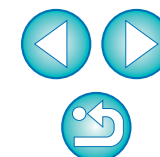
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

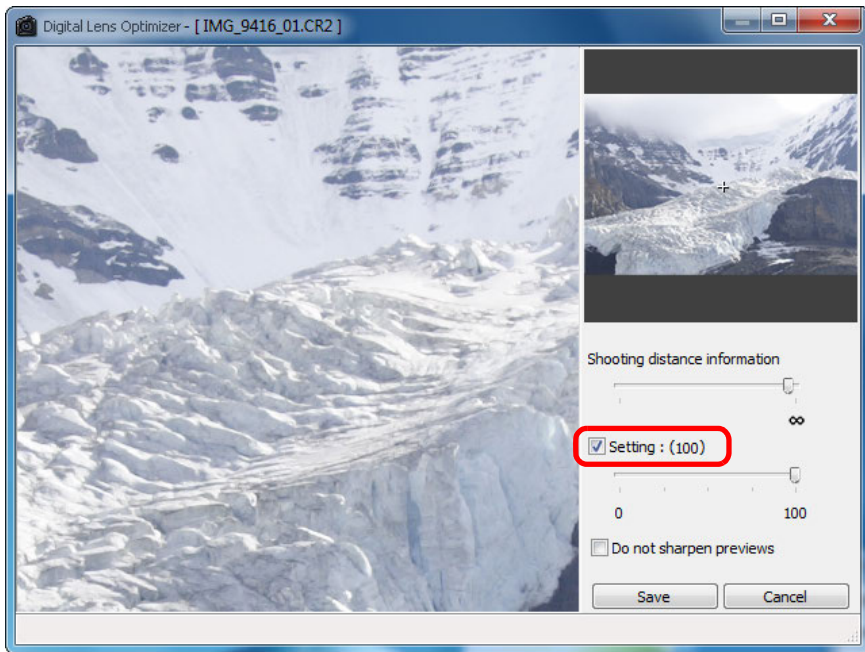
Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



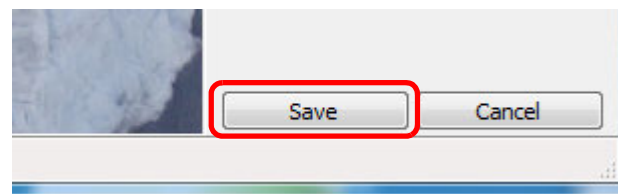
5 Checkmark the [Setting] checkbox and adjust the image.



- The [Setting] checkbox will be checkmarked if the image has the Digital Lens Optimizer already applied. Remove the checkmark and click the [Save] button to cancel the Digital Lens Optimizer.
- Images displayed in the [Digital Lens Optimizer] window are with [Sharpness] and [Unsharp mask] effects applied by default. If you checkmark the [Do not sharpen previews] checkbox, images are displayed without [Sharpness] or [Unsharp mask] effects applied, allowing you to check only the Digital Lens Optimizer effect.
- When applying the Digital Lens Optimizer, the effect of [Sharpness] or [Unsharp mask] may become excessive. It is recommended that you set [Sharpness] or [Strength] for [Unsharp mask] for images to 0 before using the Digital Lens Optimizer. Adjust [Sharpness] or [Unsharp mask] again after applying the Digital Lens Optimizer to images.

- When the list box for selecting an extender is displayed, select the extender attached at the time of shooting from the list box.
- Use the slider to adjust the Digital Lens Optimizer effect.
- When [MAX] is displayed for the Digital Lens Optimizer level, the effect will remain the same even if you move the slider further to the right.
- You can change the display position of the check window by dragging the enlargement display position in the navigator window.
- Even if you set shooting distance for a lens in this window, the value indicated for shooting distance in the [Lens aberration correction] window will not change.
- If no shooting distance information is saved to the image, the shooting distance slider is set automatically to the right end at infinity position and a [<!>] appears above the shooting distance slider. The distance cannot be minutely adjusted by using the slider for images shot with an EF-M lens. (The slider is not displayed.)
- Images cannot be corrected for [Chromatic aberration] in [Lens aberration correction] if the Digital Lens Optimizer has been applied.

6 Click the [Save] button.



- The [Digital Lens Optimizer] window closes and correction results are applied to the image in the edit window.
- Corrections made in the [Digital Lens Optimizer] window are also displayed in the tool palette.
- In the main window, the [🔍] mark is displayed on the image to indicate that the Digital Lens Optimizer is applied (p.129).
- After clicking the [Save] button, the application of the corrections to the image may take some time.
- The size of the image file will be larger after applying the Digital Lens Optimizer.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

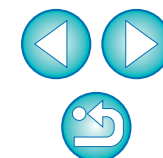
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



Performing Automatic Dust Erasure Processing

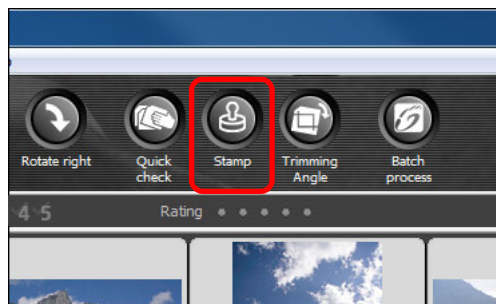
The Dust Delete Data that is appended to images shot with the camera that can attach this data, can be used to automatically erase dust spots.

Compatible Cameras

EOS-1D X	EOS-1D C	EOS-1D Mark IV
EOS-1Ds Mark III	EOS-1D Mark III	EOS 5D Mark III
EOS 5D Mark II	EOS 6D	EOS 7D
EOS 70D	EOS 60D	EOS 50D
EOS 40D	EOS REBEL T5i/700D	EOS REBEL SL1/100D
EOS REBEL T4i/650D	EOS REBEL T3i/600D	EOS REBEL T2i/550D
EOS REBEL T1i/500D	EOS DIGITAL REBEL XSi/450D	EOS DIGITAL REBEL XTi/400D DIGITAL
EOS REBEL T5/1200D	EOS REBEL T3/1100D	EOS DIGITAL REBEL XS/1000D
EOS M2	EOS M	—

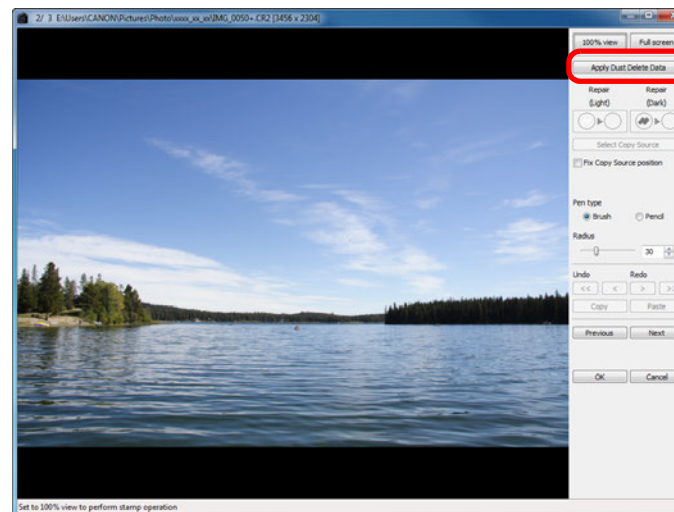
1 In the main window, select an image appended with Dust Delete Data.

2 Click the [Stamp] button.



→ The copy stamp window appears.

3 When the image has redrawn itself, click the [Apply Dust Delete Data] button.

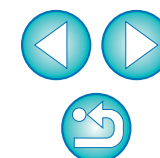


→ Dust spots are erased in a single operation.

4 Click the [OK] button to return to the main window.

→ The [] mark (p.129) is displayed on an image from which dust spots have been erased.

- Introduction
- Contents at a Glance
- Basic Operation
- Advanced Operation
- Advanced Image Editing and Printing
- Processing Large Numbers of Images
- Editing JPEG/TIFF Images
- Reference
- Index





Additional information

- **The dust-erased image can be reverted to its original condition at any time**
A dust-erased image is displayed or printed as a dust-erased image. However, since the dust on the image is not actually erased, you can always revert to the original image by clicking the [Undo] button in the copy stamp window or performing the “Re-Editing an Image” procedure (p.43).
- **Check dust erasure in the copy stamp window**
Check dust erasure in the copy stamp window. Images before dust erasure are displayed in other windows and you will be unable to check them.
- **Printing dust-erased images**
You can print as a dust-erased image by printing it in DPP.
- **The [Apply Dust Delete Data] button cannot be clicked**
Even with an image that has Dust Delete Data attached to it in the camera, if there is no dust to remove by DPP from the image, the [Apply Dust Delete Data] button will be disabled.
- **To erase dust spots that cannot be erased with the automatic dust erasure processing**
In automatic dust erasure processing, dust spots are erased based on information relating to dust saved in the Dust Delete Data. However, there may be cases where you will not be able to erase dust spots depending on the type of dust. If this occurs, erase those dust spots using the repair function (p.77) or the copy stamp function (p.79).
- **The image becomes a dust-erased image when converted and saved**
The dust-erased RAW image actually becomes a dust-erased image when converted to a JPEG or TIFF image and saved (p.42).



Useful functions of the copy stamp window

- **Checking the dust erased spots**
After step 3, you can display and check in detail the erased dust spots one by one by pressing the <Shift> + <F> keys. (Press the <Shift> + keys to return to the previous dust spot.)
- **Canceling a specified erased dust spot only**
After step 3, you can press the <Shift> + <F> keys or the <Shift> + keys to display the erased dust spot, and then press the <Shift> + keys to cancel only the erased dust spot displayed.
- **Switch between full screen display/normal screen display using shortcut keys**
You can also switch between full screen display/normal screen display by pressing the <Alt> + <Enter> keys.
- **Applying the dust erasure result to another image**
You can apply dust erasure to the same place in another image by clicking the [Copy] button to copy the dust erasure results and then displaying the other image to which you want to apply the results and clicking the [Paste] button.



For a list of the copy stamp window functions, see p.143.

Automatic Dust Erasure Processing in the Main Window

In the main window, you can also automatically erase dust spots in multiple images appended with Dust Delete Data.

Select multiple images appended with Dust Delete Data, and then select the [Adjustment] menu ▶ [Apply Dust Delete Data].

→ Dust spots in all the selected images are erased in a single operation.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

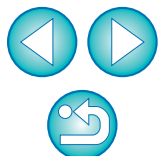
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index

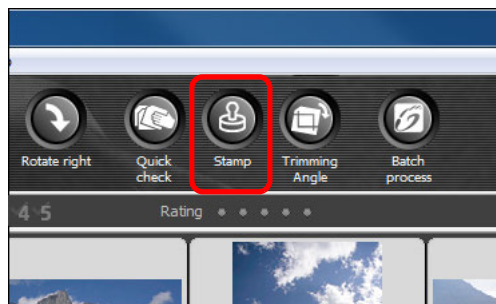


Manually Erasing Dust (Repair Function)

You can erase dust spots in an image by selecting them one by one.

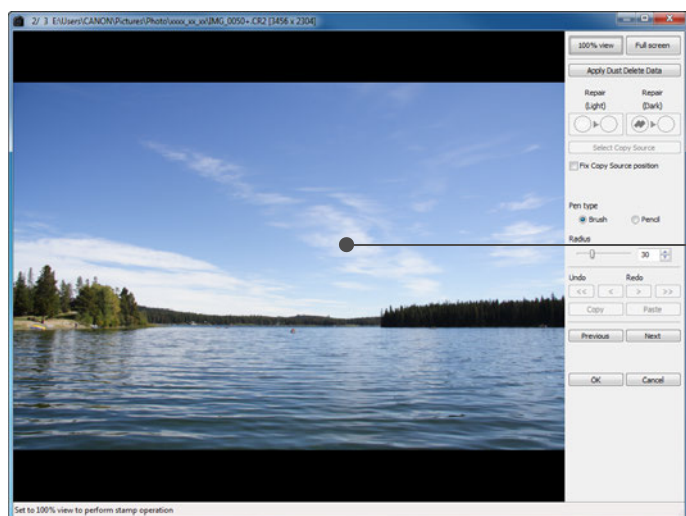
1 In the main window, select the image you want to erase dust spots.

2 Click the [Stamp] button.



→ The copy stamp window appears.

3 When the image has redrawn itself, double-click the point from where dust is to be erased.



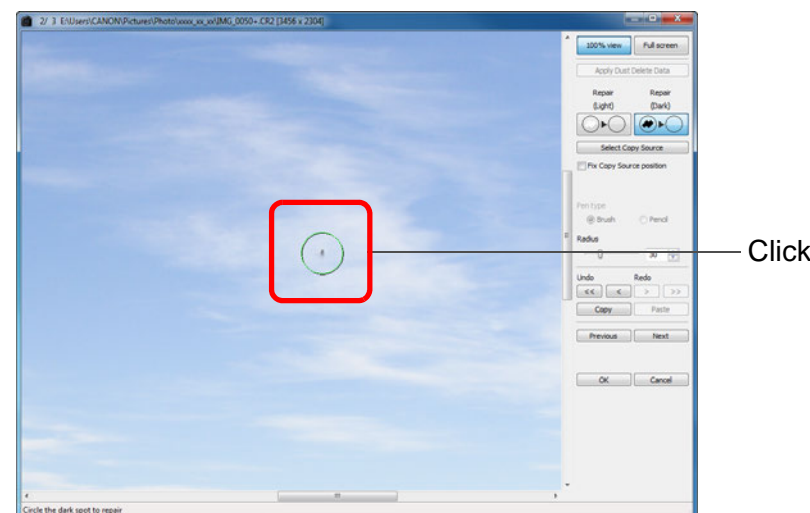
→ The display changes to 100% view.

• The display position can be changed by dragging.

4 Click the button that matches the dust spot to be erased.

- If the dust spot is dark in color, click the [Repair (Dark)] button, and if the dust spot is light in color, click the [Repair (Light)] button.
- When you move the cursor over the image, the dust erasure range appears as [O].

5 Place the dust spot to be erased within the [O] and click.



→ The dust spot within the [O] is erased.

- Click on another part of the image to continue erasing dust spots in the image.
- To erase dust in another part of the image, either right-click with the mouse, or click the button clicked in step 4 again to cancel dust erasure processing and perform the operation again from step 3.
- When the dust spot cannot be erased, [X] is displayed.

6 Click the [OK] button to return to the main window.

→ The [] mark (p.129) is displayed on an image from which dust spots have been erased.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

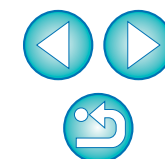
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index





Additional information

- **Click several times when dust spots are not erased completely**
Where unwanted dust spots are not erased even after performing step 5 once, they may be erased completely when you click several times.
- **Mainly spots of dust can be erased with the repair function**
Spots of dust can be erased with the repair function. You may be unable to erase lines of dust. In this case, use the copy stamp function (p.79).
- **The dust-erased image can be reverted to its original condition at any time**
A dust-erased image is displayed or printed as a dust-erased image. However, since the dust on the image is not actually erased, you can always revert to the original image by clicking the [Undo] button in the copy stamp window or performing the “Re-Editing an Image” procedure (p.43).
- **Check dust erasure in the copy stamp window**
Check dust erasure in the copy stamp window. Images before dust erasure are displayed in other windows and you will be unable to check them.
- **Printing dust-erased images**
You can print as a dust-erased image by printing it in DPP.
- **The image becomes a dust-erased image when converted and saved**
The dust-erased RAW image actually becomes a dust-erased image when converted to a JPEG or TIFF image and saved (p.42).



Useful functions of the copy stamp window

- **Checking the dust erased spots**
After step 5, you can display and check in detail the erased dust spots one by one by pressing the <Shift> + <F> keys. (Press the <Shift> + keys to return to the previous dust spot.)
- **Canceling a specified erased dust spot only**
After step 5, you can press the <Shift> + <F> keys or the <Shift> + keys to display the erased dust spot, and then press the <Shift> + keys to cancel only the erased dust spot displayed.
- **Switch between full screen display/normal screen display using shortcut keys**
You can also switch between full screen display/normal screen display by pressing the <Alt> + <Enter> keys.
- **Applying the dust erasure result to another image**
You can apply dust erasure to the same place in another image by clicking the [Copy] button to copy the dust erasure results and then displaying the other image to which you want to apply the results and clicking the [Paste] button.
To apply dust erasure to the same place in several other images, you can efficiently erase dust spots by clicking the images while holding down the <Ctrl> key in the main window, or, by selecting multiple images by clicking the first image and then clicking the last image while holding down the <Shift> key, and then displaying the copy stamp window.



For images shot with ISO speed range expansion set, noticeable noise may make it difficult to view dust spots in the copy stamp window, so using this function is not recommended.



For a list of the copy stamp window functions, see p.143.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

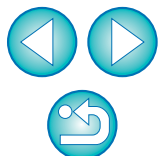
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



Erasing Unwanted Parts of an Image (Copy Stamp Function)

You can correct an image by pasting a section copied from another part of the image to an unwanted part of the image.

1 Follow steps 1 to 3 in “Manually Erasing Dust (Repair Function)” (p.77).

2 Specify the section to be copied.

- Click on the section that is to be the copy source while holding down the <Alt> key.
- To change the section that is to be the copy source, perform the operation above again.
- To fix the position of the copy source, checkmark [Fix Copy Source position].

3 Correct the image.

- Click or drag on the section you want to correct on the image. [+]
in the window indicates the copy source and [O] indicates the copy destination.
- The copied image is pasted in the position to which it was dragged.
- For [Pen type], you can select from [Brush] (the pasted image's borders simulate a brush) and [Pencil] (the pasted image's borders are sharp).

4 Click the [OK] button to return to the main window.

- The [] mark (p.129) is displayed on a corrected image.

Transferring a RAW Image to Photoshop

A RAW image can be converted to a TIFF image (16bit) and transferred to Photoshop.

Select the [Tools] menu ▶ [Transfer to Photoshop].

- Photoshop starts up and the transferred image is displayed.



A single image can be transferred at a time

Only one image can be transferred at a time. To send multiple images at a time, see p.103.



- Compatible versions of Photoshop are 7.0 or later.
- Transferred images are automatically converted to TIFF images (16bit) to which an ICC profile (p.146) is added. The ICC profile contains information about [Preferences] (p.95) or work color space set for each image as described below and the appropriate color information is relayed to Photoshop.
- When you exit Photoshop, only the original RAW image remains, and the transferred image will disappear. Saving the transferred image as a separate image in Photoshop is highly recommended.
- For CS4 or later versions of Photoshop, this function is not available if a 32-bit version is not installed.

Setting Work Color Space

A different work color space (p.147) from the default settings (p.95) can be set for each image.

Select the [Adjustment] menu ▶ [Work color space] ▶ color space to be set.



A color space set individually does not change even when the default setting is changed

If you set an image with a color space different to the default setting and then subsequently change the default color space setting (p.95), this default setting will not be applied and the individually set color space will remain.



The color space of a RAW image can be changed freely as many times as required

Since only the image processing conditions information changes, the color space of a RAW image can be changed at any time.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



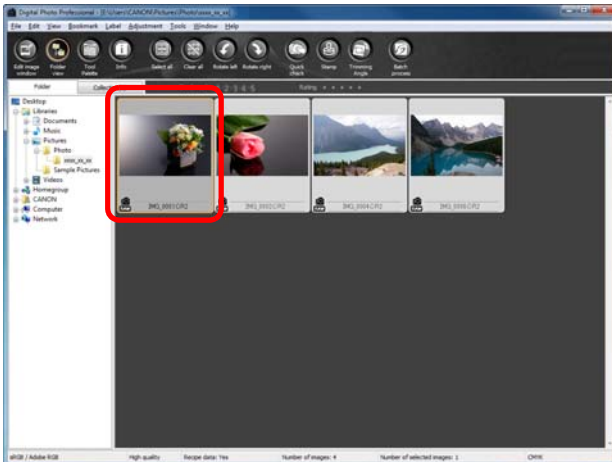
Compositing Images

You can combine two images into a single image. You can further combine images by adding another image to the composited image. Since the composited image is saved as a separate image, the original images remain as they are.



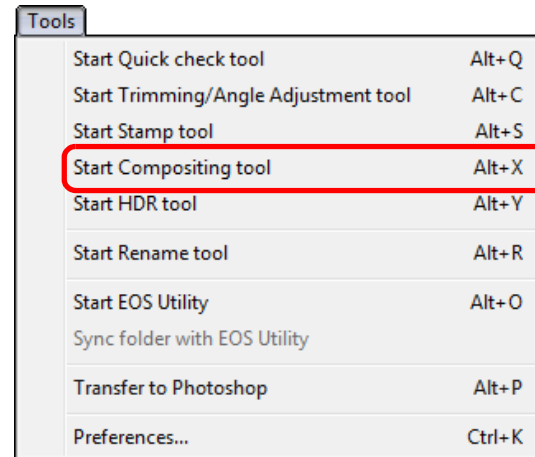
- This function can be used with all image types (p.3) supported by DPP. However, images with more than 6666 × 4444 pixels are not supported.
- The color space of a composited image will be the color space of the background image.
- Image information is not appended to a composited image.

1 Select a background image in the main window.

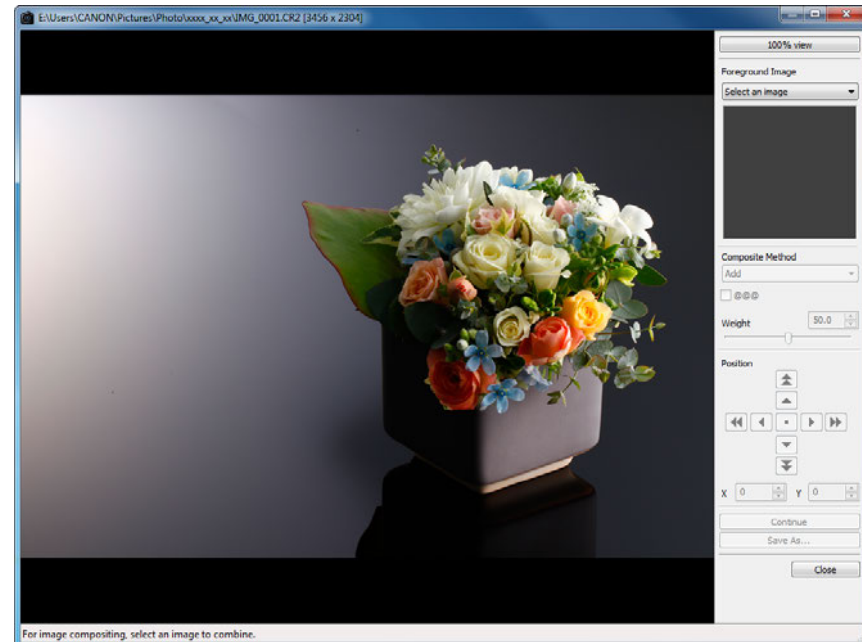


- You can also select a background image from the edit window, edit image window, or [Collection] window.

2 Select the [Tools] menu ▶ [Start Compositing tool].



→ The compositing tool window appears.



Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

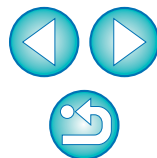
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

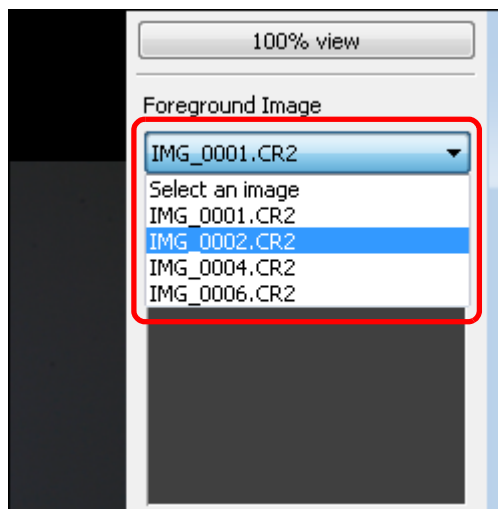
Reference

Index



3 Select the image to combine.

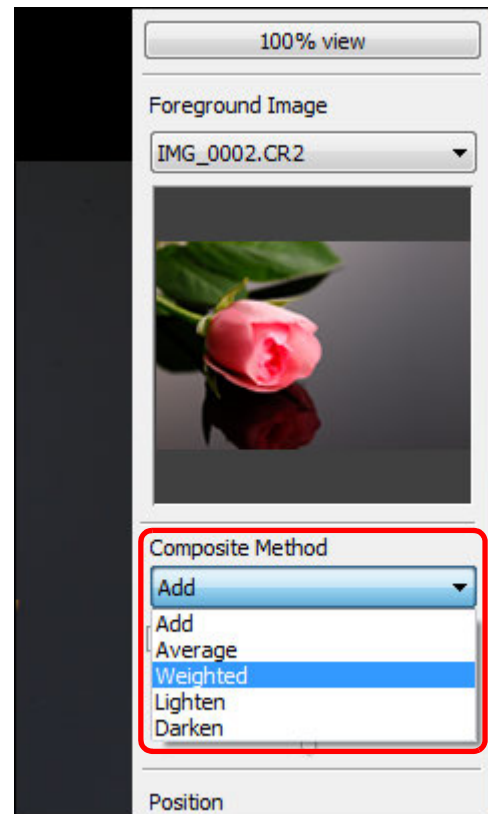
- Select the image to combine from the [Foreground Image] list box.



- The selected image is displayed in the [Foreground Image] thumbnail display.
- A preview of the combined background image and foreground image is displayed in the composite preview.
- The following images can be combined.
 - When a background image is selected in the main window ([Folder] window) or edit window: image in same folder as background image
 - When a background image is selected in the [Collection] window: image in the [Collection] window
 - When a background image is selected in the edit image window: image displayed in the thumbnail display area
- You can combine images of differing sizes.

4 Select a compositing method.

- Select a compositing method from the [Composite Method] list box.



- The compositing method selected in the composite preview is applied.
- The compositing method can be selected from five types: Add, Average, Weighted, Lighten, and Darken. For details on each compositing method, see “Compositing Methods” (p.83).
- If you select [Weighted], you can set the proportion of brightness of the image to be combined. Use the [Weight] slider at the bottom of the [Composite Method] list box or directly enter a value to set the brightness proportionally.
- By clicking the [100% view] button, the image is displayed at 100% magnification (actual pixel size).

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

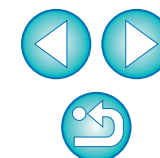
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

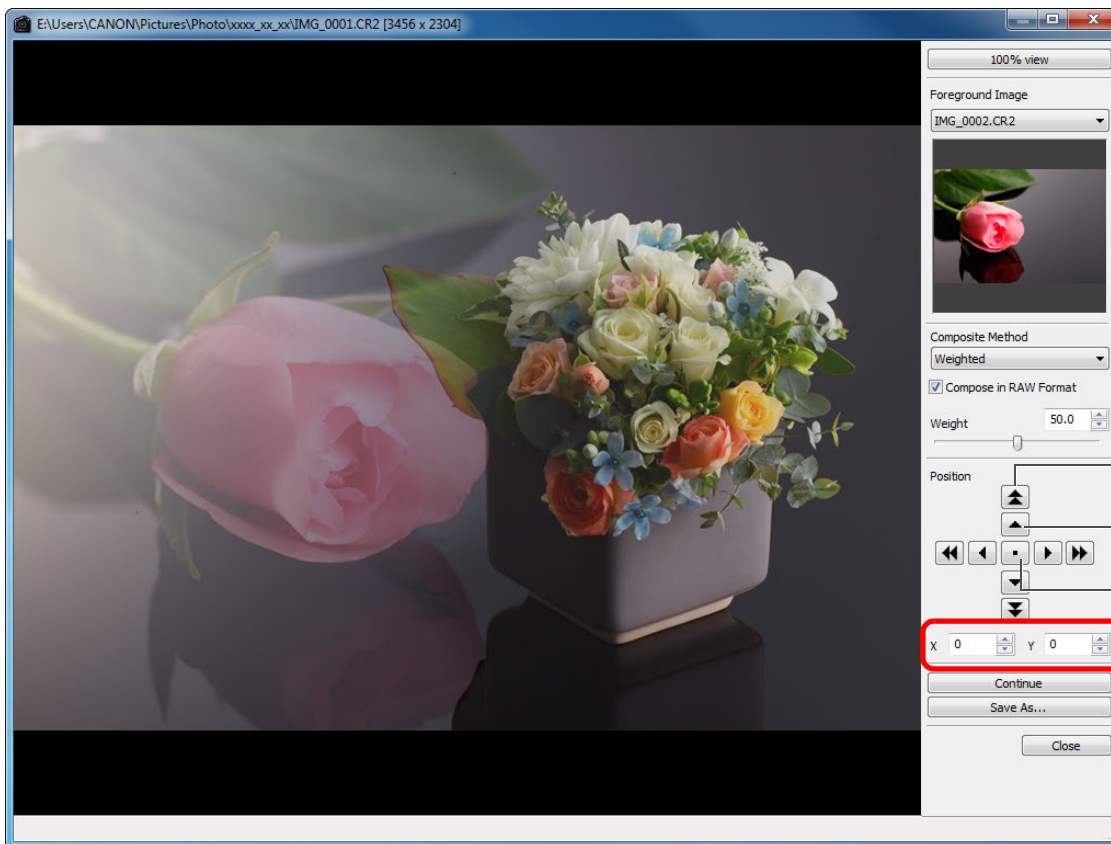
Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



5 Position the images.



- By default, the background image and the [Foreground Image] are displayed with their centers aligned.
- [Compose in RAW Format]
Checkmark the [Compose in RAW Format] checkbox as necessary.



- You can set [Compose in RAW Format] under the following conditions.
Both the background image and [Foreground Image] are RAW images, and, all the following conditions are met.
 - The cameras used to shoot were of the same model
 - The ISO speed setting at time of shooting was the same
 - The highlight tone priority setting at time of shooting was the same
 - The image sizes (original size) are the same



- The following functions are not available for images composited with [Compose in RAW Format].
 - Auto Lighting Optimizer ([p.61](#))
 - Picture Style Auto (automatically set to Standard) ([p.59](#))
 - Selecting [Circle] for the aspect ratio when trimming ([p.39](#))

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

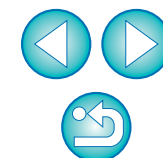
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

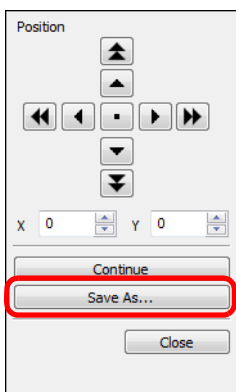
Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



6 Click the [Save As] button.



- ➔ By clicking the [Save As] button, the [Convert and save] window (p.42) appears. Specify the required settings, and then click the [Save] button.
- By clicking the [Continue] button, images are combined to create a new background image, and you can continue by combining another image.
- To finish, click the [Close] button.

Compositing Methods

- **Add**
The brightnesses of the background image and [Foreground Image] are added and images are overlaid.
- **Average**
Images are overlaid with negative exposure compensation being applied automatically. If you want to change the amount of exposure for individual images, select [Weighted].
- **Weighted**
Compositing method where brightness is set proportionally for the [Foreground Image].
- **Lighten**
The background image and the [Foreground Image] are compared, with only brighter portions being combined.
- **Darken**
The background image and the [Foreground Image] are compared, with only darker portions being combined.

Creating HDR (High Dynamic Range) Images

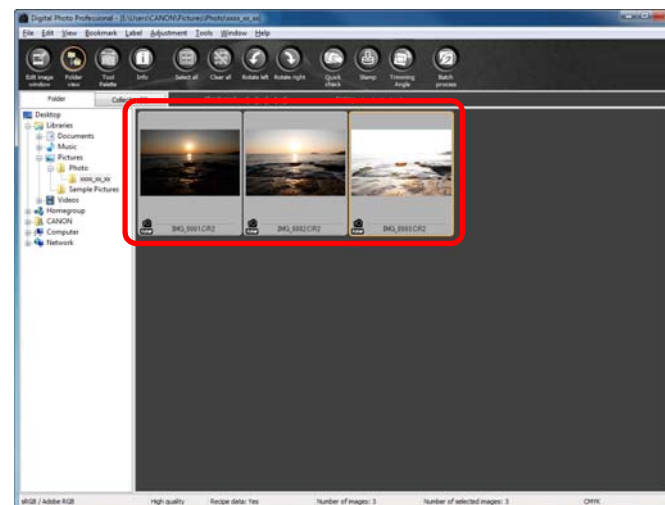
You can create images with a wide dynamic range where clipping in highlights and shadows has been reduced, and images that appear like paintings. This is suited for scenes such as still-lives and landscapes. This function is most effective when using three images with different exposures of the same scene (negative exposure, standard exposure, positive exposure) to create an HDR image. However, you can also create an HDR image from two images, or even only one. Since an HDR image is saved as a separate image, the original images remain as they are.

* HDR stands for High Dynamic Range.



- This function can be used with all image types (p.3) supported by DPP. However, images with more than 6666 × 4444 pixels are not supported.
- Image information is not appended to an HDR image.

1 Select an image in the main window.



Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

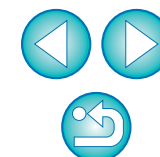
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

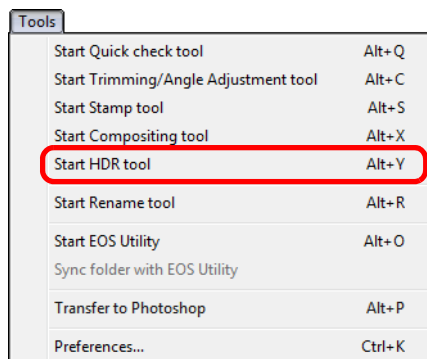
Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



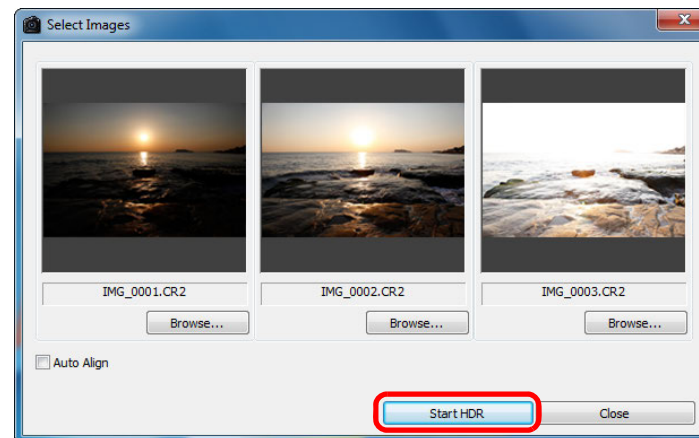
2 Select the [Tools] menu ▶ [Start HDR tool].



→ The [Select Images] window appears.

- You can also display the [Select Images] window from the edit window and edit image window.

3 Specify the required settings, then click the [Start HDR] button.



- To change the selected image, or add another image, click the [Browse] button and in the [Open] dialog box that appears, select the image file and click the [Open] button.
- If you select two images of the same size, you can checkmark the [Auto Align] checkbox for auto image alignment. However, auto image alignment may not work properly with repetitive patterns (lattice, stripes, etc.) or flat, single-tone images.
- By clicking the [Start HDR] button, the [Adjust Image] window appears.

⚠ After using auto image alignment, the periphery of the images is partially deleted.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

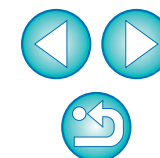
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

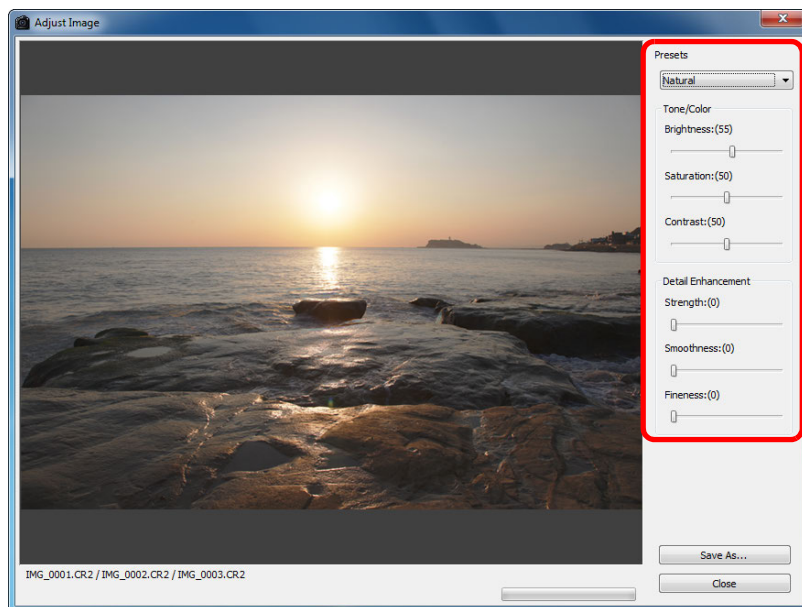
Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



4 Make required selections to adjust the image.



● Sliders in [Adjust Image]

[Tone/Color]

[Brightness]: Adjusts the overall brightness of the image. Move the slider to the right to brighten the image, and to the left to darken the image.

[Saturation]: Adjusts the overall color saturation of the image. Move the slider to the right to make the color deeper, and to the left to make the color weaker.

[Contrast]: Adjusts the overall contrast of the image. Move the slider to the right to make contrast stronger and to the left to make contrast weaker.

[Detail Enhancement]

[Strength]: Adjusts the overall contrast and contrast of details together. Move the slider to the right for a stronger effect.

[Smoothness]: Adjusts the overall smoothness of the image. Move the slider to the right for a smooth and natural impression.

[Fineness]: Adjusts the clearness of details. Move the slider to the right for a sharper outline.

● [Presets] and finishing effects

With [Presets], you can select from the five preset finishing effects below from a pulldown menu ([Natural] is selected by default), instead of operating the sliders individually. By selecting a finishing effect, each slider moves according to the setting. You can also operate and adjust the sliders after selecting an effect.

[Natural]: In high-contrast scenes, rendering in areas where highlights or shadows are usually clipped is corrected, for a finish with reduced highlight and shadow clipping.

[Art standard]: Gives a finish with painting-like tonality for an impressive image.

[Art vivid] For a more vivid look than with [Art standard].

[Art bold]: For a more vivid look than with [Art standard], that makes the subject pop out.

[Art embossed]: Tones down sharpness more than [Art standard], for an old-fashioned feel.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

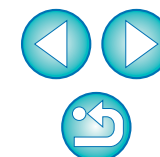
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

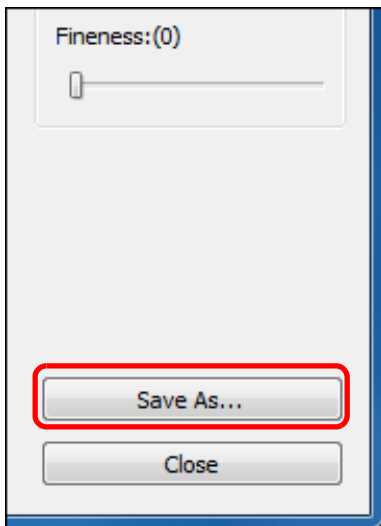
Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



5 Click the [Save As] button.



→ By clicking the [Save As] button, the [Convert and save] (p.42) window appears. Specify the required settings and click the [Save] button.

Starting Up Map Utility

Map Utility is a software that allows you to view images shot on a GPS function-compatible Canon camera, including the shooting location and route travelled. After installing Map Utility to your computer, you can start it up from DPP.

Select the [Tools] menu ▶ [Start Map Utility].

- Map Utility starts up.
- For information about Map Utility, refer to the Map Utility instructions, or to the Help for Map Utility.

⚠ Do not edit images with DPP and use Map Utility at the same time. Editing results may not be saved properly.

- Version 1.1.0 or later versions of Map Utility are compatible.
- Map Utility is not included on the EOS DIGITAL Solution Disk.
- [Start Map Utility] will not appear in the [Tools] menu if Map Utility is not installed to your computer.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

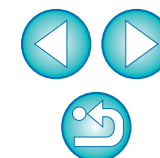
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index

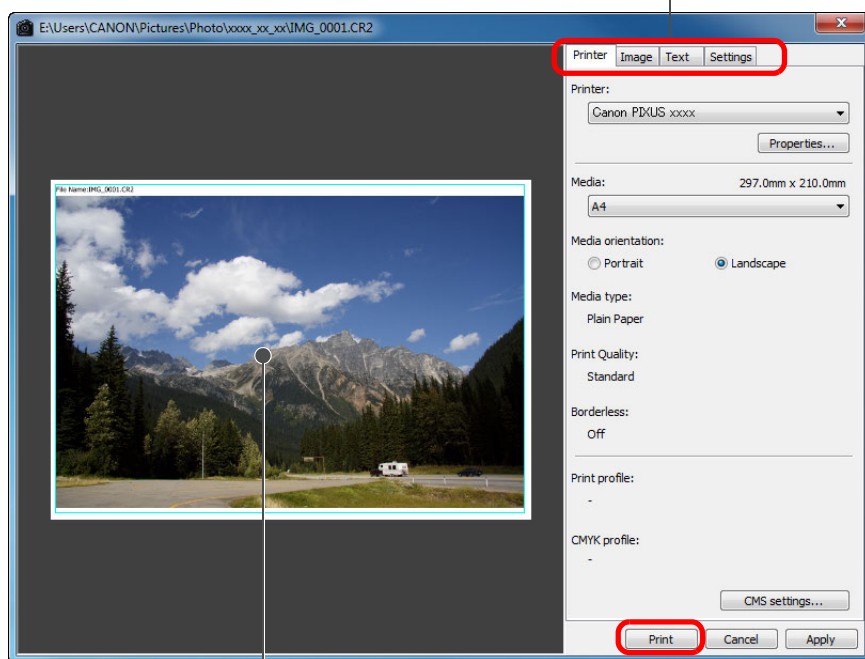


Printing with Shooting Information

You can freely layout one image on one sheet of paper and print together with titles and shooting information, etc.

- 1 Select one image to be printed.
- 2 Select the [File] menu ▶ [Print with detailed setting].
- 3 Specify the required settings for printing, and then click the [Print] button.

Switches the settings tab sheet



Print preview

- The image can be moved by dragging.
- Drag the four corners of the image to change the size.
- For the shooting information, click [i] on the [Text] tab sheet and select the necessary items in the window that is displayed.



To maintain the settings

The settings of each tab sheet in step 3 are memorized when the [Apply] button is clicked (excluding the contents of the [Text] tab sheet). The settings can be applied to another image when printing.



- You can set printer profiles (p.95).
- If CMYK simulation has been set, the image is printed in the set colors (p.95).

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

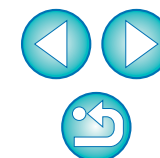
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index

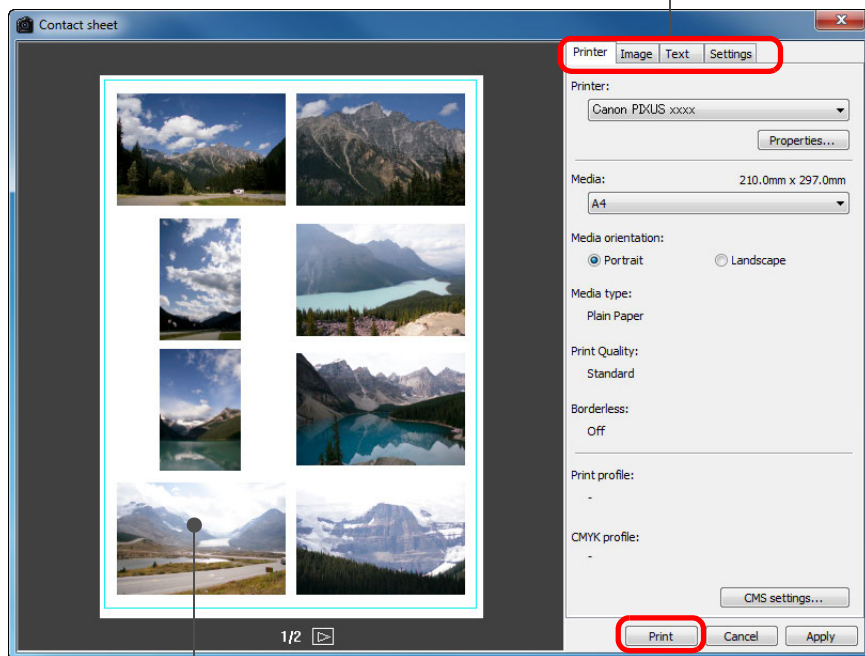


Printing a Thumbnail List (Contact Sheet Printing)

You can print rows of multiple images on one sheet of paper.

- 1 Select images to be printed in a thumbnail list.
- 2 Select the [File] menu ▶ [Contact Sheet Prints].
- 3 Specify the required settings for printing, and then click the [Print] button.

Switches the settings tab sheet



Print preview



To maintain the settings

The settings of each tab sheet in step 3 are memorized when the [Apply] button is clicked (excluding the contents of the [Text] tab sheet). The settings can be applied to another image when printing.



- You can set printer profiles ([p.95](#)).
- If CMYK simulation has been set, the image is printed in the set colors ([p.95](#)).

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

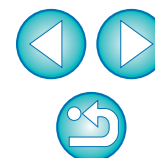
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



Printing RAW Images on a High-End Canon Printer

Printing with a High-End Canon Inkjet Printer

For high-end Canon inkjet printers that are compatible with the printing software Easy-PhotoPrint Pro and Print Studio Pro, you can print with DPP by a simple operation that has the following features:

- Simple printing of RAW images
- Printing in faithful colors
- High quality printing using a wide color space of Adobe RGB, etc. and the wide color reproduction range of a high-end Canon inkjet printer

To print with DPP and Easy-PhotoPrint Pro, first install Easy-PhotoPrint Pro version 1.3 or later on your computer.

Printing with DPP and Easy-PhotoPrint Pro

- 1 Select the [File] menu ▶ [Plug-in printing] ▶ [Print with Easy-PhotoPrint Pro].**
→ Easy-PhotoPrint Pro starts up.
- 2 Match on-screen image colors and printing result colors.**
 - Select [Custom] in [Print Quality], click the [Set] button, and in the window that appears, drag the slider to [1] at the right end, and then click the [OK] button to close the window.
Next, click the [Color Adjustment] button to display the [Color Adjustment] window and display the [Color Management] tab sheet. Set [Color Mode] to [Enable ICC Profile] and [Printer Profile] to [Auto], and then click the [OK] button to close the [Color Adjustment] window.
- 3 Specify any other required settings for printing, and then print.**

? Additional information

- **Print up to 1000 images at a time**
You can print up to 1000 images selected in DPP at a time. When printing more than 1000 images, divide the printing into several jobs.
- **Function set in DPP that is not applied to printing**
Specified CMYK simulation (p.95) is not applied.
- **The printed image's color is not what you expected**
In the Easy-PhotoPrint Pro window, click the [Color Adjustment] button to display the [Color Management] tab sheet, set [Rendering Intent] to [Perceptual] (p.147), and try printing.

💡 Advantages of printing with Easy-PhotoPrint Pro

- **Printing with faithful colors**
When a color space is set (p.79, p.95), it is automatically transmitted from DPP to Easy-PhotoPrint Pro, allowing you to print with faithful colors.
- **Printing with a wide color reproduction**
When the color space setting (p.79, p.95) is set to a color space wider than sRGB (such as Adobe RGB), the image is printed with a wider color gamut than an image that has an sRGB color space, with green and blue in particular being reproduced vividly.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

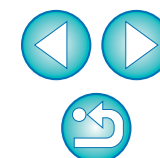
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



Printing with DPP and Print Studio Pro

- 1** Select the [File] menu ▶ [Plug-in printing] ▶ [Print with Print Studio Pro].
→ Print Studio Pro starts up.
- 2** Specify required settings for printing photographs, and then print.
 - Refer to Print Studio Pro's Instruction Manual for details on settings.

? Additional information

- **Print up to 1000 images at a time**
You can print up to 1000 images selected in DPP at a time. When printing more than 1000 images, divide the printing into several jobs.
- **Function set in DPP that is not applied to printing**
Specified CMYK simulation ([p.97](#)) is not applied.

💡 Advantages of printing with Print Studio Pro

- **Printing with faithful colors**
When a color space is set ([p.79](#), [p.95](#)), it is automatically transmitted from DPP to Print Studio Pro, allowing you to print with faithful colors.
- **Printing with a wide color reproduction**
When the color space setting ([p.79](#), [p.95](#)) is set to a color space wider than sRGB (such as Adobe RGB), the image is printed with a wider color gamut than an image that has an sRGB color space, with green and blue in particular being reproduced vividly.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

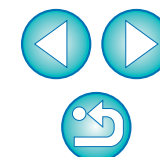
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



Printing with a Large-Format Canon Printer

You can use DPP to print with the DPP-compatible Canon large-format imagePROGRAF printer. To print with DPP, first install imagePROGRAF Print Plug-In for Digital Photo Professional on your computer.

- 1 **Select the [File] menu ▶ [Plug-in printing] ▶ Plug-In for the printer you use.**
→ The Plug-In starts up.
- 2 **Specify the required printing photographs and then print.**

? Additional information

- **A single image can be printed at a time**
You can print a single image selected in DPP at a time. When printing multiple images, perform printing for each image individually.
- **Functions set in DPP that are not applied to printing**
Specified output resolution (p.92) and CMYK simulation (p.95) are not applied.

💡 Advantages of printing with imagePROGRAF Print Plug-In

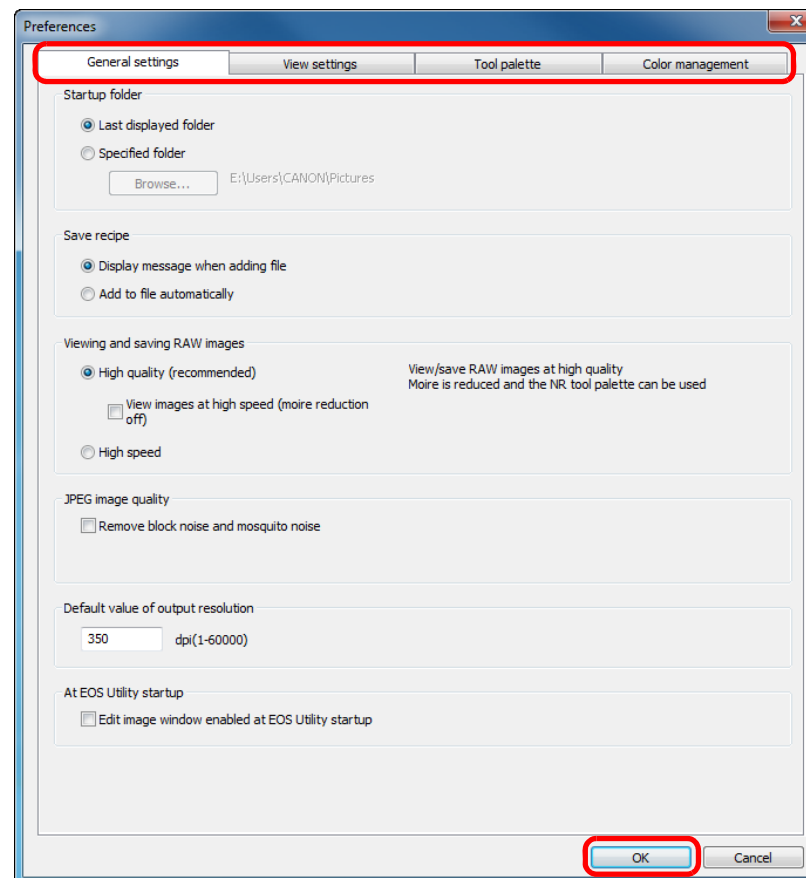
- **Printing with faithful colors**
When a color space is set (p.79, p.95), it is automatically transmitted from DPP to the Plug-In, allowing you to print with faithful colors.
- **Printing with a wide color reproduction**
When the color space setting (p.79, p.95) is set to a color space wider than sRGB (such as Adobe RGB), the color reproduction range of the imagePROGRAF printer is fully utilized and the image is printed with a wider color gamut than an image that has an sRGB color space, with green and blue in particular being reproduced vividly.

Specifying Preferences

You can change the various functions of DPP in the [Preferences] window. Check the contents of each window and set.

Also, depending on the item, a detailed explanation may be available, so refer to each window.

- 1 **Select the [Tools] menu ▶ [Preferences].**
→ The [Preferences] window appears.
- 2 **Select the tab sheet, specify the settings, and then click the [OK] button.**



Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

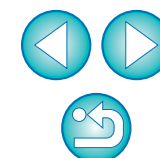
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

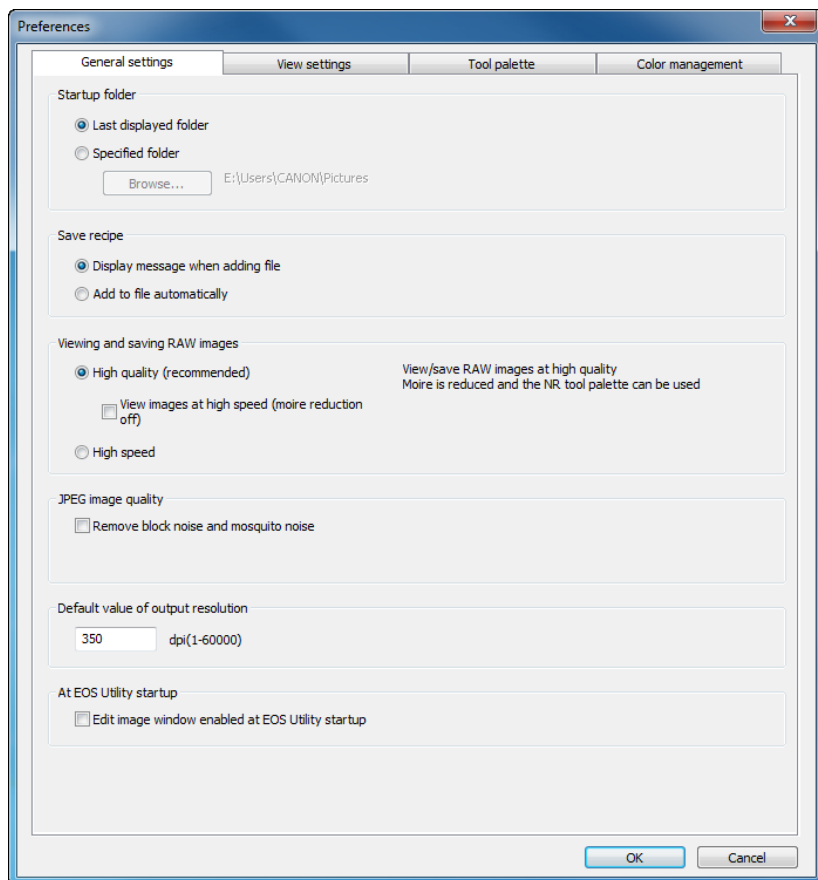
Reference

Index



General Settings

You can specify the folder that opens when DPP is started up, image quality of displayed and saved RAW images, etc.



● Viewing and saving RAW images

You can select from two types of image quality for displaying/saving RAW images: high image quality with false color reduction processing and noise reduction function (p.62) used, or high speed without false color processing and noise reduction function used.

[High quality]

- False color reduction processing is automatically applied, and the image can be displayed/saved as a false color reduced-high quality image. Furthermore, you can use the noise reduction function (p.62) to reduce the luminance noise and chrominance noise.
- Because the effects of the false color reduction processing and noise reduction function are difficult to see in the [50% view] or [Fit to window] display of the edit window and edit image window, use [100% view] or [200% view] to check.
- We recommend that you normally set [High quality] for a balance between image quality and display speed.

[View images at high speed (moiré reduction off)] of [High quality]

- If you checkmark [View images at high speed (moiré reduction off)], when the image is displayed in the edit window or the edit image window, false color reduction processing is not applied. However, you can use the noise reduction function.
- As the setting is the same as [High quality] other than for image display, the image undergoes false color reduction processing when it is saved.

[High speed]

- Since false color reduction processing is not applied, the display speed of a RAW image in the edit window or the edit image window, and the time it takes to save a RAW image is shorter than with [High quality].
- You cannot use the noise reduction function (p.62).
- Depending on the image, it may be displayed/saved with false color or noise being noticeable.

❗ For images shot with ISO speed range expansion set, the difference in image quality between [High quality] and [High speed] becomes remarkable. To check the image quality of images shot with ISO speed range expansion, make sure to set [High quality] and check the images in the edit window or edit image window.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

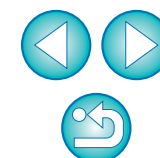
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



● JPEG image quality

[Remove block noise and mosquito noise]

- You can improve the quality of a JPEG image by reducing the noise particular to JPEG images.

This setting is also effective when RAW images are converted to JPEG images and saved (p.42, p.102) and for JPEG images that have been saved with a different name.

? The extent of the improvement in noise reduction

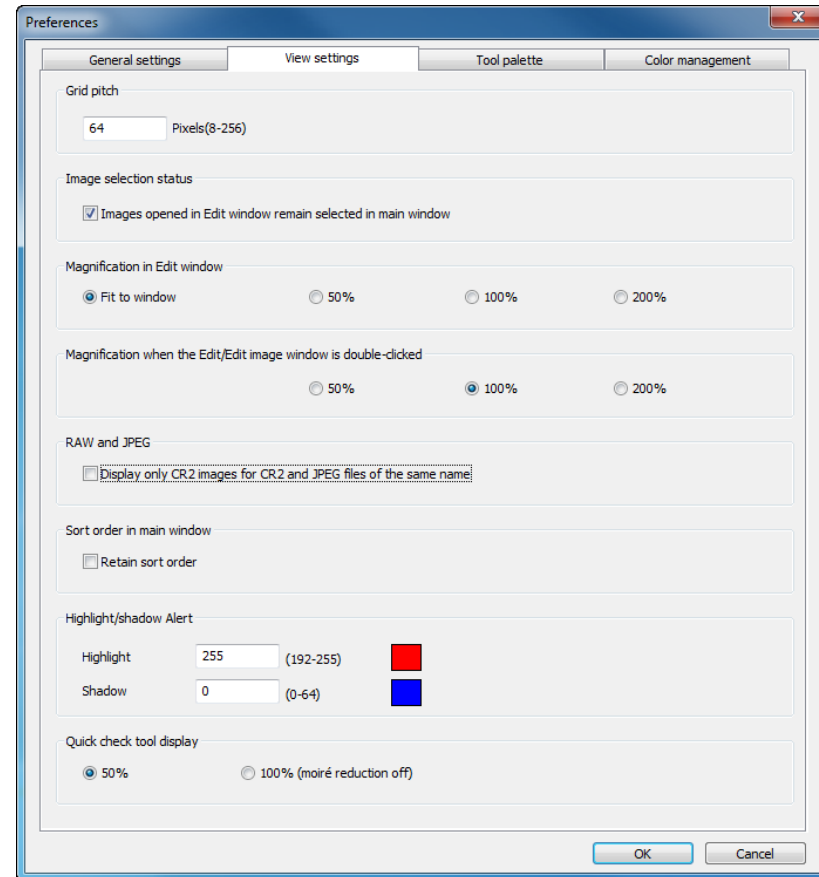
The higher the JPEG image's compression rate, the more noise is reduced. When the compression rate is low, the effect of noise reduction is negligible.

● Default value of output resolution

You can set the resolution for RAW images converted and saved as JPEG or TIFF images (p.42, p.102).

View Settings

You can specify settings relating to the display.



Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

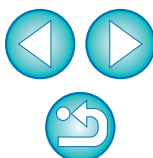
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



● Sort order in main window

You can set the order of images which have been rearranged in the main window to be maintained or not maintained (p.21).

If you checkmark the checkbox, the order of the rearranged images is maintained even if you exit DPP or select another folder in the folder area.

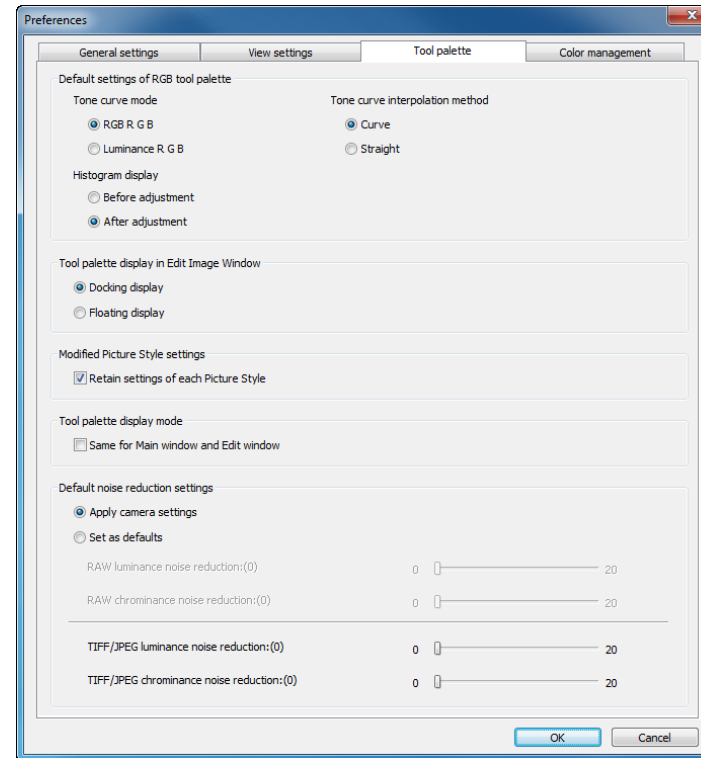
If you remove the check mark, the order of the rearranged images is not maintained and reverts to the previous order when you exit DPP or select another folder in the folder area.

● Highlight/shadow warning

Highlighted/shaded areas that exceed the set range can be displayed on the image as warning indicators (p.55).

Tool Palette

You can specify settings for the tool palette.



● Default settings of RGB tool palette

You cannot apply changes to the settings until you re-open the folder.

? Changes are not applied to the edited image

Even if the default setting is changed, the new default setting is not applied to edited (i.e., adjusted using the tool palette, trimmed, dust-erased) images. Change each one individually.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

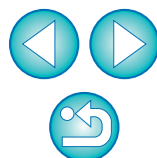
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



● Modified Picture Style settings

You can select whether the [Color tone], [Color saturation], [Contrast], [Unsharp mask] and [Sharpness] settings will be changed accordingly or retained, when you change the Picture Style.

- If you checkmark the checkbox, the [Color tone], [Color saturation], [Contrast] and [Sharpness] settings will be changed to match the camera's preset settings, when you change the Picture Style.
- If you remove the check mark, the [Color tone], [Color saturation], [Contrast] and [Sharpness] settings will be retained, even if you change the Picture Style.

● Default noise reduction settings

You can set a default beforehand for the noise reduction level.

RAW Images

- When [Apply camera settings] is selected, you can pre-set a noise reduction level that suits the camera settings beforehand as the default.
- When [Set as defaults] is selected, you can pre-set a preferred default setting for the noise reduction level beforehand.

JPEG/TIFF Images

- You can set a desired default noise reduction level beforehand.

For images not having a recipe attached, the default set here for noise reduction level is applied. However, if you want to apply settings to images in the opened folder, you need to re-open the folder after making settings here. For images with a recipe attached, the noise level recorded in the recipe remains as it is and the default for noise reduction level set here is not applied.

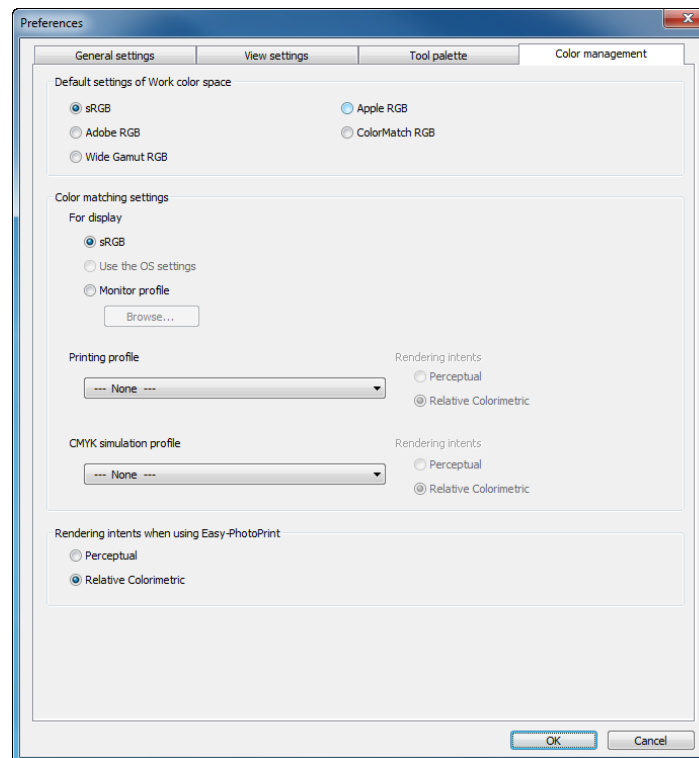


Advantages of setting a noise reduction default

In instances where the same level of noise occurs in several images, such as images shot with high ISO speed, setting an appropriate default noise reduction setting enables you to apply a batch noise reduction default to all the images displayed in DPP (excluding images with a recipe attached). This eliminates the need to apply noise reduction to each individual image. And, since you always shoot with the same conditions, it is also useful when you want to set the same noise reduction level for all shot images.

Color Management

You can specify settings relating to color management, such as settings for work color space, conditions for color matching, etc.



Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

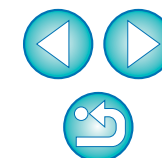
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



● Default settings of Work color space

You can select from five types of color space ([p.147](#)) that is applied as a default setting in RAW images. Color space that has been set is applied as the color space when a RAW image is converted and saved ([p.42](#), [p.102](#)) or printed ([p.43](#), [p.46](#), [p.49](#), [p.87 to p.91](#)).

- If you have changed the setting, and you restart DPP, the new setting is applied as the default setting color space.
- You can check color space that has been set in an image in the main window ([p.127](#), [p.128](#)), the edit window ([p.130](#)), and the edit image window ([p.136](#)).

? Changes are not applied to the edited image

Even if the default setting is changed, the new default setting is not applied to edited (i.e., adjusted using the tool palette, trimmed, dust-erased) images. Change each one individually.



You can set a color space that is different from the default settings for each image ([p.79](#)).

● Display setting (color setting of the monitor)

Where a profile ([p.146](#)) is attached to the monitor you are using, you can display an image in more faithful colors by setting the profile.

- If you select [Use the OS settings], the color profile set in Windows will also be applied in DPP.
If you are using multiple monitors, only the profile of the primary monitor is applied to DPP.
- Select the [Monitor profile], click the [Browse] button and in the dialog box that appears, select a profile for your monitor.



Precise coloring with a third-party monitor color reader

If you use a profile created using a third-party monitor color reader, images can be displayed in even more precise colors.

● Setting of printing profile (color setting of the printer)

Where a profile is not attached to the printer you are using to print images, you can print an image and simulate the colors displayed on screen by setting the profile in DPP. The profile that has been set is applied to all printing ([p.49](#), [p.87](#), [p.88](#)) except for linked printing using a Canon inkjet printer ([p.43](#), [p.46](#), [p.89 to p.91](#)).



If you specify a profile for printing in DPP, set the color adjustment function of the printer driver to off. If it is left on, the image may be printed in colors different from those displayed on screen.



Automatic settings for printing using EPP EX, EPP, and linked printing

If you are printing using a Canon inkjet printer ([p.43](#), [p.46](#)) or using linked printing ([p.89](#), [p.91](#)), a profile is set automatically even when the [Printing profile] setting is not performed. This allows you to print faithful colors easily.

Introduction

Contents at
a Glance

Basic
Operation

Advanced
Operation

Advanced
Image Editing
and Printing

Processing
Large Numbers
of Images

Editing
JPEG/TIFF
Images

Reference

Index



● Setting of CMYK simulation profile

You can select the color when printing in the CMYK environment of a printing machine, etc. from four types of profiles ([p.147](#)) and perform simulation on screen.

- When CMYK simulation has been set, [CMYK] appears ([p.127](#), [p.128](#), [p.130](#), [p.136](#)) at the bottom of the main window, edit window and edit image window, and colors can be checked.
- To temporarily cancel CMYK simulation, press the <Ctrl> + <Y> keys.

● Rendering intents when using Easy-PhotoPrint

You can set a rendering intent (matching method) ([p.147](#)) for printing using Easy-PhotoPrint ([p.46](#)).

- The rendering intent is ordinarily set to [Relative Colorimetric].
- When colors with [Relative Colorimetric] are not satisfactory, set to [Perceptual].

Introduction

Contents at
a Glance

Basic
Operation

Advanced
Operation

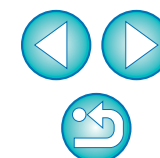
Advanced
Image Editing
and Printing

Processing
Large Numbers
of Images

Editing
JPEG/TIFF
Images

Reference

Index



4 Useful Functions for Processing Large Numbers of RAW Images



For users shooting a large amount of RAW images, the convenient function of batch processing large amounts of RAW images is explained here.

Utilizing Adjustment Contents (Recipe)	99
Saving Recipes as a File	100
Loading and Pasting Recipes	100
Copying a Recipe and Applying to Another Image ...	100
Batch Apply White Balance to Images (Personal White Balance)	101
Registering Personal White Balance	101
Applying Personal White Balance	101
Batch Save as JPEG or TIFF Images (Batch Processing)	102
Batch Transfer Images to Image Editing Software	103
Batch Change the File Name of Images	104
Changing the File Name of Images in the Order in the Main Window	104

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

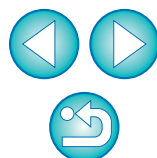
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



Utilizing Adjustment Contents (Recipe)

All the adjustment contents (recipe) made using the tool palette can be saved as an individual recipe file (extension “.vrd”) and loaded and applied to another image.

You can edit images efficiently by selecting and adjusting one image from images shot with the same shooting environment and batch applying the adjustment results to a large number of images.

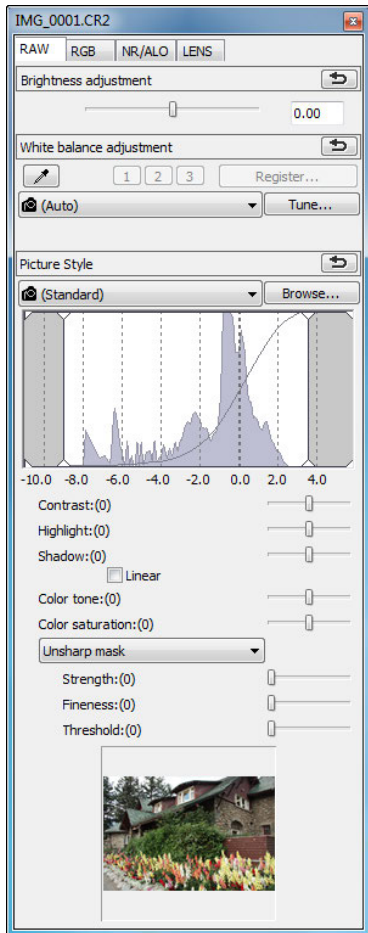


Image processing conditions information



Contents adjusted using the tool palette can be handled individually as a recipe file (extension “.vrd”).

? Additional information

- **Recipe data includes tool palette contents**

Recipe data includes adjustments made with the tool palette ([RAW], [RGB], [NR/ALO] and [LENS]). For this reason, other editing content such as trimming or dust-erasure (copy stamp) is not included in the recipe data.

- **Recipes adjusted with the [RAW] tool palette can only be applied to RAW images**

Adjustments in the [RAW] tool palette, which can only be made for RAW images, are not applied to a JPEG or TIFF image even if they are pasted.



The adjustment contents of JPEG or TIFF images ([p.106](#)) can be saved as a recipe file (extension “.vrd”) and loaded and applied to another image in the same way as with RAW images.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

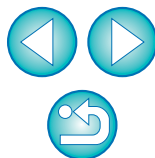
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



Saving Recipes as a File

- 1 Select an edited image, and then select the [Edit] menu ▶ [Save recipe in file].**
→ The [Save recipe in file] dialog box appears.
- 2 Select the destination folder, enter a file name, and then click the [Save] button.**

? Check the contents of a recipe file by pasting to an image

When you do not know the contents of a recipe file, paste it to an image and check the settings in the tool palette. When only a few settings are adjusted, we recommend you use a file name that describes the contents or that you separately record the adjustments as text information.

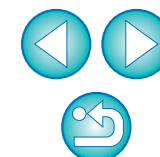
Loading and Pasting Recipes

- 1 Select the image to which a recipe is to be applied, and then select the [Edit] menu ▶ [Read and paste recipe from file].**
→ The [Open] dialog box appears.
- 2 Select a recipe and click the [Open] button.**
→ The recipe is applied to the image.

Copying a Recipe and Applying to Another Image

You can copy a recipe of an edited image and then apply it to another image.

- 1 Select the image from which a recipe is to be copied and then select the [Edit] menu ▶ [Copy recipe to clipboard].**
→ The recipe is copied.
- 2 Select the image to which the recipe is to be applied and then select the [Edit] menu ▶ [Paste recipe to selected image].**
→ The recipe is applied to the image.

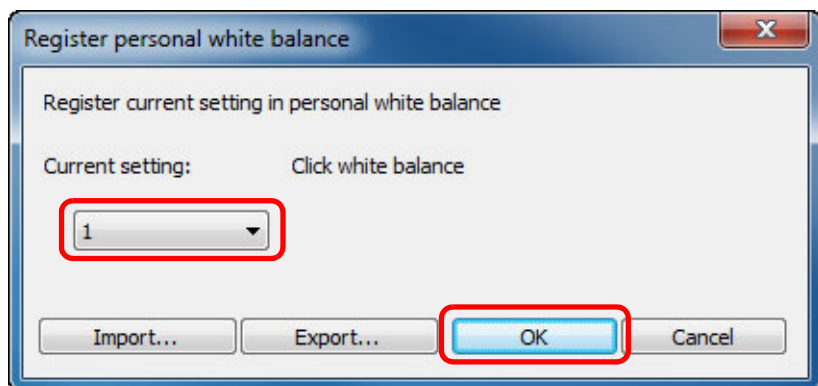
[Introduction](#)[Contents at a Glance](#)[Basic Operation](#)[Advanced Operation](#)[Advanced Image Editing and Printing](#)[Processing Large Numbers of Images](#)[Editing JPEG/TIFF Images](#)[Reference](#)[Index](#)

Batch Apply White Balance to Images (Personal White Balance)

The white balance adjustments made to a RAW image shot in a specific shooting environment can be registered as personal white balance. You can then perform efficient white balance adjustment by applying this personal white balance to a large number of RAW images shot in the same shooting environment.

Registering Personal White Balance

- 1 Adjust the white balance (p.28, p.56).**
 - To adjust white balance, select a setting other than [P ()] from the [White balance adjustment] list box (p.28). You will be unable to register the adjustments if you select [P ()].
- 2 In the [RAW] tool palette, click the [Register] button.**
 - The [Register personal white balance] dialog box appears.
- 3 Select the button number to be registered from the list and click the [OK] button.**



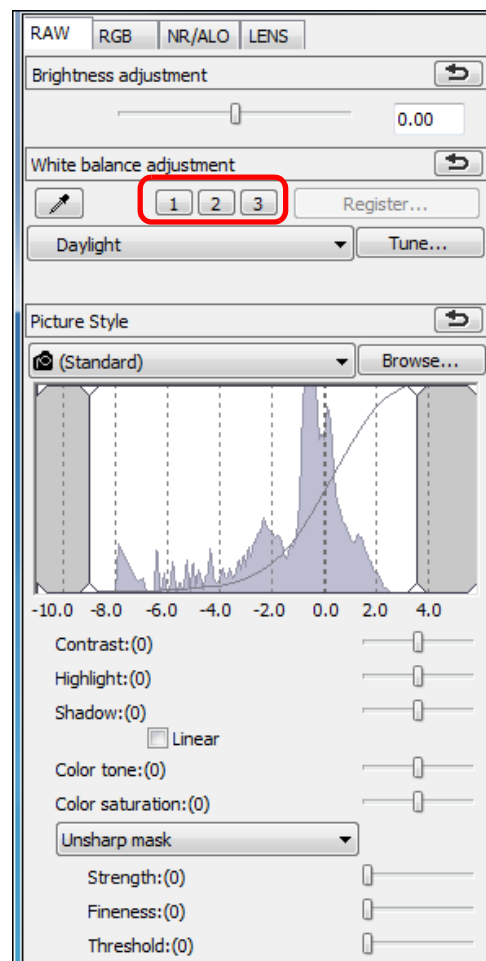
? To use the registered personal white balance on another computer

- 1** In step 3, click the [Export] button to write as a file.
- 2** Copy the file to another computer.
- 3** In DPP on the other computer, display the window of step 3.
- 4** Click the [Import] button and in the window that appears, select the copied file.

! You cannot change or adjust white balance with multiple-exposure RAW images created on the camera.

Applying Personal White Balance

- 1** In the main window, select the image to which white balance is to be applied.
- 2** Click the [Tool Palette] button on the toolbar.
 - The tool palette appears.
- 3** Click the personal white balance number button that is to be applied.



→ Personal white balance is applied to all the selected images.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

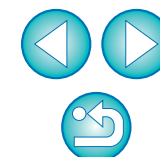
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index

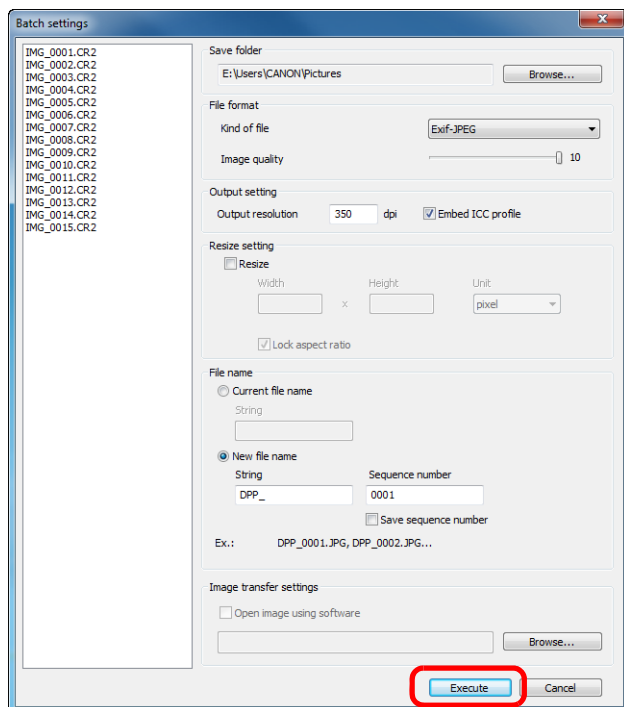


Batch Save as JPEG or TIFF Images (Batch Processing)

You can batch convert and save edited RAW images to highly versatile JPEG or TIFF images.

The images are saved as separate images, so the RAW images remain unaffected.

- 1 In the main window, select multiple images to be converted.
- 2 Click the [Batch process] button on the toolbar (p.127).
→ The [Batch settings] window appears.
- 3 Specify the required settings, and then click the [Execute] button.



- The batch processing dialog box appears and saving begins.
→ When all the images are saved, the [Exit] button appears in the batch processing dialog box.

- 4 In the processing dialog box, click the [Exit] button.

? Saving images with recipe is not possible

In the [Batch settings] window, you cannot perform [Save] or [Save As] (p.41, p.122) to edited RAW images.

💡 To save the developing/editing results for the version you are currently using

DPP's RAW image development processing technology is continually being improved upon so that you can perform the latest image processing more appropriately.

Meaning that, between two differing versions of DPP, processing results may differ very slightly even if with the same RAW image data, or the results of significant editing of RAW image data with an attached recipe may be different.

When you want to save the developing or editing results of the version you are currently using as it is, it is recommended that you convert and save images as JPEG image or TIFF images.

💡 Skillful batch saving

- While saving is being performed, you can continue working in another window

Since the saving function operates independently in the background, you can continue with an operation in another window such as the main window or the edit window during the saving process.

- To convert all images and save, do not select an image in the main window

If you do not perform step 1 and perform step 2 with no image selected in the main window, all the images displayed in the main window will be converted and saved.

⚠ If the message [Insufficient memory.] appears, too many images are selected at the same time. Decrease the number of selected images.

- 📄 If you have selected [New file name] in [File name], [Sequence number] has to be set.
- By saving as explained on this page, a trimmed image (p.38, p.114) or dust-erased image (p.75 to p.79, p.117 to p.121) actually becomes a trimmed image or dust-erased image.
- For a list of [Batch settings] window functions, see p.144.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

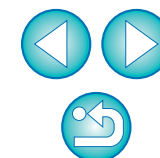
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

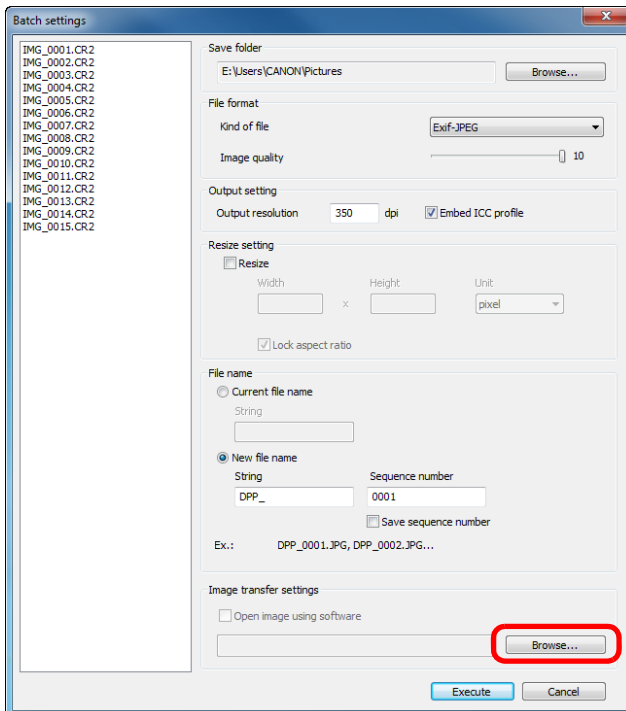
Index



Batch Transfer Images to Image Editing Software

You can transfer multiple images to image editing software. Unlike [Transferring a RAW Image to Photoshop] (p.79), you transfer images that have first been converted and saved as a separate image, so the transferred image will not disappear after exiting the destination software. The software used here as an example is Adobe Photoshop CS.

- 1 In the main window, select multiple images to be transferred.
- 2 Click the [Batch process] button on the toolbar (p.127).
→ The [Batch settings] window appears.
- 3 Perform settings required for transferring (e.g. file format).
- 4 Click the [Browse] button.

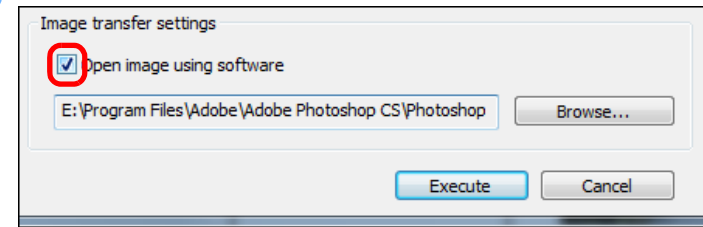


→ The [Open] dialog box appears.

5 Select Photoshop CS.

- In the [Open] dialog box, select a Photoshop CS file or a shortcut and click the [Open] button.
- The [Open] dialog box closes and [Image transfer settings] in the [Batch settings] window is set to Photoshop CS.

6 Checkmark [Open image using software].



7 Click the [Execute] button.

- The processing dialog box appears and batch transfer begins.
- When the first image has been transferred, Photoshop CS starts up and transferred images are displayed in transferred order.

! If the message [Insufficient memory.] appears, too many images are selected at the same time. Decrease the number of selected images.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

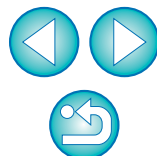
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

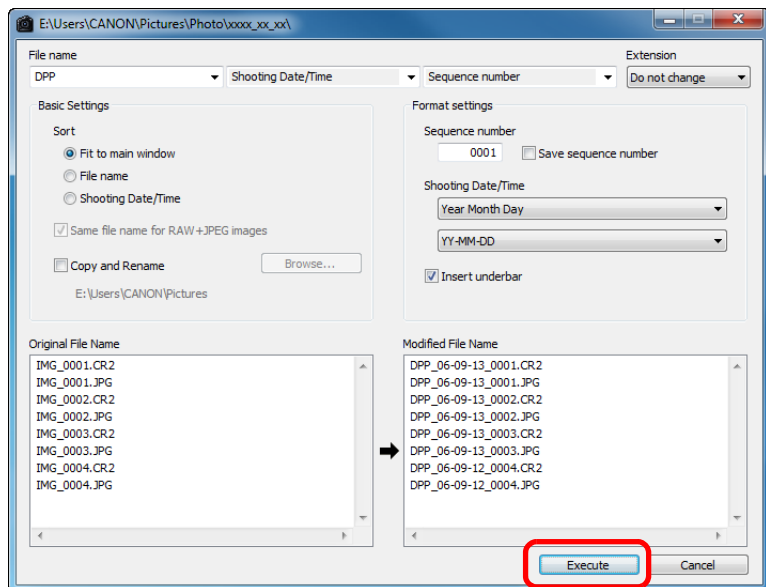
Reference

Index



Batch Change the File Name of Images

- 1 In the main window, select multiple images of which the file names are to be changed.
- 2 Select the [Tools] menu ▶ [Start Rename tool].
→ The rename window appears.
- 3 Specify the required settings (p.145) and click the [Execute] button.



→ Processing begins and the file names are changed.

? Changes cannot be made when the file name is duplicated

If a file name in red text has appeared in [Modified File Name], the file name has been duplicated. Changes cannot be made if even one file name has been duplicated. Change the settings so that duplication does not occur.

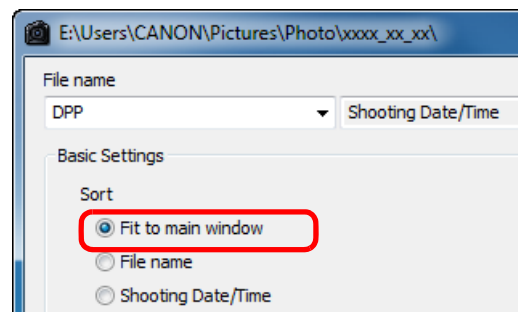
! The name of the movie files cannot be changed in DPP.

- You cannot start up the rename tool from the [Collection] window (p.36, p.128).
- For a list of the rename window functions, see p.145.

Changing the File Name of Images in the Order in the Main Window

When you change the order of the images in the main window, you can change in one operation the names of the files for the images, in the order they were rearranged.

- 1 Change the order of the images in the main window (p.21).
- 2 In the main window, select multiple images of which the file names are to be changed.
- 3 Select the [Tools] menu ▶ [Start Rename tool].
- 4 Select [Fit to main window].



- 5 Specify the required settings (p.145).
 - To copy an image, checkmark [Copy Rename].

- 6 Click the [Execute] button.
→ The file names are changed and the order in the main window is maintained.

! If the message [Insufficient memory.] appears, too many images are selected at the same time. Decrease the number of selected images.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

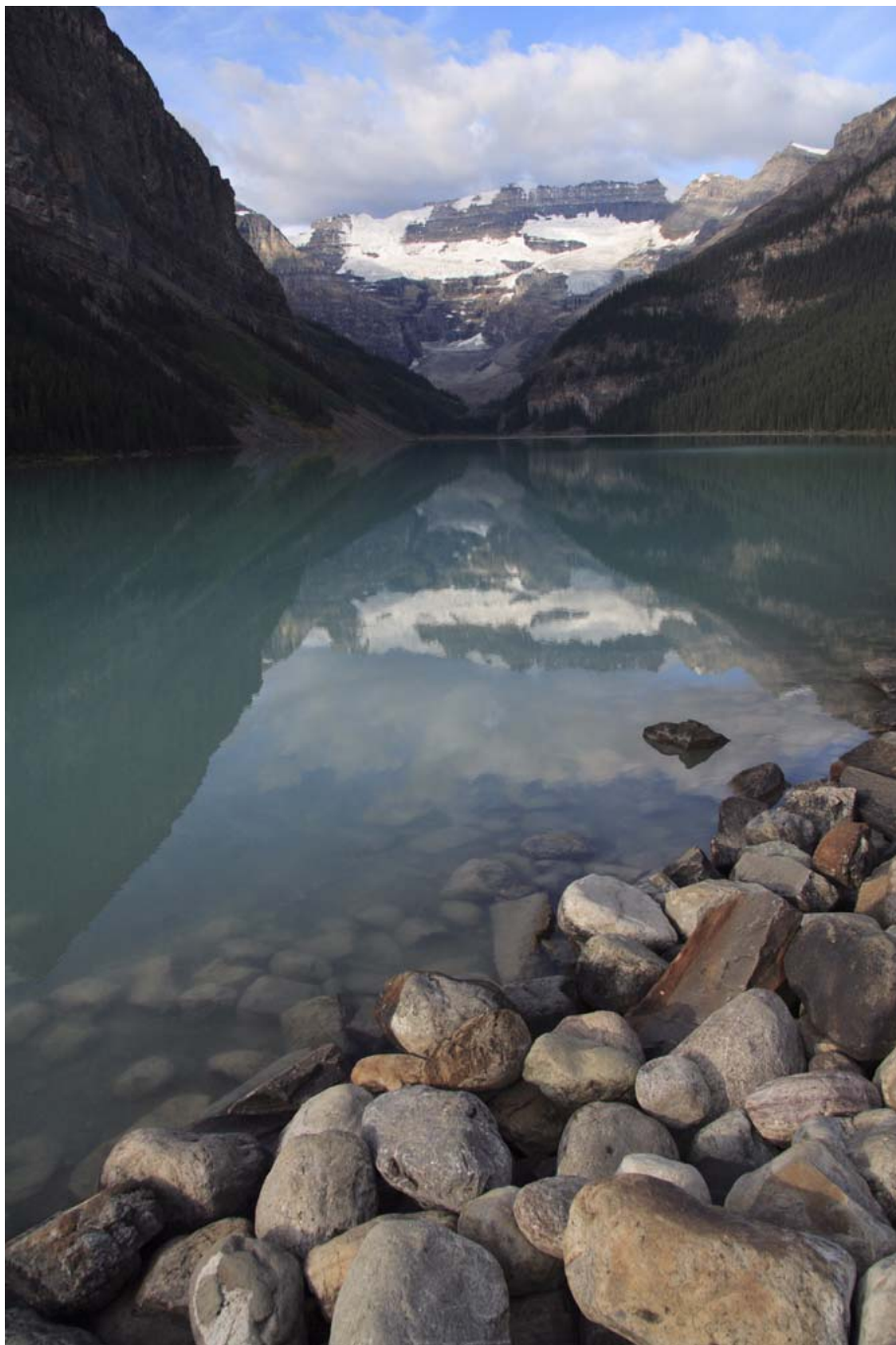
Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



5 Editing JPEG and TIFF Images



DPP is software mainly aimed for advanced RAW image editing, but it also has JPEG and TIFF image editing functions. Here, the editing and saving of JPEG and TIFF images are explained.

Editing JPEG and TIFF Images.....	106
About the RGB Tool Palette	106
Automatically Adjusting Brightness and Color (Tone Curve Assist)	107
Adjusting Brightness and Contrast	108
Adjusting Color Tone Using Click White Balance.....	109
Adjusting Hue, Saturation and Sharpness.....	110
Tone Curve Adjustment.....	111
Adjusting Dynamic Range	112
Reducing Noise	113
Trimming and Adjusting the Angle of an Image....	114
Performing Automatic Dust Erasure Processing ...	117
Compatible Cameras.....	117
Automatic Dust Erasure Processing in the Main Window	118
Manually Erasing Dust (Repair Function).....	119
Erasing Unwanted Parts of an Image (Copy Stamp Function).....	121
Compositing and High Dynamic Range.....	121
Starting Up Map Utility.....	121
Saving Editing Results.....	122
Saving Editing Content to an Image	122
Saving as a Separate Image	122
Applying Editing Contents to Another Image.....	122
Printing	122
Re-Editing an Image.....	123

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

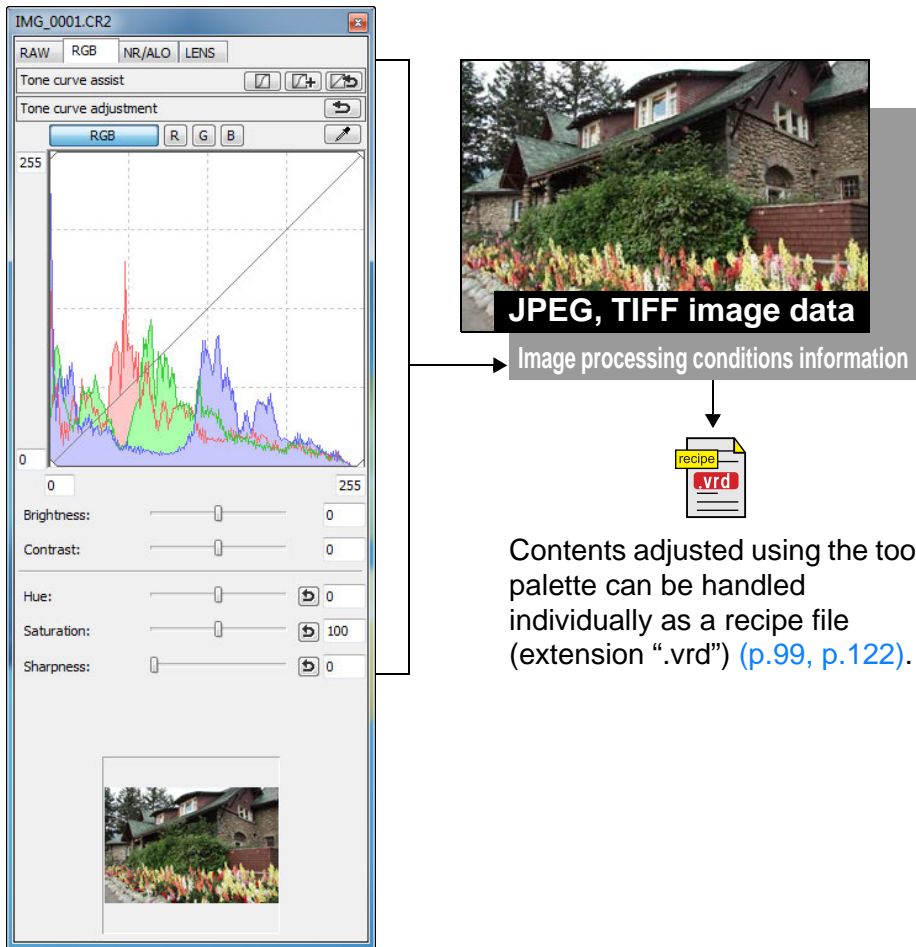
Index



Editing JPEG and TIFF Images

With DPP, you can adjust JPEG and TIFF images in the same way as RAW images using the [RGB] and [NR/ALO] tool palettes.

Because adjustment made with the tool palette (recipe) only changes the image processing conditions, the “original image data itself” remains unaffected. Therefore, there are no problems with image deterioration that arise with editing and you can readjust your images any number of times.



Contents adjusted using the tool palette can be handled individually as a recipe file (extension “.vrd”) (p.99, p.122).

In DPP all the adjustments (image processing conditions information) made with the tool palette can be saved in the image as data called a “recipe” (p.122), or can be saved, downloaded and applied to other images as a separate recipe file (extension “.vrd”) (p.99, p.122).

About the RGB Tool Palette

With the functions in the [RGB] tool palette, you can adjust JPEG and TIFF images with the same functions as ordinary image editing software.

However, because the adjustment width of the adjustment functions in the [RGB] tool palette is wider than the [RAW] tool palette, the image color may be saturated, or the image quality may deteriorate if you adjust too much. Therefore, take care not to adjust your images to an excessive degree.

You can adjust RAW images with the functions in the [RGB] tool palette. However, for functions other than tone curve adjustment (p.111) and automatic adjustment (p.107), we recommend adjusting RAW images using the same functions available in the [RAW] tool palette.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

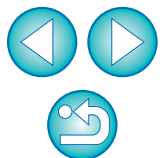
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index

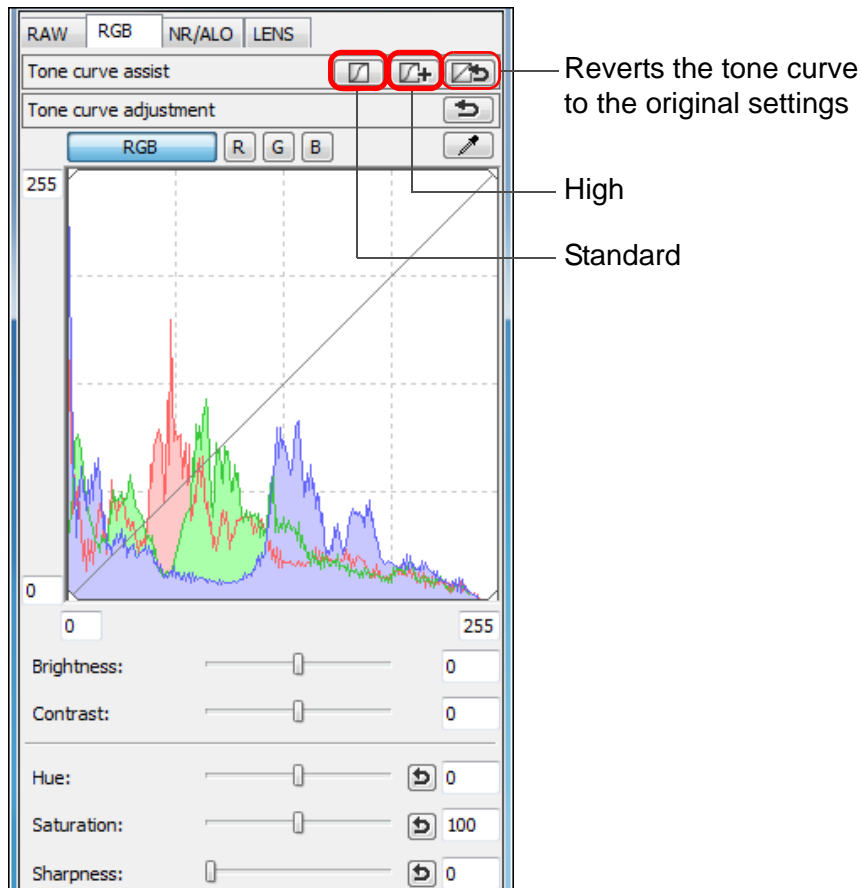


Automatically Adjusting Brightness and Color (Tone Curve Assist)

In order to make the image a desirable standard image, automatically adjust the image tone curve ([p.146](#)). You can select the degree of automatic adjustment from “Standard” and “High”.

Click the desired automatic adjustment button.

- **Standard:** Standard automatic adjustment. Suitable for most images.
- **High:** Use when the effect achieved in standard automatic adjustment is not strong enough.



→ The tone curve changes as adjusted.




Images not suitable for automatic adjustment (tone curve assist)

The result of automatic adjustment (tone curve assist) may not be as expected with the following images:

- Images which have been shot with the proper exposure
- Images where the brightness is unbalanced
- Images which are too dark
- Images which have extreme backlighting



If you click the [] button, the tone curve as well as the [Hue] and [Saturation] revert to the default settings. Take care when adjusting the [Hue] and [Saturation] individually ([p.110](#)).

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

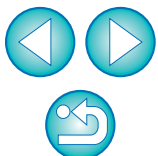
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

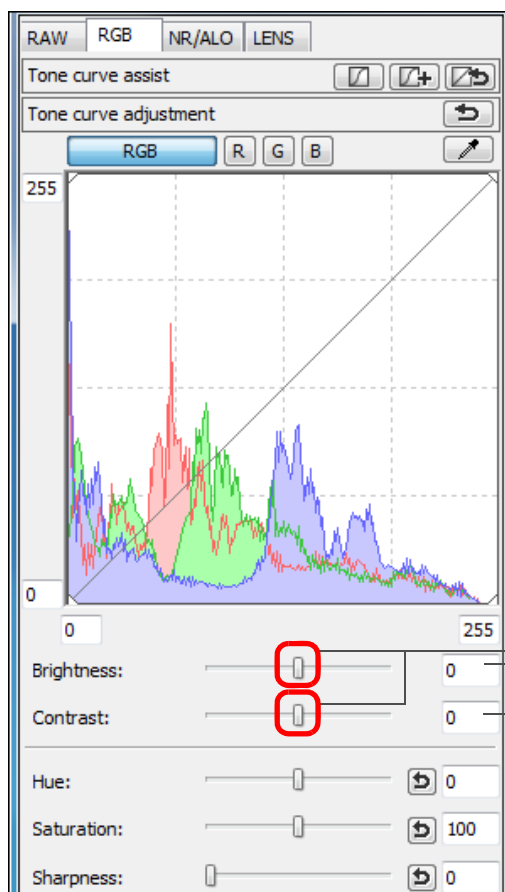
Reference

Index



Adjusting Brightness and Contrast

The brightness and contrast of an image can be adjusted.



Drag the sliders left or right
Enter numerical values

- **Brightness:** Move the slider to the right to make an image brighter and to the left to make an image darker.
- **Contrast:** Used to adjust modulation and degree of contrast of color. Move the slider to the right to make contrast of an image stronger and to the left to make contrast weaker.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

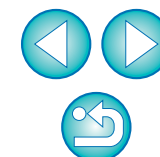
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index

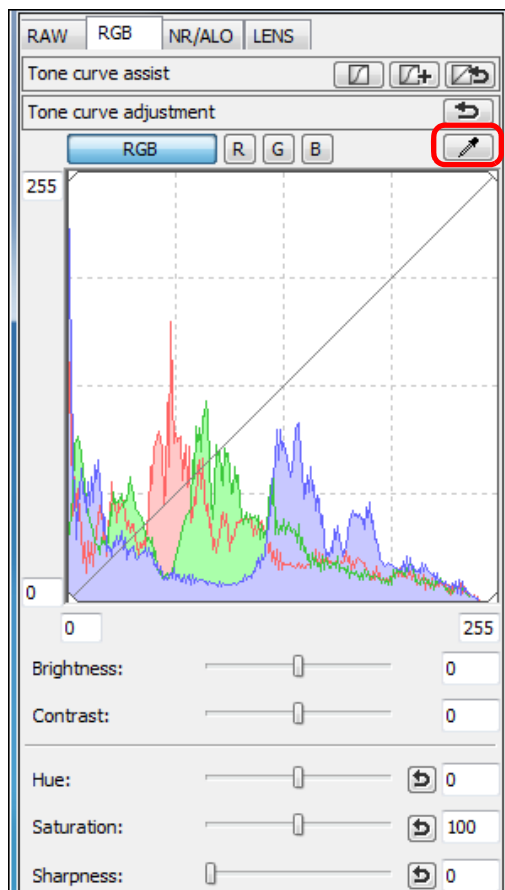


The adjustment range is -100 to +100 (in 1-stop increments when entering a value).

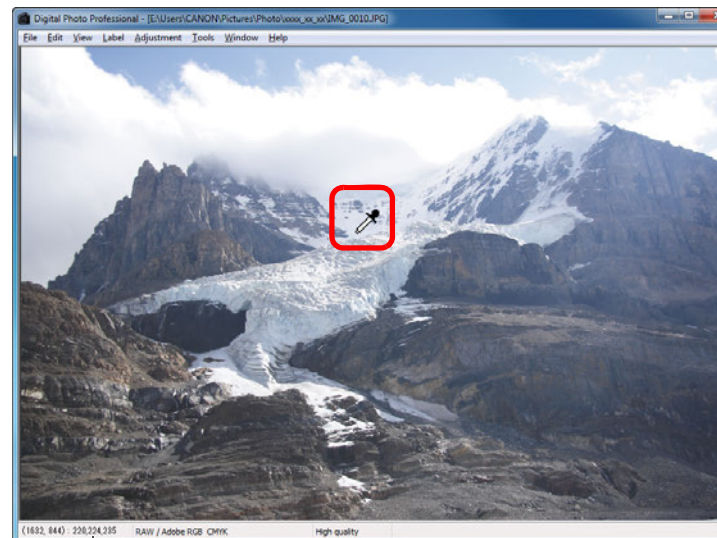
Adjusting Color Tone Using Click White Balance

You can adjust white balance using a selected part of an image as the standard for white to make the image appear natural. Using click white balance is effective when using it in parts of an image where white color tone has changed under the influence of a light source.


1 Click the [] button.



2 Click on a point that is to be the standard for white.



The coordinates of the cursor position and the RGB values (8-bit conversion)

- The color of the image is adjusted with the point you selected as the standard for white.
- If you click on another point in the image, the white balance is adjusted again.
- To finish click white balance, right-click with the mouse or click the [] button again.

? When there are no white areas in your image

When there are no white areas in your image, you can adjust the white balance by clicking on a grey point of the image in step 2. This has the same adjustment result as selecting a white point.

- The image is adjusted based on the average value of 5 × 5 pixel range from the clicked point.
- The histogram display changes according to adjustment. You can also fix the histogram display to the display before any adjustments (p.94).

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

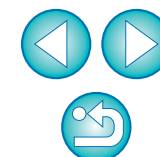
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

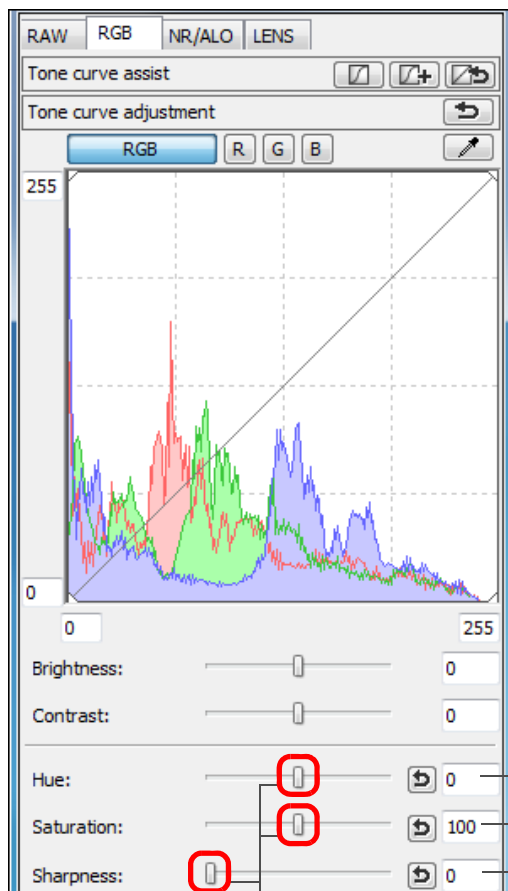
Reference

Index



Adjusting Hue, Saturation and Sharpness

You can adjust hue (tone) and saturation and make the overall atmosphere of an image sharper or softer.



Enter numerical values

Drag the sliders left or right

- **Hue:** Move the slider to the right to make color tones more yellow, and to the left to make color tones redder.
- **Saturation:** Move the slider to the right to make the color deeper, and to the left to make the color weaker.
- **Sharpness:** Move the slider to the right to make an image sharper, and to the left to make an image softer.

? Sharpness is unnatural

Adjust sharpness with the window view set to [100% view], [50% view] or [200% view]. If the view is set to [Fit to window] (full view), the sharpness will seem unnatural.



The adjustment range is -30 to 30 for hue, 0 to 200 for saturation, and 0 to 500 for sharpness (in 1-stop increments when entering a value).

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

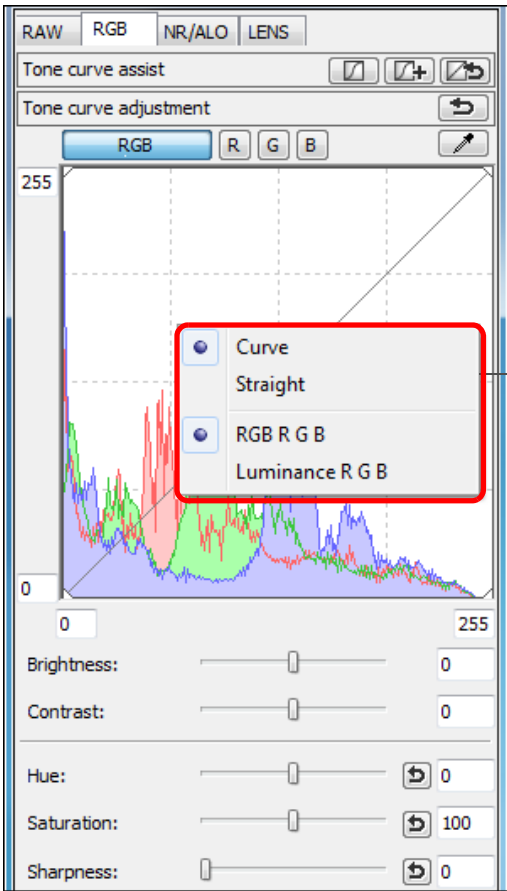
Index



Tone Curve Adjustment

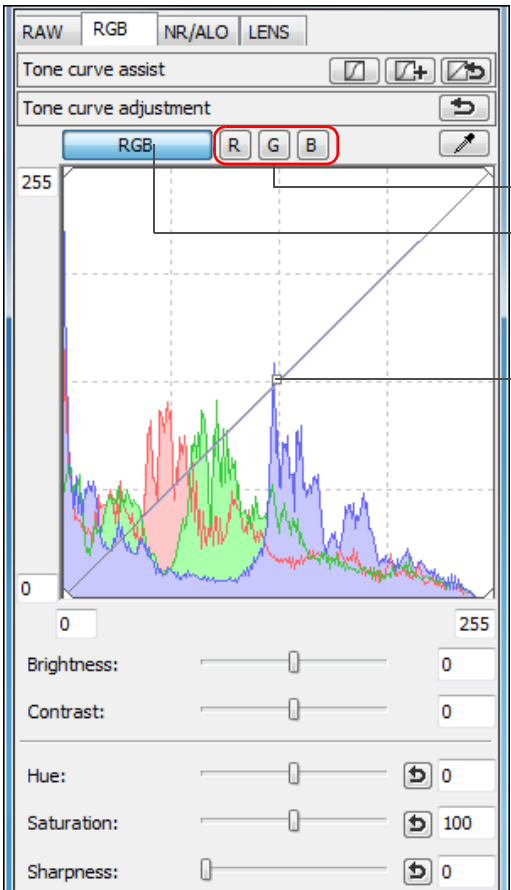
You can adjust the brightness, contrast and color of a specific area by changing the tone curve (p.146).

1 Select the tone curve mode and interpolation method.



Right-click with the mouse inside the graph to display the menu

2 Make adjustments.



Adjusts each channel

Batch adjusts RGB

Click to add a [] (point)
Adjust by dragging []

- The horizontal axis shows the input level and the vertical axis shows the output level.
- The maximum number of [] is 8.
- To delete a [], either press the key or double-click on the [].



- The histogram display changes according to adjustment. You can also fix the histogram display to the display before any adjustments (p.94).
- The tone curve mode and interpolation method for a tone curve can also be changed in [Preferences] (p.94).

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

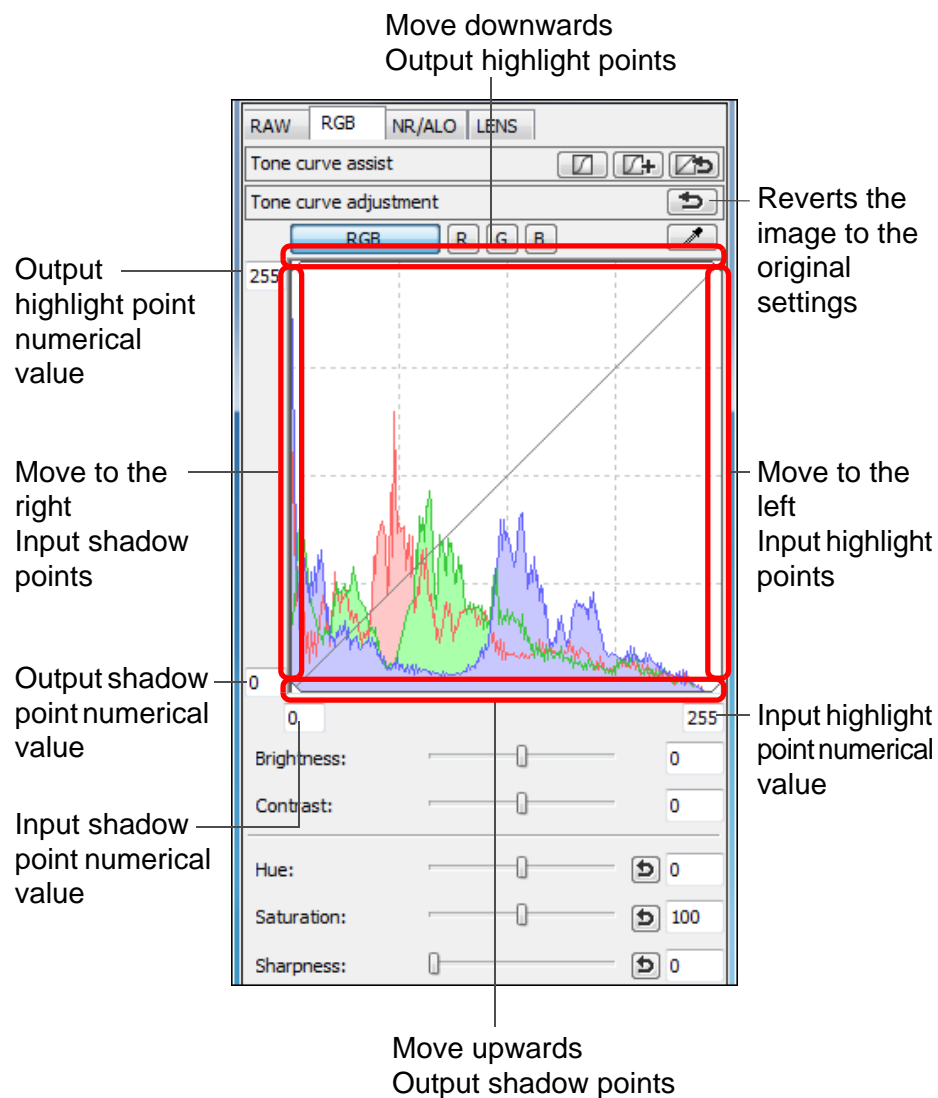
Reference

Index



Adjusting Dynamic Range

Dynamic range (width of gradation expression) from dark points to bright points in an image can be adjusted.



- The horizontal axis shows the input level and the vertical axis shows the output level.



- The setting range of shadow points is 0 to 247 (in 1-stop increments when entering a value).
- The setting range of highlight points is 8 to 255 (in 1-stop increments when entering a value).
- The histogram display changes according to adjustment. You can also fix the histogram display to the display before any adjustments ([p.94](#)).

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

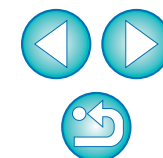
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index

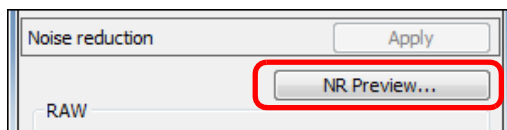


Reducing Noise

You can reduce noise that arises in JPEG and TIFF images that have been shot at night or with a high ISO speed.

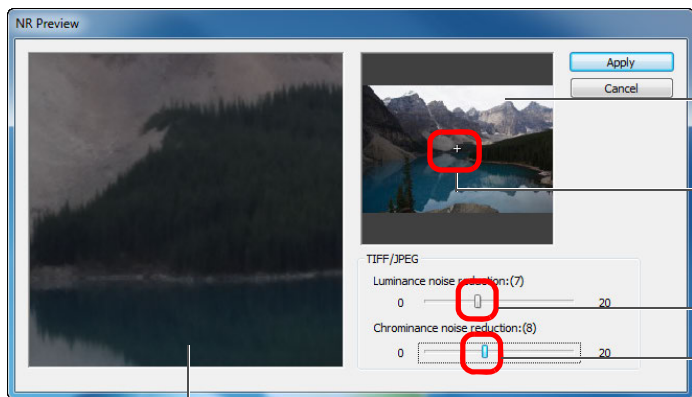
1 Select the [NR/ALO] tab sheet from the tool palette in the edit window or edit image window.

2 Click the [NR Preview] button.



→ The [NR Preview] window appears.

3 Adjust an image.



Navigator window

Enlargement display position

Drag the sliders

NR check window

- You can set a noise reduction level from within a range of 0 to 20. The larger the setting, the larger the noise reduction effect.
- The noise reduction effect can be checked when an image is displayed at 100% in the NR check window.
- You can change the display position of the NR check window by dragging the enlargement display position in the navigator window.

4 Click the [Apply] button.

→ Noise reduction is applied to the image and the image is redisplayed.



To set the same noise reduction level for several images

After selecting multiple images in the main window, you can set the same noise reduction level for the images without displaying the [NR Preview] window, by adjusting the noise reduction level in the [NR/ALO] tool palette (p.132) using the [Luminance noise reduction] and [Chrominance noise reduction] sliders, and then clicking the [Apply] button.



- If [Luminance noise reduction] has been set, resolution may be reduced along with reduction of noise.
- If [Chrominance noise reduction] has been set, color bleeding may occur along with reduction of noise.
- You can set the batch processing settings for noise reduction beforehand, using [Default noise reduction settings] in the [Tool palette] tab sheet in the [Preferences] (p.94). This is particularly useful for applying noise reduction to all the images in a folder at once, such as batch noise reduction for images with high ISO speeds. However, where images have a recipe attached, the noise level recorded in the recipe is applied.
- For a list of [NR Preview] window functions, see p.134.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

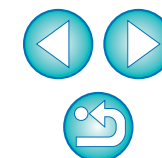
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



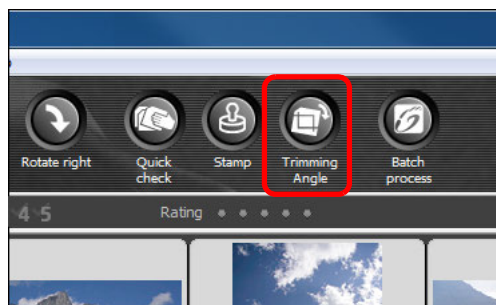
Trimming and Adjusting the Angle of an Image

You can trim only the part of an image you need, or change the composition of an image where an image shot horizontally becomes vertical. You can also adjust the angle of an image before trimming. If you select [Circle] for [Aspect ratio], the area outside the specified range will only be masked in black and the image will not be trimmed.

1 Select the image to be trimmed.

2 Open the trimming/angle adjustment window.

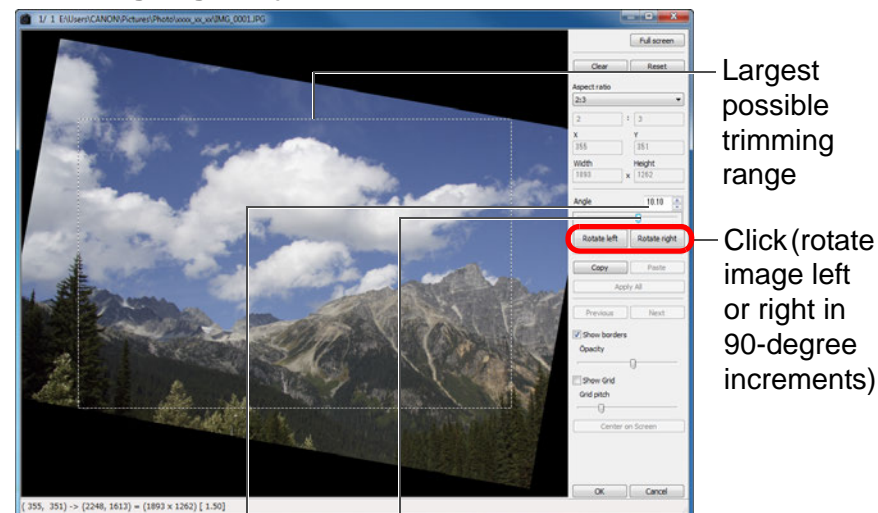
- Click the [Trimming Angle] button.



- The trimming/angle adjustment window appears.
- Editing can be done once the image is displayed clearly in the trimming/angle adjustment window.

3 Adjust the angle of the image as needed.

Trimming/angle adjustment window



Drag* (0.01-degree increments; adjustment range: -45 to +45 degrees)

Use the mouse (click ▲/▼) to adjust the angle or directly enter the adjustment angle* (0.01-degree increments; adjustable range: -45 to +45 degrees)

- * You cannot adjust the angle of images that exceed 9999 x 6666 pixels in size.
- If you click [Center on Screen], you can display the trimming range in the center of the window.
- If you click the [OK] button after adjusting only the angle of the image, the image will be trimmed at the largest possible trimming range.

When aspect ratio information is attached to an image shot with the EOS-1D X, EOS-1D C, EOS-1D Mark IV, EOS-1Ds Mark III, EOS-1D Mark III, EOS 5D Mark III, EOS 6D, EOS 7D, EOS 70D, EOS 60D, EOS REBEL T5i/700D, EOS REBEL SL1/100D, EOS REBEL T4i/650D, EOS REBEL T3i/600D, EOS REBEL T5/1200D, EOS M2 or EOS M, the trimming range based on the aspect ratio information is displayed.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

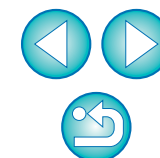
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

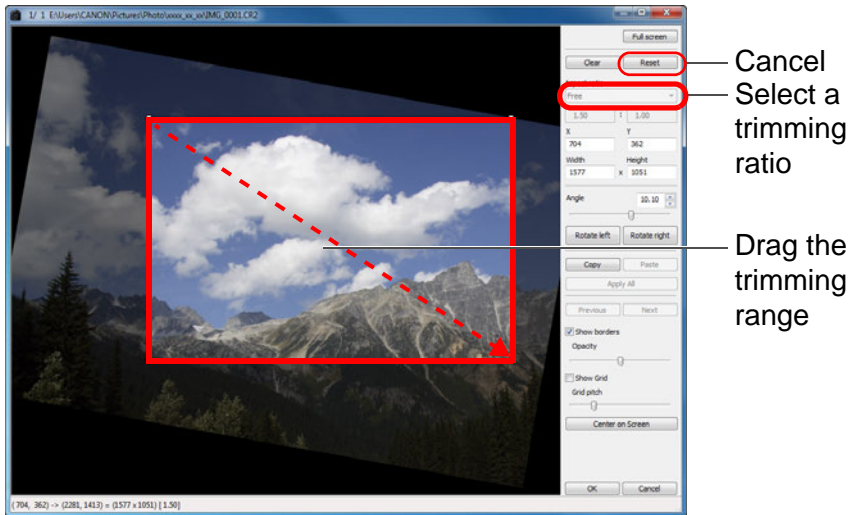
Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

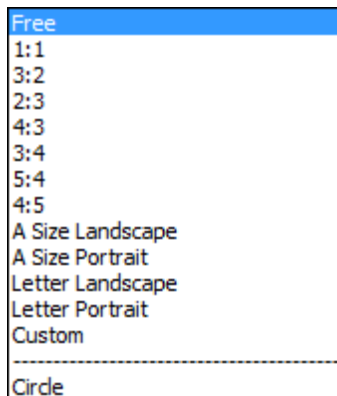
Index



4 Select a ratio and drag the trimming range.



- The trimming range can be moved by dragging.
- You can enlarge or reduce the size of the trimming range by dragging the four corners of the trimming range. (Not available when [Circle] is selected.)
- List of aspect ratios (width : height)



[Free]: You can trim an image to any size, regardless of the selectable ratio.

[Custom]: You can trim an image at the specified ratio.

[Circle]: The area outside the specified range is masked in black. The image is not trimmed.

5 Click the [OK] button to return to the main window.

- The trimming range frame is displayed in the trimmed image (p.129).
- When the trimmed image is displayed in an edit window or the edit image window, it is displayed in its trimmed form.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

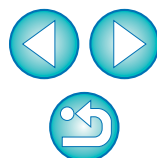
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



? About trimmed images

● The trimmed range can be reverted to its original condition at any time

A trimmed image is displayed or printed as a trimmed image. However, since the image is not actually trimmed, you can always revert to the original image by clicking the [Reset] button in the trimming/angle adjustment window or performing the “Re-Editing an Image” procedure (p.123).

● Display of the trimmed image in each window

- Main window: The frame showing the trimming range is displayed on the image (p.129).
- Edit window: The image is displayed in its trimmed condition.
- Edit image window: The thumbnail image is the same as the main window display, and the enlarged image is the same as the edit window display.

● Printing a trimmed image

You can print as a trimmed image by printing it in DPP.

● The image becomes a trimmed image when saved as a separate image

The trimmed JPEG or TIFF image actually becomes a trimmed image when saved as a separate image (p.122).

● Images that have aspect ratio set will be displayed as trimmed images

When aspect ratio information is attached to a RAW image shot with EOS-1D X, EOS-1D C, EOS-1D Mark IV, EOS-1Ds Mark III, EOS-1D Mark III, EOS 5D Mark III, EOS 6D, EOS 7D, EOS 70D, EOS 60D, EOS REBEL T5i/700D, EOS REBEL SL1/100D, EOS REBEL T4i/650D, EOS REBEL T3i/600D, EOS REBEL T5/1200D, EOS M2 or EOS M, the set trimming range based on the aspect ratio information is displayed. Since the image is not actually trimmed, you can change the trimming range or revert to the condition before trimming.

However, when a JPEG image is shot in a [4:3], [16:9] or [1:1] aspect ratio set with the EOS 5D Mark III, EOS 6D, EOS 70D, EOS 60D, EOS REBEL T5i/700D, EOS REBEL SL1/100D, EOS REBEL T4i/650D, EOS REBEL T3i/600D, EOS REBEL T5/1200D, EOS M2 or EOS M, its trimming range cannot be changed nor reverted to the condition before trimming, since the image is actually trimmed and saved in the set trimming ratio.*

When reverting to the condition before trimming is performed based on the aspect ratio information at the time of shooting, click the [Reset] button. Also, if you want to cancel all the trimming range, click the [Clear] button (p.138).

* For JPEG images shot with EOS 5D Mark III and [Add cropping information] set in Custom Functions, aspect ratio information is only set and the image is not actually trimmed.



Convenient functions of the trimming/angle adjustment window

● Switch between screens using the keyboard

You can also switch between full screen display/normal screen display by pressing the <Alt> + <Enter> keys or the <F11> key.

● Operate using the menu

Each operation can also be performed with the menu which appears when you right-click with the mouse on the image.

● Apply the trimmed range to another image

You can apply the trimmed range to another image by clicking the [Copy] button to copy the trimmed range, displaying another image and then clicking the [Paste] button.

To batch apply a copied trimming range to multiple images, select the trimmed image and the multiple images to which you want to apply the trimmed range in the main window, and display the trimming/angle adjustment window. With the trimmed image displayed, click the [Copy] button and then click the [Apply All] button. This will apply the trimming range to all the images selected when the trimming/angle adjustment window is displayed.



For images shot with ISO speed range expansion set, noticeable noise may make it difficult to view image details in the trimming/angle adjustment window, so using this function is not recommended.



For a list of the trimming/angle adjustment window functions, see p.138.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



Performing Automatic Dust Erasure Processing

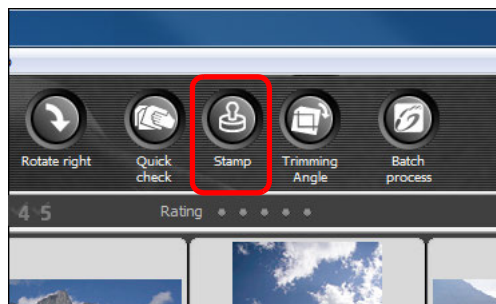
The Dust Delete Data that is appended to images shot with the camera that can attach this data, can be used to automatically erase dust spots.

Compatible Cameras

EOS-1D X	EOS-1D C	EOS-1D Mark IV
EOS-1Ds Mark III	EOS-1D Mark III	EOS 5D Mark III
EOS 5D Mark II	EOS 6D	EOS 7D
EOS 70D	EOS 60D	EOS 50D
EOS 40D	EOS REBEL T5i/700D	EOS REBEL SL1/100D
EOS REBEL T4i/650D	EOS REBEL T3i/600D	EOS REBEL T2i/550D
EOS REBEL T1i/500D	EOS DIGITAL REBEL XSi/450D	EOS DIGITAL REBEL XTi/400D DIGITAL
EOS REBEL T5/1200D	EOS REBEL T3/1100D	EOS DIGITAL REBEL XS/1000D
EOS M2	EOS M	—

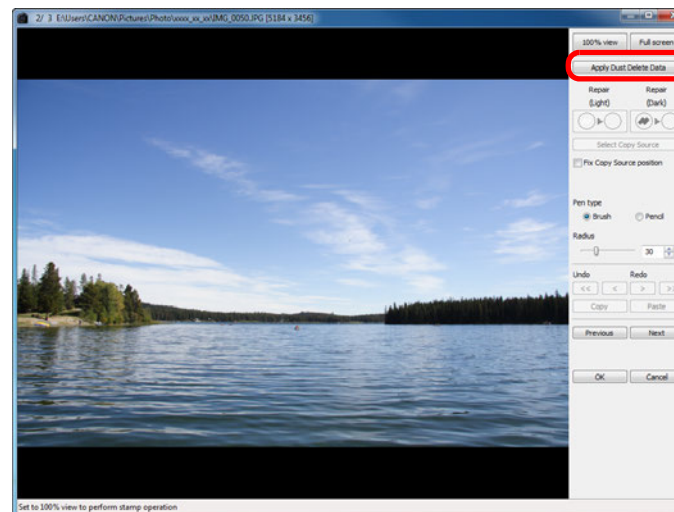
1 In the main window, select an image appended with Dust Delete Data.

2 Click the [Stamp] button.



→ The copy stamp window appears.

3 When the image has redrawn itself, click the [Apply Dust Delete Data] button.



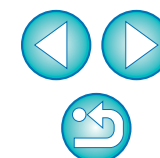
→ Dust spots are erased in a single operation.

4 Click the [OK] button to return to the main window.

→ The [] mark (p.129) is displayed on an image from which dust spots have been erased.

! Dust Delete Data is not attached to images having settings specified during RAW processing on the camera for distortion correction, chromatic aberration correction, etc. As a result, you cannot perform automatic dust erasure processing on such images.

- Introduction
- Contents at a Glance
- Basic Operation
- Advanced Operation
- Advanced Image Editing and Printing
- Processing Large Numbers of Images
- Editing JPEG/TIFF Images
- Reference
- Index





Additional Information

- **The dust-erased image can be reverted to its original condition at any time**
A dust-erased image is displayed or printed as a dust-erased image. However, since the dust on the image is not actually erased, you can always revert to the original image by clicking the [Undo] button in the copy stamp window or performing the “Re-Editing an Image” procedure (p.123).
- **Check dust erasure in the copy stamp window**
Check dust erasure in the copy stamp window. Images before dust erasure are displayed in other windows and you will be unable to check them.
- **Printing dust-erased images**
You can print as a dust-erased image by printing it in DPP.
- **The [Apply Dust Delete Data] button cannot be clicked**
Even with an image that has Dust Delete Data attached to it in the camera, if there is no dust to remove by DPP from the image, the [Apply Dust Delete Data] button will be disabled.
- **To erase dust spots that cannot be erased with the automatic dust erasure processing**
In automatic dust erasure processing, dust spots are erased based on information relating to dust saved in the Dust Delete Data. However, there may be cases where you will not be able to erase dust spots depending on the type of dust. If this occurs, erase those dust spots using the repair function (p.119) or the copy stamp function (p.121).
- **The image becomes a dust-erased image when saved as a separate image**
The dust-erased JPEG or TIFF image actually becomes a dust-erased image when saved as a separate image (p.122).



Useful functions of the copy stamp window

- **Checking the dust erased spots**
After step 3, you can display and check in detail the erased dust spots one by one by pressing the <Shift> + <F> keys. (Press the <Shift> + keys to return to the previous dust spot.)
- **Canceling a specified erased dust spot only**
After step 3, you can press the <Shift> + <F> keys or the <Shift> + keys to display the erased dust spot, and then press the <Shift> + keys to cancel only the erased dust spot displayed.
- **Switch between full screen display/normal screen display using shortcut keys**
You can also switch between full screen display/normal screen display by pressing the <Alt> + <Enter> keys.
- **Applying the dust erasure result to another image**
You can apply dust erasure to the same place in another image by clicking the [Copy] button to copy the dust erasure results and then displaying the other image to which you want to apply the results and clicking the [Paste] button.



For a list of the copy stamp window functions, see p.143.

Automatic Dust Erasure Processing in the Main Window

In the main window, you can also automatically erase dust spots in multiple images appended with Dust Delete Data.

Select multiple images appended with Dust Delete Data, and then select the [Adjustment] menu ▶ [Apply Dust Delete Data].

→ Dust spots in all the selected images are erased in a single operation.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

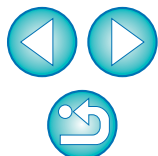
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index

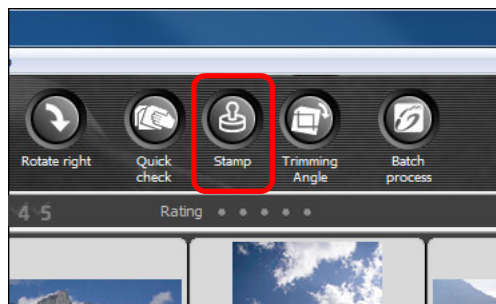


Manually Erasing Dust (Repair Function)

You can erase dust spots in an image by selecting them one by one.

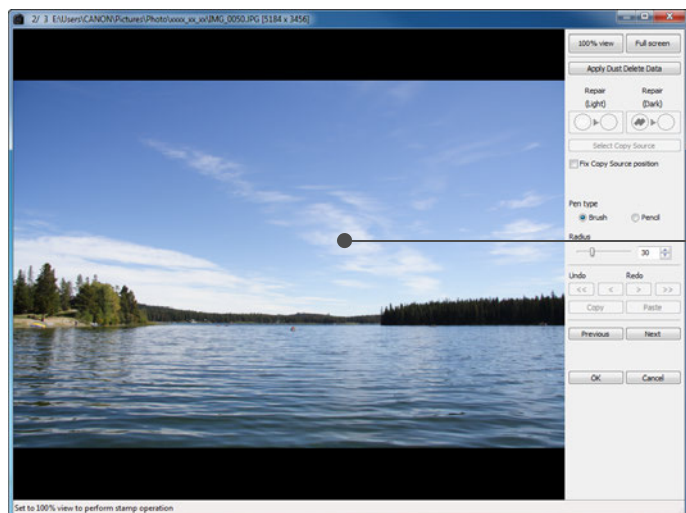
1 In the main window, select the image you want to erase dust spots.

2 Click the [Stamp] button.



→ The copy stamp window appears.

3 When the image has redrawn itself, double-click the point from where dust is to be erased.



→ The display changes to 100% view.

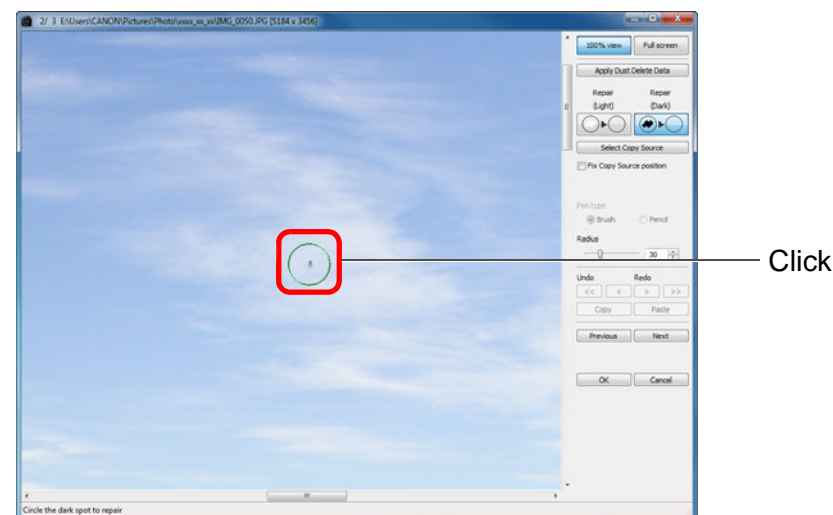
• The display position can be changed by dragging.

4 Click the button that matches the dust spots to be erased.

• If the dust spot is dark in color, click the [🖌️] button, and if the dust spot is light in color, click the [👤] button.

• When you move the cursor over the image, the dust erasure range appears as [○].

5 Place the dust spot to be erased within the [○] and click.



→ The dust spot within the [○] is erased.

• Click on another part of the image to continue erasing dust spots in the image.

• To erase dust in another part of the image, either right-click with the mouse, or click the button clicked in step 4 again to cancel dust erasure processing and perform the operation again from step 3.

• When the dust spot cannot be erased, [⊗] is displayed.

6 Click the [OK] button to return to the main window.

→ The [👤] mark (p.129) is displayed on an image from which dust spots have been erased.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

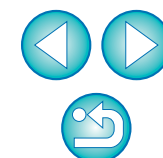
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index





Additional information

- **Click several times when dust spots are not erased completely**
Where unwanted dust spots are not erased even after performing step 5 once, they may be erased completely when you click several times.
- **Mainly spots of dust can be erased with the repair function**
Spots of dust can be erased with the repair function. You may be unable to erase lines of dust. In this case, use the copy stamp function (p.121).
- **The dust-erased image can be reverted to its original condition at any time**
A dust-erased image is displayed or printed as a dust-erased image. However, since the dust on the image is not actually erased, you can always revert to the original image by clicking the [Undo] button in the copy stamp window or performing the “Re-Editing an Image” procedure (p.123).
- **Check dust erasure in the copy stamp window**
Check dust erasure in the copy stamp window. Images before dust erasure are displayed in other windows and you will be unable to check them.
- **Printing dust-erased images**
You can print as a dust-erased image by printing it in DPP.
- **The image becomes a dust-erased image when saved as a separate image**
The dust-erased JPEG or TIFF image actually becomes a dust-erased image when saved as a separate image (p.122).



Useful functions of the copy stamp window

- **Checking the dust erased spots**
After step 5, you can display and check in detail the erased dust spots one by one by pressing the <Shift> + <F> keys. (Press the <Shift> + keys to return to the previous dust spot.)
- **Canceling a specified erased dust spot only**
After step 5, you can press the <Shift> + <F> keys or the <Shift> + keys to display the erased dust spot, and then press the <Shift> + keys to cancel only the erased dust spot displayed.
- **Switch between full screen display/normal screen display using shortcut keys**
You can also switch between full screen display/normal screen display by pressing the <Alt> + <Enter> keys.
- **Applying the dust erasure result to another image**
You can apply dust erasure to the same place in another image by clicking the [Copy] button to copy the dust erasure results and then displaying the other image to which you want to apply the results and clicking the [Paste] button.
To apply dust erasure to the same place in several other images, you can efficiently erase dust spots by clicking the images while holding down the <Ctrl> key in the main window, or, by selecting multiple images by clicking the first image and then clicking the last image while holding down the <Shift> key, and then displaying the copy stamp window.



For images shot with ISO speed range expansion set, noticeable noise may make it difficult to view dust spots in the copy stamp window, so using this function is not recommended.



For a list of the copy stamp window functions, see p.143.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

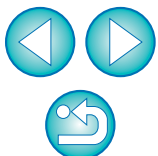
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



Erasing Unwanted Parts of an Image (Copy Stamp Function)

You can correct an image by pasting a section copied from another part of the image to an unwanted part of the image.

- 1 Follow steps 1 to 3 in “Manually Erasing Dust (Repair Function)” (p.119).**
- 2 Specify the section to be copied.**
 - Click on the section that is to be the copy source while holding down the <Alt> key.
 - To change the section that is to be the copy source, perform the operation above again.
 - To fix the position of the copy source, checkmark [Fix Copy Source position].
- 3 Correct the image.**
 - Click or drag on the section you want to correct on the image. [+] in the window indicates the copy source and [O] indicates the copy destination.
 - The copied image is pasted in the position to which it was dragged.
 - For [Pen type], you can select from [Brush] (the pasted image's borders simulate a brush) and [Pencil] (the pasted image's borders are sharp).
- 4 Click the [OK] button to return to the main window.**
 - The [] mark (p.129) is displayed on a corrected image.

Compositing and High Dynamic Range

You can composite images also using JPEG and TIFF images in the same way as RAW images as described below.

- Compositing Images (p.80)
- Creating HDR (High Dynamic Range) Images (p.83)

Starting Up Map Utility

You can start up Map Utility using the procedure below.

- Starting Up Map Utility (p.86)

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

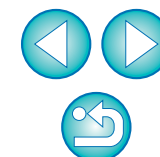
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index

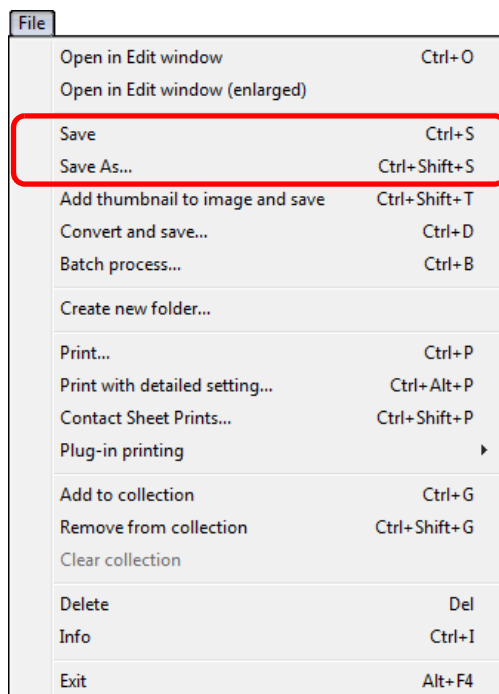


Saving Editing Results

Saving Editing Content to an Image

All the contents (recipe) adjusted with the tool palette ([p.106 to p.113](#)) as well as the trimmed range ([p.114](#)) and dust-erasure ([p.117 to p.121](#)) information can be saved to a JPEG or TIFF image, or to a separate JPEG or TIFF image.

Select the [File] menu ▶ desired item.



→ Your adjustments are saved to the image.

Saving as a Separate Image

If a JPEG or TIFF image is adjusted with the tool palette ([p.106 to p.113](#)) and then saved in the same way as a RAW image as described below, the image can be saved as a separate image with the adjustments (recipe) applied to it.

Furthermore, if a trimmed image ([p.114](#)) or dust-erased image ([p.117 to p.121](#)) is also saved in the same way, it actually becomes a trimmed or dust-erased image.

- Saving as a JPEG or TIFF Image ([p.42](#))
- Batch save as JPEG or TIFF images (batch processing) ([p.102](#))

By saving as a separate JPEG or TIFF image as explained above, the adjustments made with the tool palette are applied, and some image deterioration that accompanies editing/saving occurs as when editing with ordinary image editing software.

Applying Editing Contents to Another Image

You can copy the adjustment contents (recipe) of JPEG and TIFF images that have been adjusted with the tool palette and apply them to another image with the procedures below, in the same way as with RAW images.

- Applying adjustment contents to another image ([p.41](#))
- Utilizing adjustment contents (recipe) ([p.99](#))

Printing

Edited JPEG and TIFF images can be printed with the procedures below as with RAW images.

- Printing ([p.43](#))
- Printing with shooting information ([p.87](#))
- Printing a thumbnail list (contact sheet printing) ([p.88](#))
- Printing RAW images on a high-end Canon printer ([p.89](#))

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

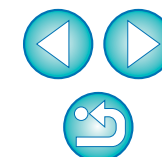
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



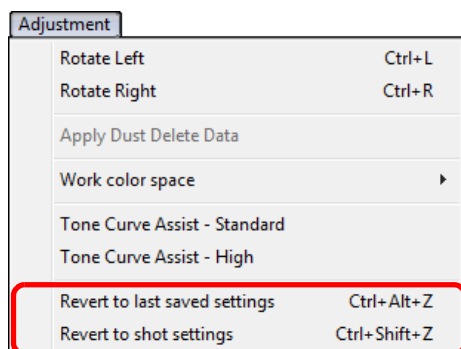
Re-Editing an Image

Only the image processing conditions are changed in images adjusted with the tool palette (p.106 to p.113), so the “original image data itself” remains unaffected. Also, the trimming range or dust-erasure information of a trimmed image (p.114) or dust-erased image (p.117 to p.121) is simply saved to the image.

For this reason, you can undo any adjustments saved (p.122) to the image, trimming range and dust-erasure information, and revert to the condition when last saved, or when the image was shot.

1 Select the image that is to be re-edited.

2 Select the [Adjustment] menu ▶ desired item.



→ The image reverts to the conditions of the selected item.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

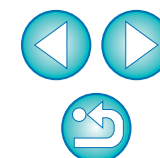
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

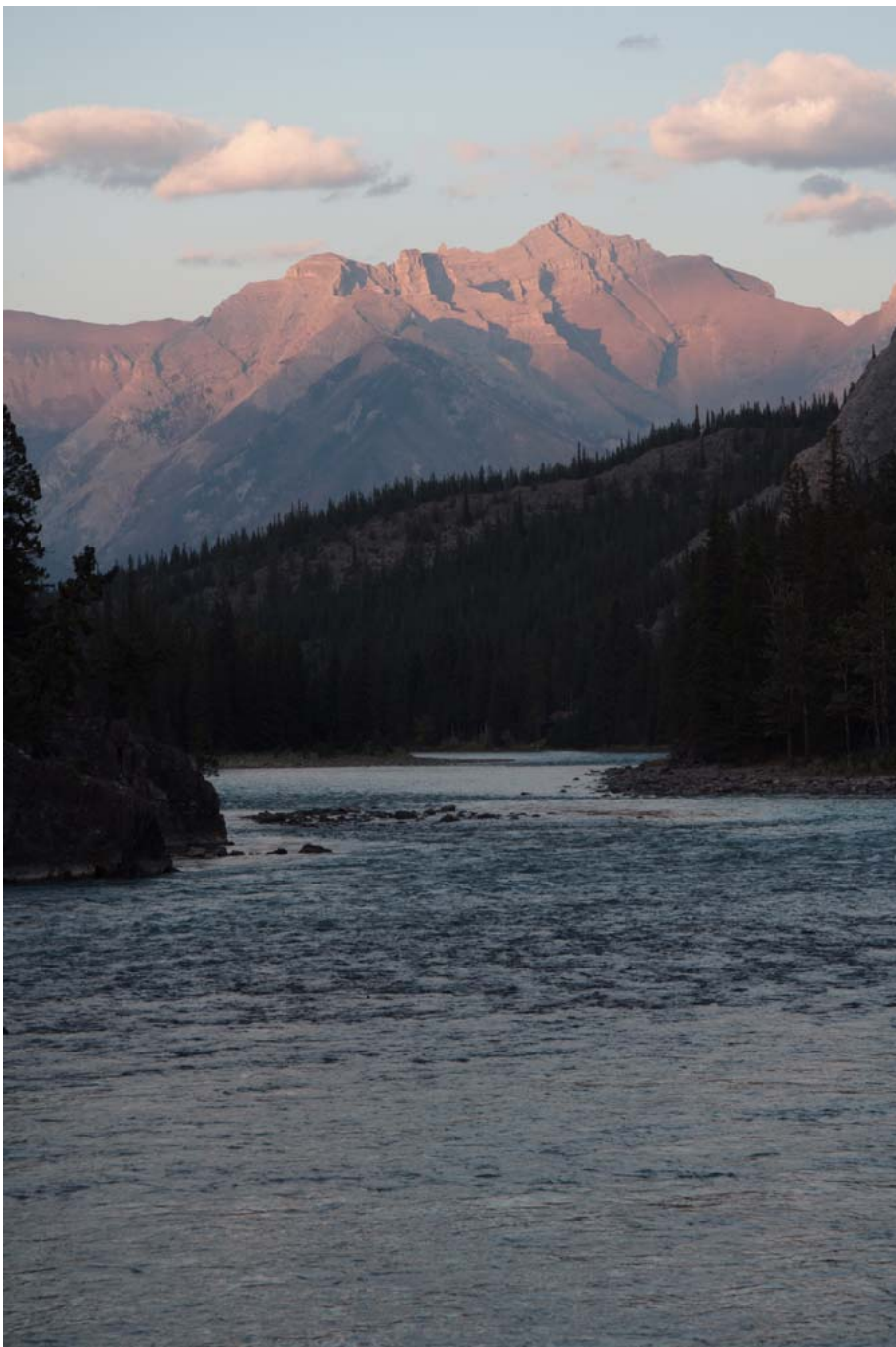
Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index





This reference section has been provided to enhance your experience using DPP.

It contains various troubleshooting solutions, how to delete DPP from your computer, explanations of the various windows and a glossary. An Index is provided at the end of the chapter for you to easily find information you are looking for.

Troubleshooting	125
Deleting the Software (Uninstalling)	126
List of Main Window (Folder Window) Functions	127
List of Main Window (Collection Window) Functions...	128
Image Frame Information in the Main Window and Edit Image Window	129
List of Edit Window Functions	130
List of Tool Palette Functions	131
List of NR Preview Window Functions	134
List of Quick Check Window Functions	135
List of Edit Image Window Functions	136
List of Convert/Save One Image Window Functions	137
List of Trimming/Angle Adjustment Window Functions...	138
List of Lens Aberration Correction Window Functions...	139
List of Digital Lens Optimizer Adjustment Window Functions	140
List of Compositing Tool Window Functions	141
List of HDR Window (Adjust Image) Functions	142
List of Copy Stamp Window Functions	143
List of Convert/Save Multiple Images Window (Batch Processing) Functions	144
List of Rename Window Functions	145
Glossary	146
Index	148
About This Instruction Manual	152
Trademarks	152

[Introduction](#)
[Contents at a Glance](#)
[Basic Operation](#)
[Advanced Operation](#)
[Advanced Image Editing and Printing](#)
[Processing Large Numbers of Images](#)
[Editing JPEG/TIFF Images](#)
[Reference](#)
[Index](#)


Troubleshooting

If DPP is not operating correctly, refer to the items below.

Installation could not be completed correctly

- Select an administrator-level privilege ([Computer administrator], [Administrator], etc.) as a user setting. You cannot install the software if a user setting other than an administrator-level privilege is selected. For detailed information on selecting an administrator-level privilege, refer to your computer User's Manual.

DPP does not work

- DPP does not operate correctly on a computer if its system requirements are not met. Use DPP on a computer with compatible system requirements (p.3).
- Even if your computer has the RAM capacity (memory) described in the system requirements (p.3), if other applications are running at the same time as DPP, you may not have sufficient RAM (memory). Exit any applications other than DPP.

The card reader does not detect the SD card

- Depending on the card reader and computer OS used, SDXC cards might not be correctly detected. In such a case, connect your camera and computer with the provided interface cable, and transfer the images to your computer using EOS Utility (provided software).

Images are not displayed properly

- Images that are not supported by DPP are not displayed. There are various types of JPEG and TIFF images, so JPEG images other than Exif 2.2, 2.21 or 2.3 compatible images and TIFF images other than Exif compatible images may not display properly (p.3).
- When a dust-erased image (p.75 to p.79, p.117 to p.121) is displayed in a window other than the copy stamp window, it is displayed as it was before dust erasure was performed. Check dust-erased images in the copy stamp window.

An image could not be adjusted

- The JPEG and TIFF images cannot be adjusted using the image adjustment function of the [RAW] tool palette. Adjust these images with the [RGB] tool palette (p.131).
- PowerShot Pro1 RAW images cannot be adjusted with the image adjustment function of the [RAW] tool palette. Adjust these images with the [RGB] tool palette (p.131).

A recipe could not be pasted (applied) to another image

- You cannot paste (apply) rotation (p.10, p.25, p.127, p.135, p.136), trimming (p.38, p.114), dust erasure (copy stamp) (p.75 to p.79, p.117 to p.121) of an image to another image as a recipe. Trim the image or erase dust of the image using the copy/paste function in each window and rotate each image individually.
- The adjustment contents (recipe) of RAW images that has been adjusted with the [RAW] tool palette cannot be applied to JPEG or TIFF images (p.131).
- The Auto Lighting Optimizer (p.61) is a function that is only available for RAW images shot with EOS-1D X, EOS-1D C, EOS-1D Mark IV, EOS 5D Mark III, EOS 5D Mark II, EOS 6D, EOS 7D, EOS 70D, EOS 60D, EOS 50D, EOS REBEL T5i/700D, EOS REBEL SL1/100D, EOS REBEL T4i/650D, EOS REBEL T3i/600D, EOS REBEL T2i/550D, EOS REBEL T1i/500D, EOS REBEL T5/1200D, EOS REBEL T3/1100D, EOS M2 and EOS M. You cannot apply the Auto Lighting Optimizer's adjustment contents to RAW images shot with other cameras.

Color appears weak in the image when viewed with other software

- A RAW image which has a color space other than sRGB set (p.79, p.95) and is then converted and saved as a JPEG or TIFF image will appear weak in color when viewed in software that is only compatible with sRGB color space. In this case, set the RAW image color space to sRGB, convert again to a JPEG or TIFF image and save, and then view this image.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

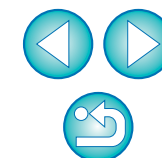
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



The colors of the image displayed on screen and the colors of the printed image do not match

- If the color of the monitor that displays an image is not adjusted correctly, or if a profile for a printer that is to print images, has not been set up, the color of the image displayed on screen and the color of the printed photograph may differ greatly. If the color of the monitor that displays images is corrected (p.95) and a profile for a printer is set up correctly (p.95), the color of a printed photograph and the color of an image on screen can be more closely matched. Using a Canon printer (p.43, p.46) or linked printing (p.89, p.91) automatically sets up printer profiles, so you only need to set the color of the monitor to bring the colors closer together.
- When printing using Easy-PhotoPrint and the Easy-PhotoPrint automatic compensation function and the various types of image adjustment functions are operating, colors are not printed correctly. Cancel all Easy-PhotoPrint image adjustment functions (p.47).
- Even if you set a printer profile, if you use the color adjustment function of the printer driver, the image may print in colors different from those displayed on screen. Do not use the color adjustment function of the printer driver.

Printing a large number of images in batches cannot be performed

- If a large number of images are printed in batches, printing may stop in the middle or the images may not be printed. Reduce the number of images to print or increase the memory on your computer.

A file remains in the folder after images are deleted

- Delete [CRW_YYYY.THM] (camera index display image) if it remains in the folder from which images have been deleted (p.49).
* Numbers are entered for [YYYY] in the file name.


The image information does not display

- A JPEG image set to Adobe RGB and shot with EOS 10D, EOS DIGITAL REBEL/300D DIGITAL and PowerShot Pro1 may not display image information (p.10, p.23).

Deleting the Software (Uninstalling)

- Exit any applications before uninstalling the software.
- Log in under an administrator-level privilege when uninstalling the software.
- To prevent computer malfunctions, always restart your computer after you have uninstalled the software. Re-installing the software without first restarting your computer is particularly likely to result in computer malfunctions.

Windows 7, Windows Vista, Windows XP

- 1 Select the [] button ([Start] button in Windows XP)
▶ [All Programs] ▶ [Canon Utilities] ▶ [Digital Photo Professional] ▶ [Digital Photo Professional Uninstall].
- 2 Proceed with the uninstallation as directed by the on-screen messages.
→ The software is uninstalled.

Windows 8.1, Windows 8

- Uninstall the software according to the OS software uninstalling method.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

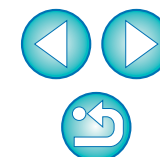
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

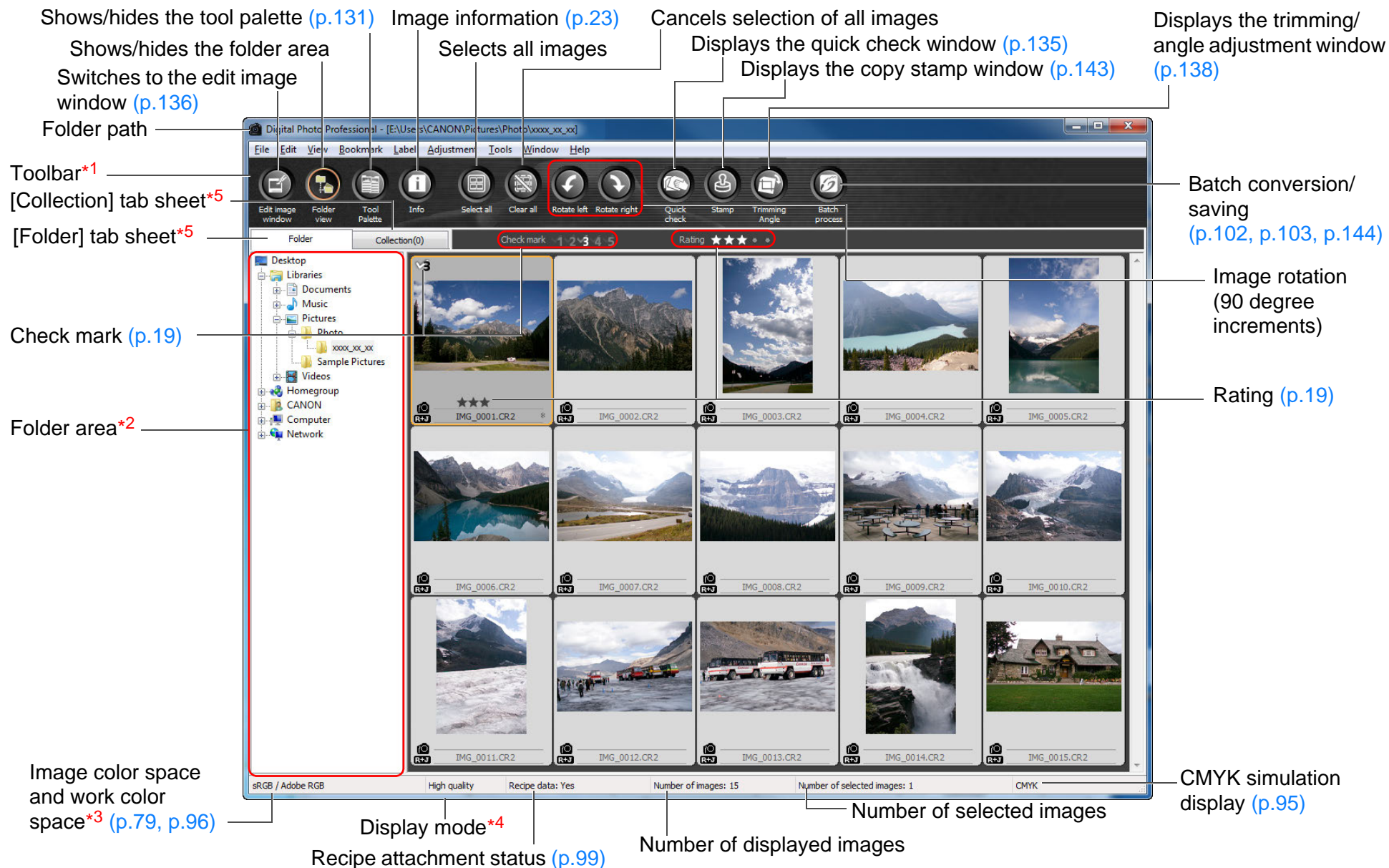
Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



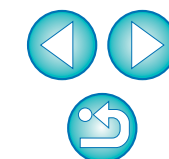
List of Main Window (Folder Window) Functions (p.10)



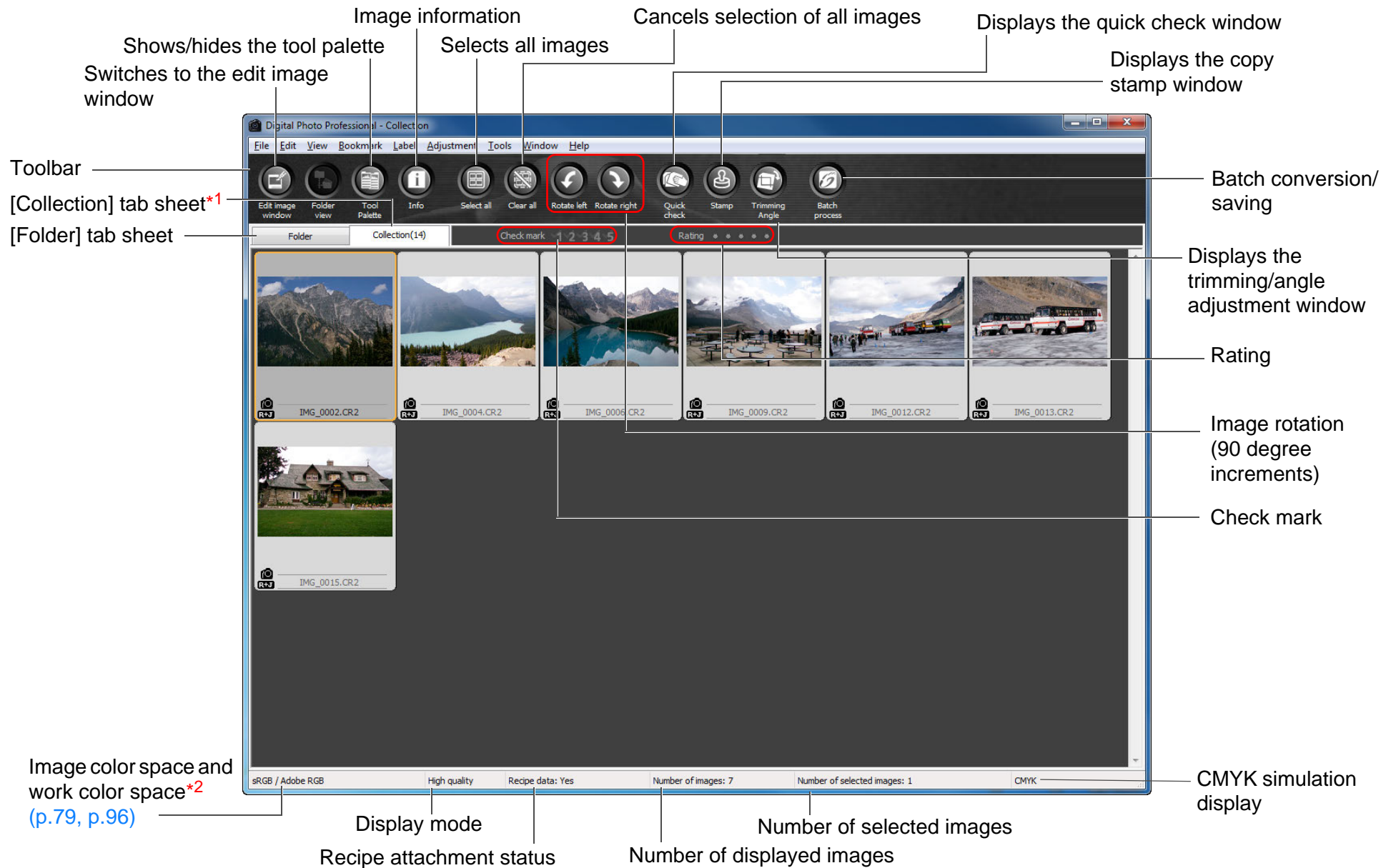
- *1 To switch between show/hide, select the [View] menu ► [Toolbar].
- *2 The images inside the folders selected here are displayed in a thumbnail list on the right.
- *3 Displays the coordinates of the cursor position and the RGB values (8-bit conversion) when click white balance was performed with the tool palette.

- *4 The item selected in [Viewing and saving RAW images] (p.92) of the [Preferences] window is displayed.
- *5 You can switch between the [Folder] and [Collection] windows.

- Introduction
- Contents at a Glance
- Basic Operation
- Advanced Operation
- Advanced Image Editing and Printing
- Processing Large Numbers of Images
- Editing JPEG/TIFF Images
- Reference
- Index



List of Main Window (Collection Window) Functions (p.36)



*1 The total number of images added to the [Collection] window is displayed in the () in the [Collection] tab sheet. Accordingly, when an image is added that is displayed as a single image (p.22), twice the total number of displayed images is displayed.

*2 Displays the coordinates of the cursor position and the RGB values (8-bit conversion) when click white balance was performed with the tool palette.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index

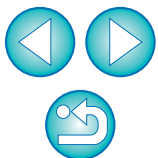
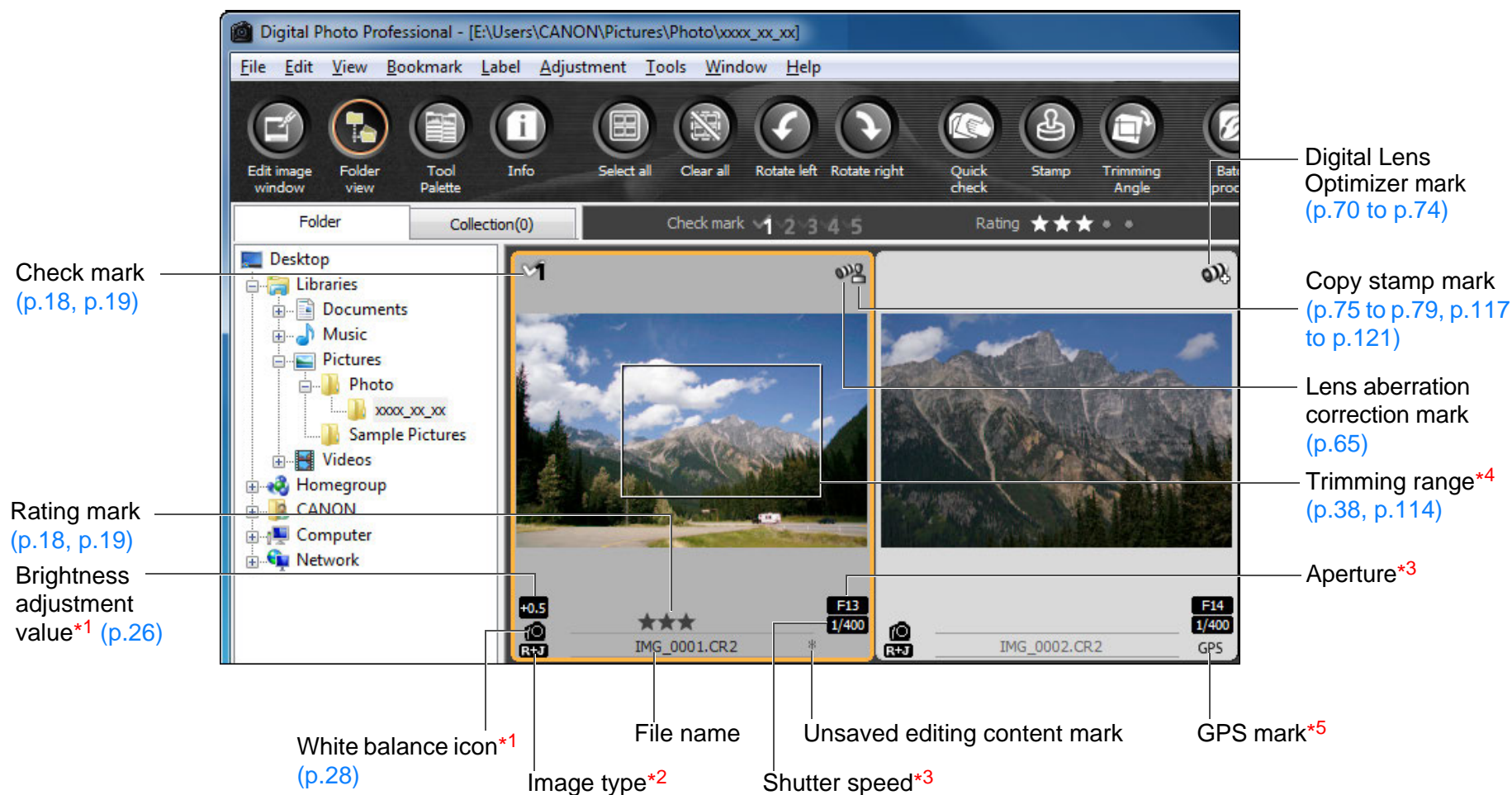


Image Frame Information in the Main Window and Edit Image Window (p.10, p.34)

Information displayed when [Large thumbnail] (p.10) is selected



*1 Does not display with [Small thumbnail].

*2 Displays in RAW+JPEG images displayed as a single image (p.22).
[RAW] is displayed in RAW images.
(In [Small thumbnail] (p.10), [R] is displayed.)

In PowerShot Pro1 RAW images, [RAW] is not displayed.

*3 Does not display with [Medium thumbnail] or [Small thumbnail].

*4 When aspect ratio information is attached to an image shot with EOS-1D X, EOS-1D C, EOS-1D Mark IV, EOS-1Ds Mark III, EOS-1D Mark III, EOS 5D Mark III, EOS 6D, EOS 7D, EOS 70D, EOS 60D, EOS REBEL T5i/700D, EOS REBEL SL1/100D, EOS REBEL T4i/650D, EOS REBEL T3i/600D, EOS REBEL T5/1200D, EOS M2 or EOS M, the image is displayed as a trimmed image.

*5 Displayed on images shot on a GPS function-compatible Canon camera.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

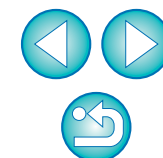
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

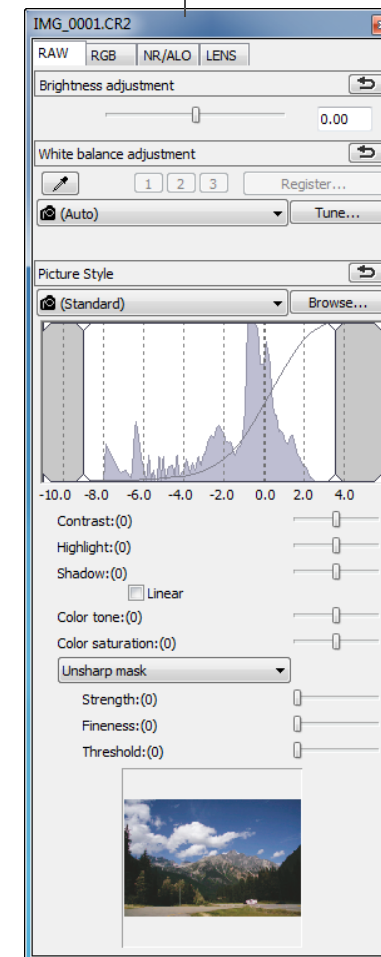
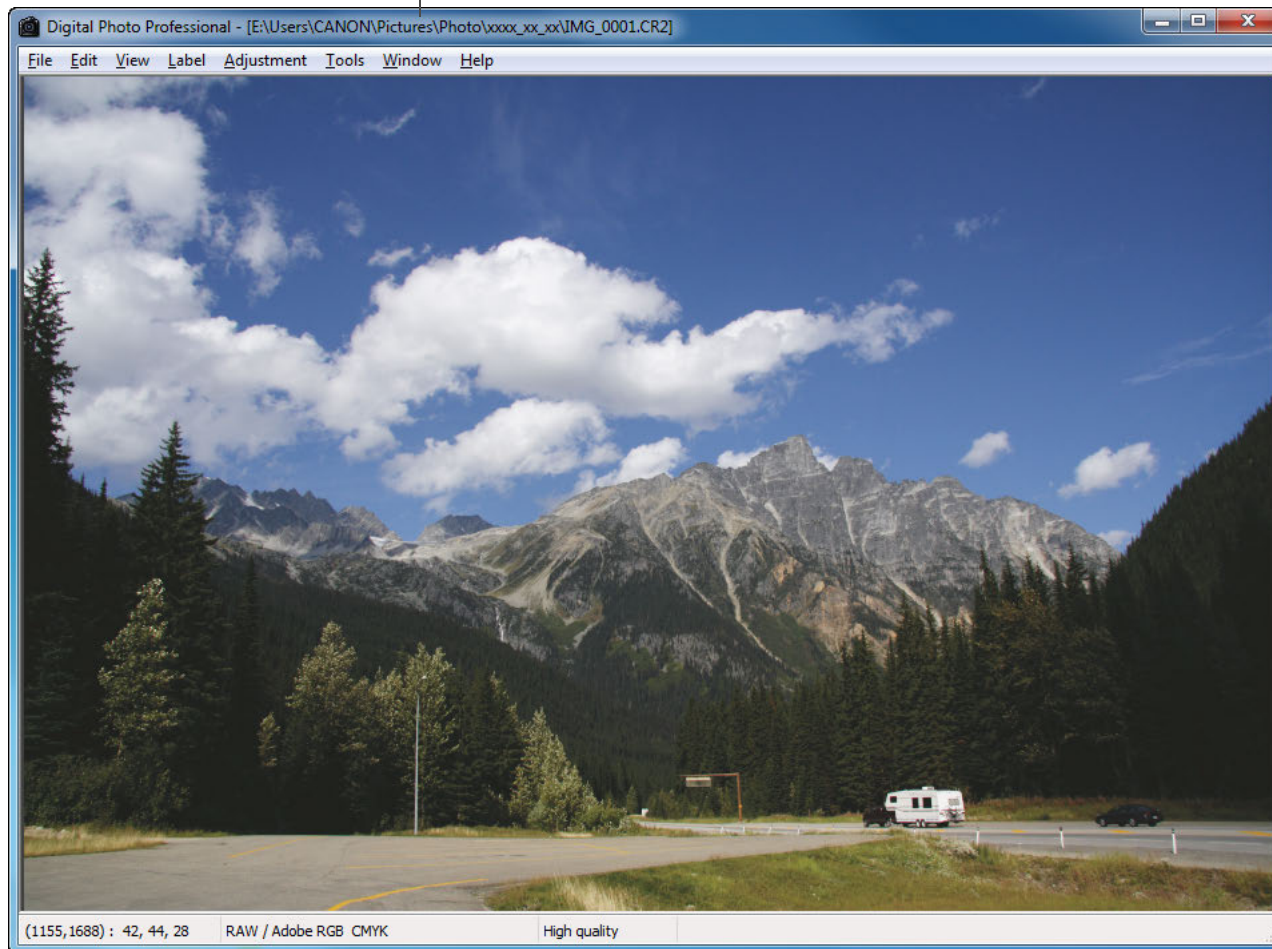
Index



List of Edit Window Functions [\(p.11, p.25\)](#)

Path and file name of image

Tool palette*¹ [\(p.131, p.132, p.133\)](#)



Information display*²

Display mode*⁴

Image color space*³ and work color space [\(p.79, p.95\)](#) CMYK simulation display [\(p.95\)](#)

- *¹ To switch between show/hide, select the [View] menu ► [Tool palette].
- *² Displays the coordinates of the cursor position and the RGB values (8-bit conversion).

- *³ RAW images are displayed with [RAW].
- *⁴ The item selected in [Viewing and saving RAW images] [\(p.92\)](#) of the [Preferences] window is displayed.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

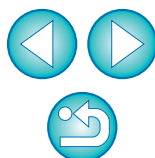
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



List of Tool Palette Functions

RAW Tool Palette (p.25)

Brightness adjustment (p.26)

White balance adjustment (p.28, p.56)

Picture Style settings (p.26, p.59)

Dynamic range adjustment (p.57)

Contrast adjustment (p.29)

Shadow/highlight adjustment (p.57)

Linear setting (p.29)

Color tone and color saturation adjustment (p.30)

Sharpness adjustment (p.31)

Enlargement display position*

RGB Tool Palette (p.60)

Automatic adjustment (tone curve assist) (p.33, p.107)

Click white balance (p.109)

Tone curve adjustment (p.58, p.111)

Dynamic range adjustment (p.112)

Brightness and contrast adjustment (p.108)

Hue and Saturation adjustment (p.110)

Sharpness adjustment (p.110)

Enlargement display position*

* If an image is displayed enlarged, the enlargement display position can be moved by dragging. The enlargement display position appears when [Docking display] (p.94) has been set and the edit image window (p.136) has been enlarged.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

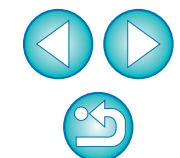
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

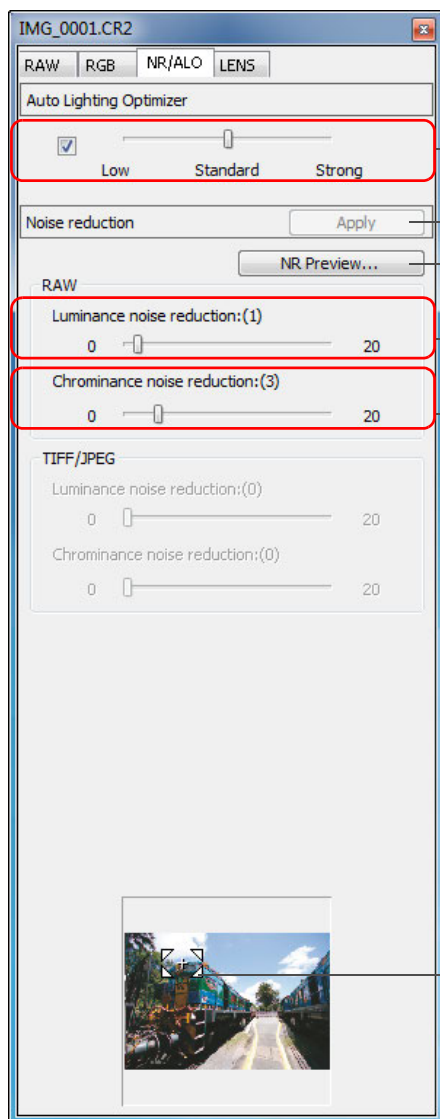
Reference

Index



NR/ALO Tool Palette

(When a RAW image is selected)



Auto Lighting Optimizer (p.61)

Apply noise reduction button (p.62)

Displays the [NR Preview] window (p.62, p.134)

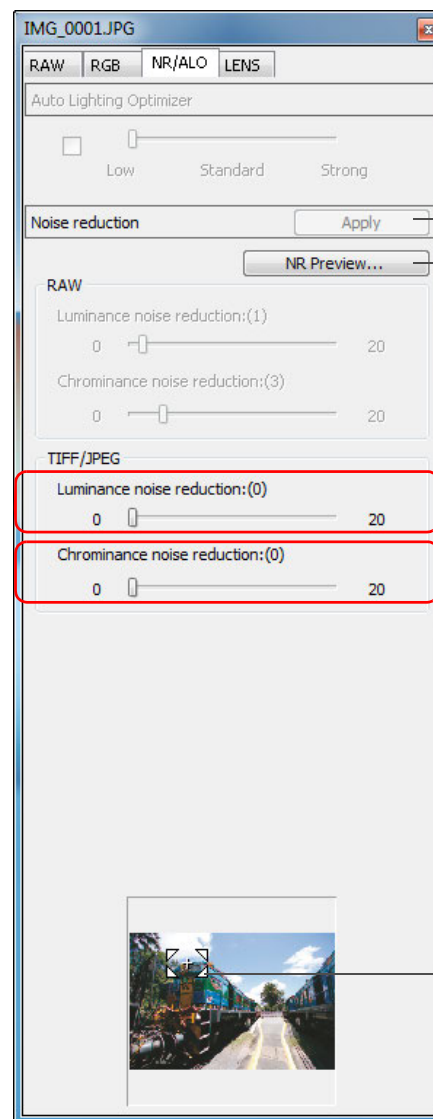
Luminance noise reduction for RAW images (p.62)

Chrominance noise reduction for RAW images (p.62)

Enlargement display position*

NR/ALO Tool Palette

(When a JPEG or TIFF image is selected)



Apply noise reduction button (p.113)

Displays the [NR Preview] window (p.113, p.134)

Luminance noise reduction for JPEG and TIFF images (p.113)

Chrominance noise reduction for JPEG and TIFF images (p.113)

Enlargement display position*

* If an image is displayed enlarged, the enlargement display position can be moved by dragging. The enlargement display position appears when [Docking display] (p.94) has been set and the edit image window (p.136) has been enlarged.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

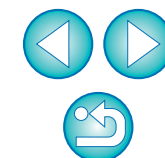
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

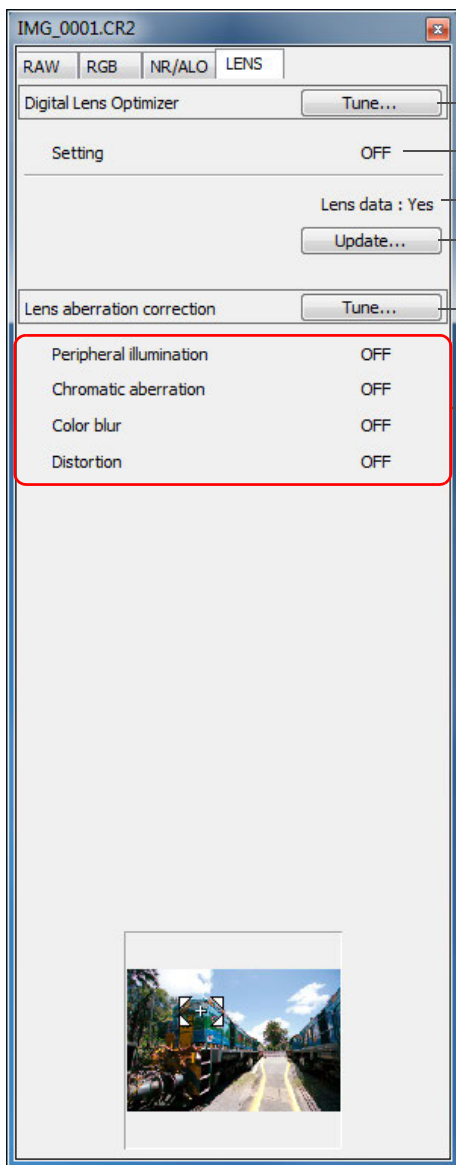
Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index

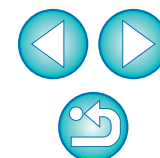


LENS Tool Palette

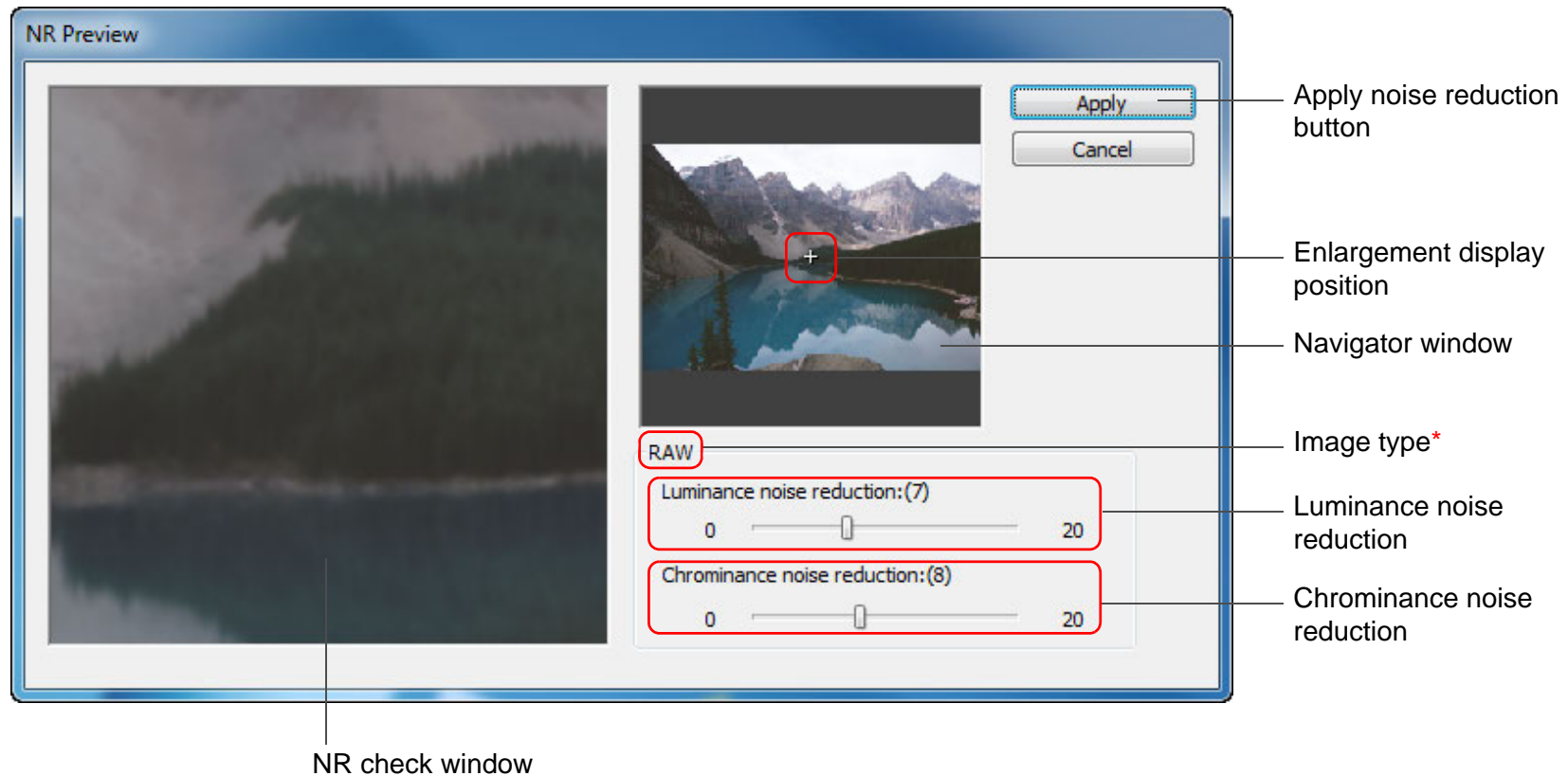


- Digital Lens Optimizer adjustment button (p.73)
- Amount of Digital Lens Optimizer (p.72)
- Lens data status (p.72)
- Lens data Update button (p.72)
- Lens aberration correction adjustment button (p.65)
- Lens aberration correction (p.65)

- Introduction
- Contents at a Glance
- Basic Operation
- Advanced Operation
- Advanced Image Editing and Printing
- Processing Large Numbers of Images
- Editing JPEG/TIFF Images
- Reference
- Index



List of NR Preview Window Functions (p.62, p.113)



* When you select a JPEG or TIFF image and display the [NR Preview] window, [TIFF/JPEG] appears and you can reduce luminance noise and chrominance noise for the JPEG and TIFF images.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

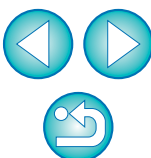
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

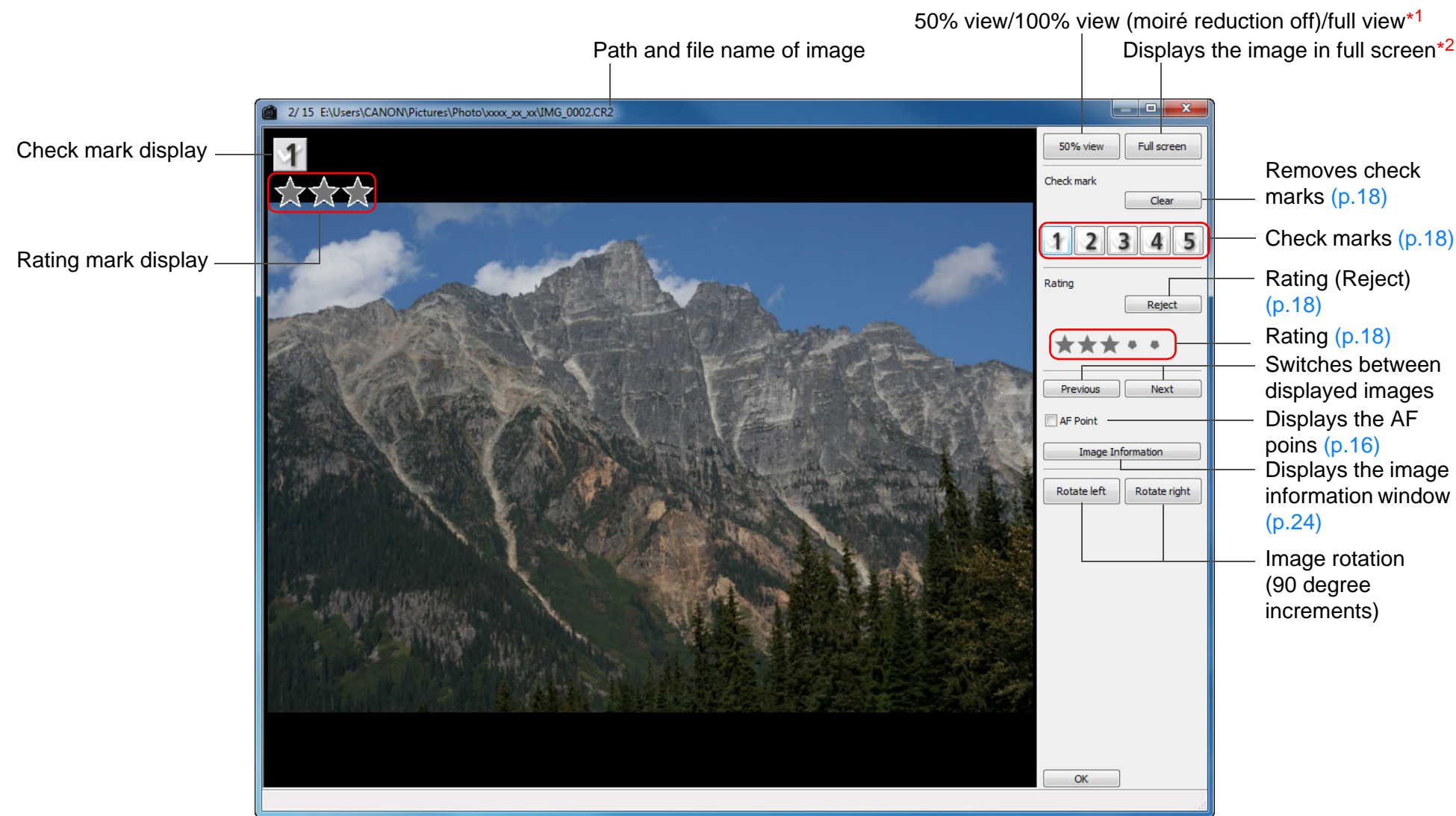
Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



List of Quick Check Window Functions (p.16, p.18)



*1 You can select 50% view/100% view (moiré reduction off) by selecting [Preferences] in the [Tools] menu and using [Quick check tool display] in the [View settings] tab sheet. You can also move the display position in the enlarged display by dragging the image.

*2 To return to the normal screen, press the <Esc> key.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

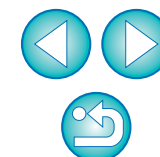
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

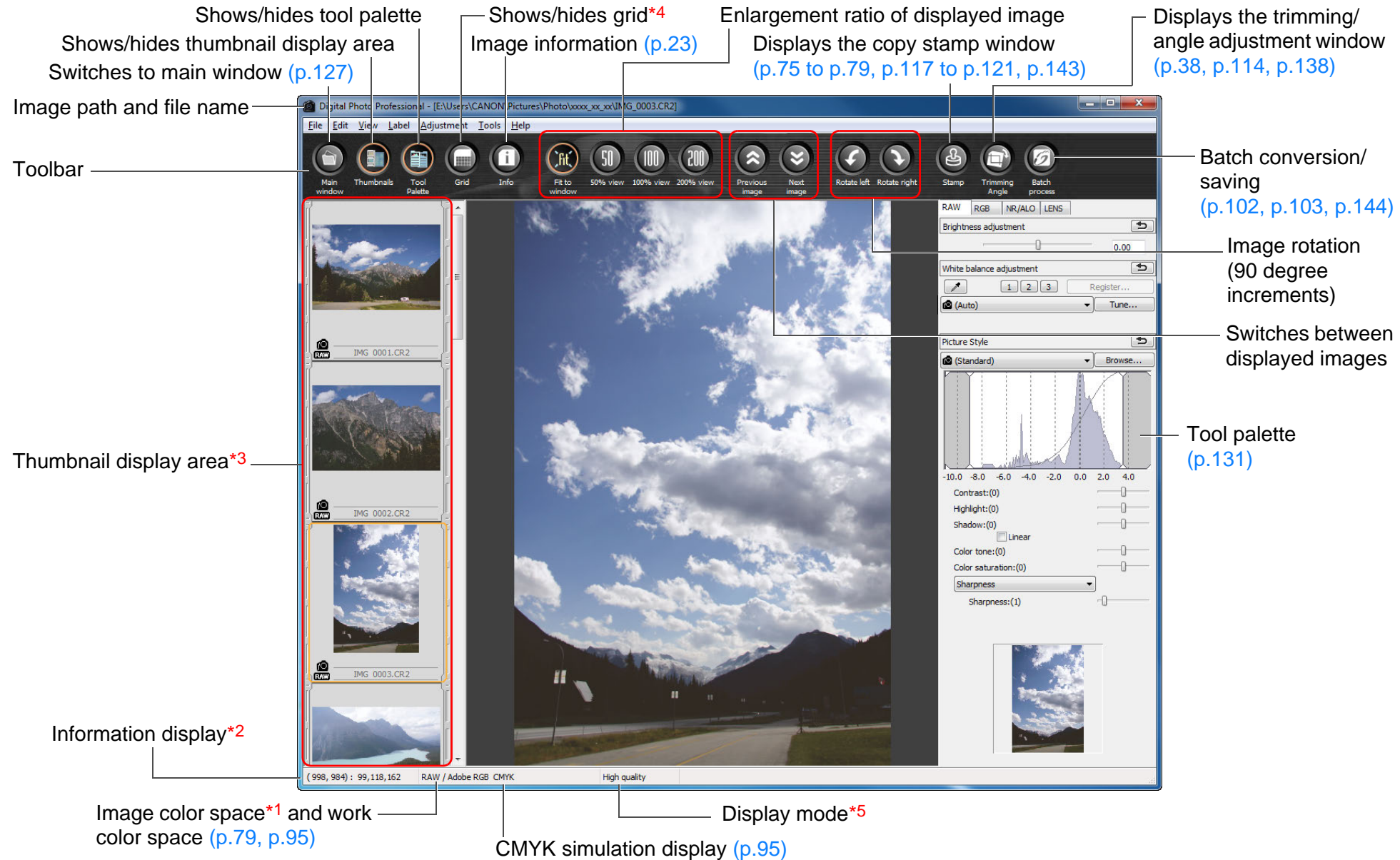
Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



List of Edit Image Window Functions (p.34, p.36)



- *1 RAW images are displayed with [RAW].
- *2 Displays the coordinates of the cursor position and the RGB values (8-bit conversion).
- *3 Displays images selected in the main window. The image selected here is enlarged and displayed on the right.

- *4 You can set the grid spacing with [Grid pitch] in the [Preferences] (p.93).
- *5 The item selected in [Viewing and saving RAW images] (p.92) of the [Preferences] window is displayed.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

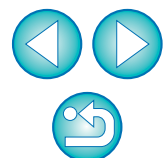
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



List of Convert/Save One Image Window Functions (p.42)

Types of image

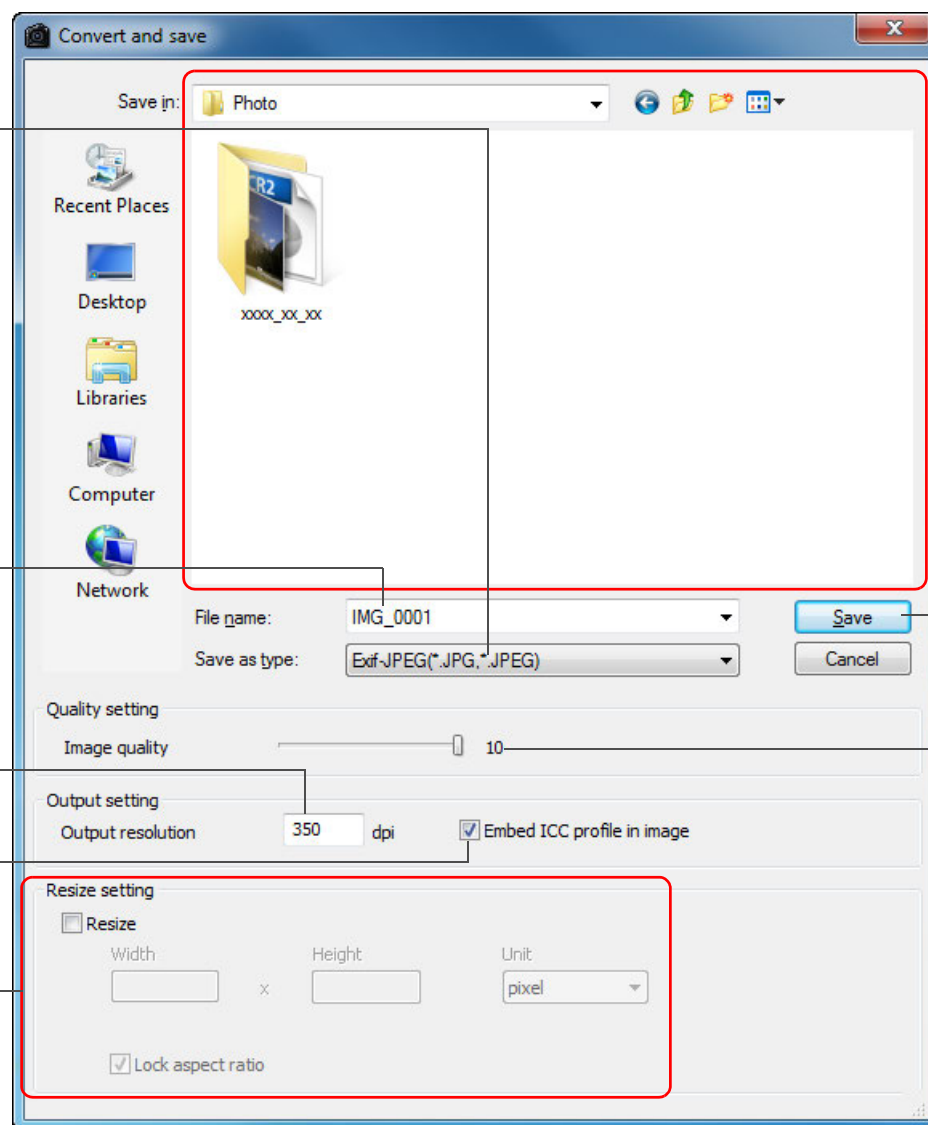
Type of image	Extension
Exif-JPEG	.JPG
Exif-TIFF 8bit	.TIF
TIFF 16bit	.TIF
Exif-Tiff 8bit+Exif-JPEG	.TIF/.JPG
TIFF 16bit+Exif-JPEG	.TIF/.JPG

File name

Resolution*1

Embeds of ICC profiles*2 (p.146)

Size changing*4



Save destination

Save

JPEG compression rate*3

*1 The setting range is 1 to 60,000 dpi.

*2 Color space (p.79, p.95) information that is set in an image is attached to an ICC profile.

Even if you remove the check mark from images that have been set to Apple RGB, ColorMatch RGB or Wide Gamut RGB color space (p.79, p.95), the ICC profiles are embedded automatically.

*3 The setting range is 1 to 10. The higher the numerical value, the higher the image quality becomes.

*4 The larger of the two values set in [Width] and [Height] is applied to the longer edge of an image and change its size.

List of Trimming/Angle Adjustment Window Functions (p.38, p.114)

1/ 1 E:\Users\CANON\Pictures\Photo\xxxx_xx_x\IMG_0001.CR2

Full screen

Clear Reset

Aspect ratio
Free

1.50 : 1.00

X Y
704 362

Width Height
1577 x 1051

Angle 10.10

Rotate left Rotate right

Copy Paste

Apply All

Previous Next

☒ Show borders

Opacity

☐ Show Grid

Grid pitch

Center on Screen

OK Cancel

(704, 362) -> (2281, 1413) = (1577 x 1051) [1.50]

Trimming range

Copies the trimmed range and applies (pastes) it to another image*2

Image rotation (90-degree increments)

Cancels all the trimming (aspect ratio) information

Full screen display/returns to normal screen

Reverts to the condition when the image was shot

Ratio of trimming range (you can also enter numerical values if you have selected [Custom])^{*1}

Upper left coordinates of trimmed range (you can also enter numerical values)

Size of trimmed range (you can also enter numerical values)

Angle of image adjusted (Drag bar, use the mouse to click ▲/▼ or enter numerical values to set angle)

Applies the copied trimming range to all other images^{*2}

Switches between displayed images^{*2}

Displays borders around a trimmed range

Level of opacity outside a trimmed range

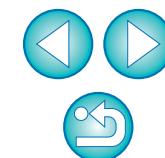
Shows/hides grid lines (Drag bar to set distance between grid lines)

Displays the trimming range in the center of the window

^{*1} If [Free] has been selected in the [Aspect ratio] list box, you can also drag the borders of the trimmed range to change its range.

^{*2} Operates when you have selected multiple images and the trimming/angle adjustment window is displayed.

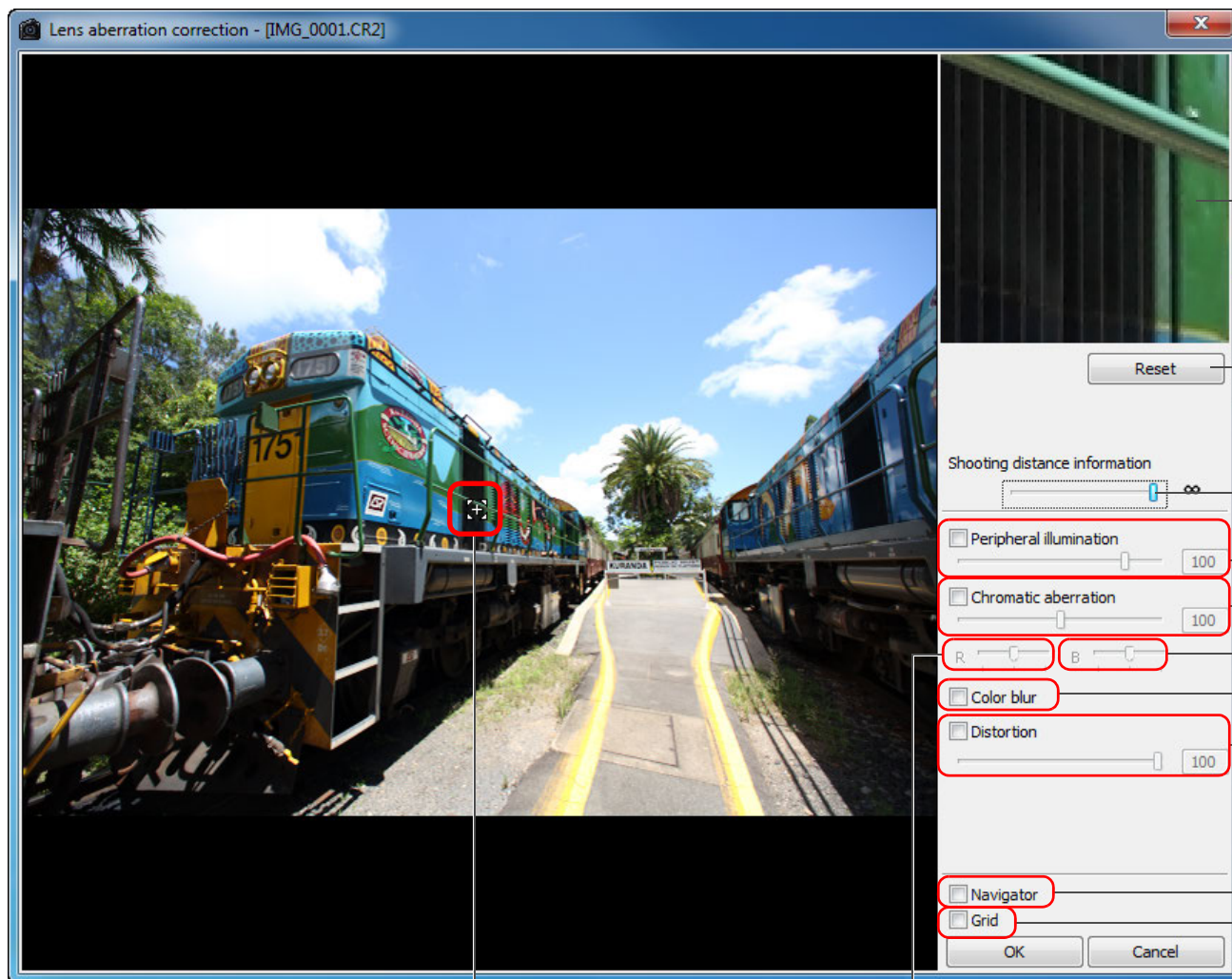
- Introduction
- Contents at a Glance
- Basic Operation
- Advanced Operation
- Advanced Image Editing and Printing
- Processing Large Numbers of Images
- Editing JPEG/TIFF Images
- Reference
- Index



List of Lens Aberration Correction Window Functions (p.65)

- When the list box for selecting an extender is displayed in the [Lens aberration correction] window, select the extender attached at the time of shooting from the list box.

- To correct distortion aberration of images shot with a fisheye lens, four effects can be selected from the [Effect] list box in addition to [Shot settings] normally used for distortion correction.



Enlargement display section*1

Reverts to the condition when the image was shot

Shooting distance information slider*2 (p.68)

Peripheral illumination correction

Chromatic aberration correction

Corrects blue chromatic aberration

Color blur correction

Distortion correction

Shows/hides position of enlargement display section

Grid display

Enlargement display position (Navigator display)

Corrects red chromatic aberration

*1 The area you clicked on the image (Enlargement display position) is displayed at 200%.

*2 For RAW images shot with MP-E 65mm f/2.8 1-5x Macro Photo or EF 50mm f/2.5 Compact Macro with Life Size Converter EF, the slider indicator changes to the zoom magnification. The slider is not displayed for images shot with an EF-M lens.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

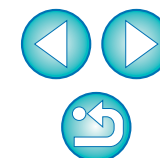
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

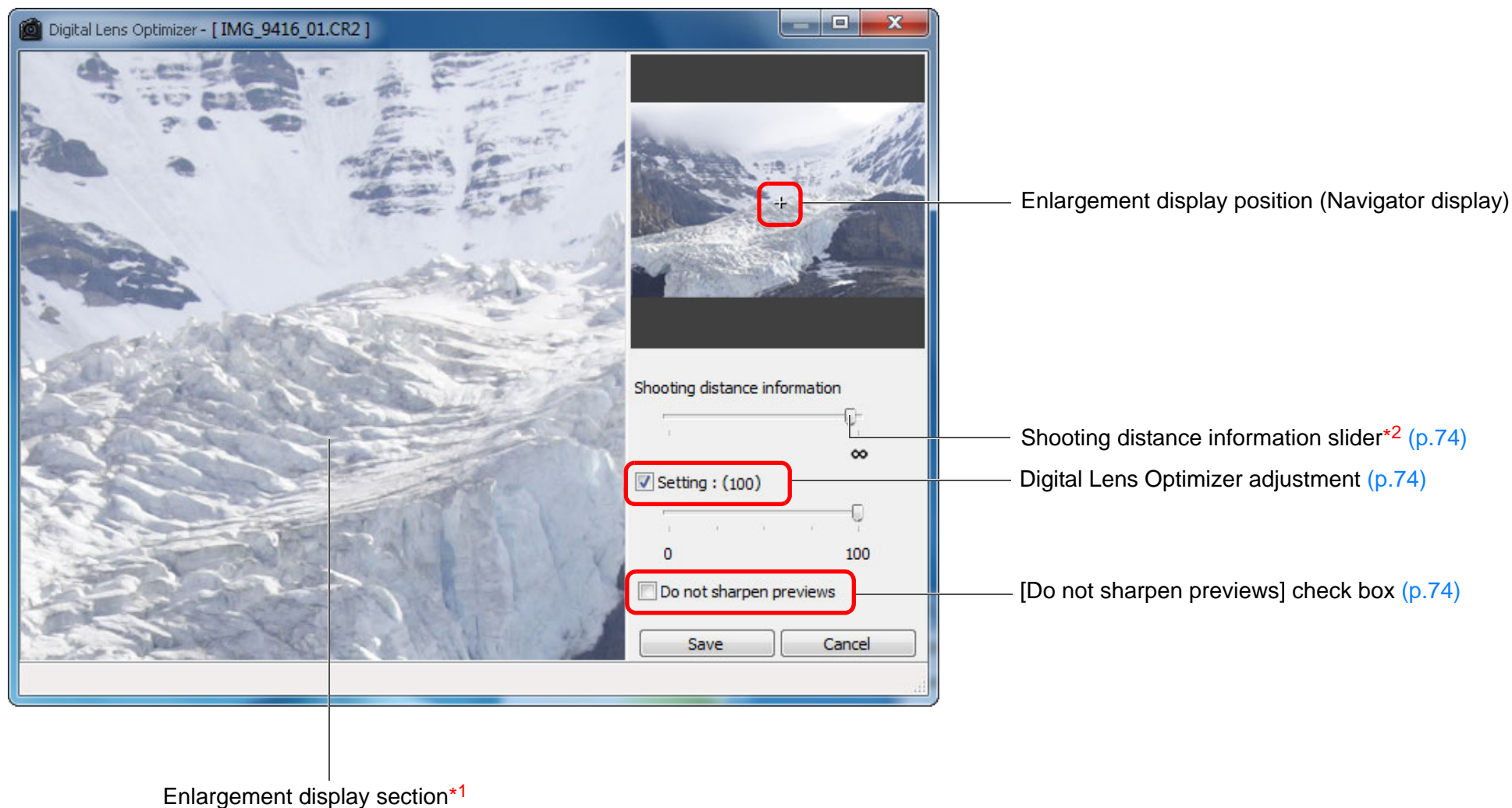
Reference

Index



List of Digital Lens Optimizer Adjustment Window Functions [\(p.70\)](#)

- When the list box for selecting an extender is displayed in the Digital Lens Optimizer window, select the extender attached at the time of shooting from the list box.



*1 The area you clicked on the image being enlarged (Enlargement display position) is displayed at 100%.

*2 The slider is not displayed in the Digital Lens Optimizer window for images shot with an EF-M lens.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

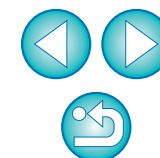
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

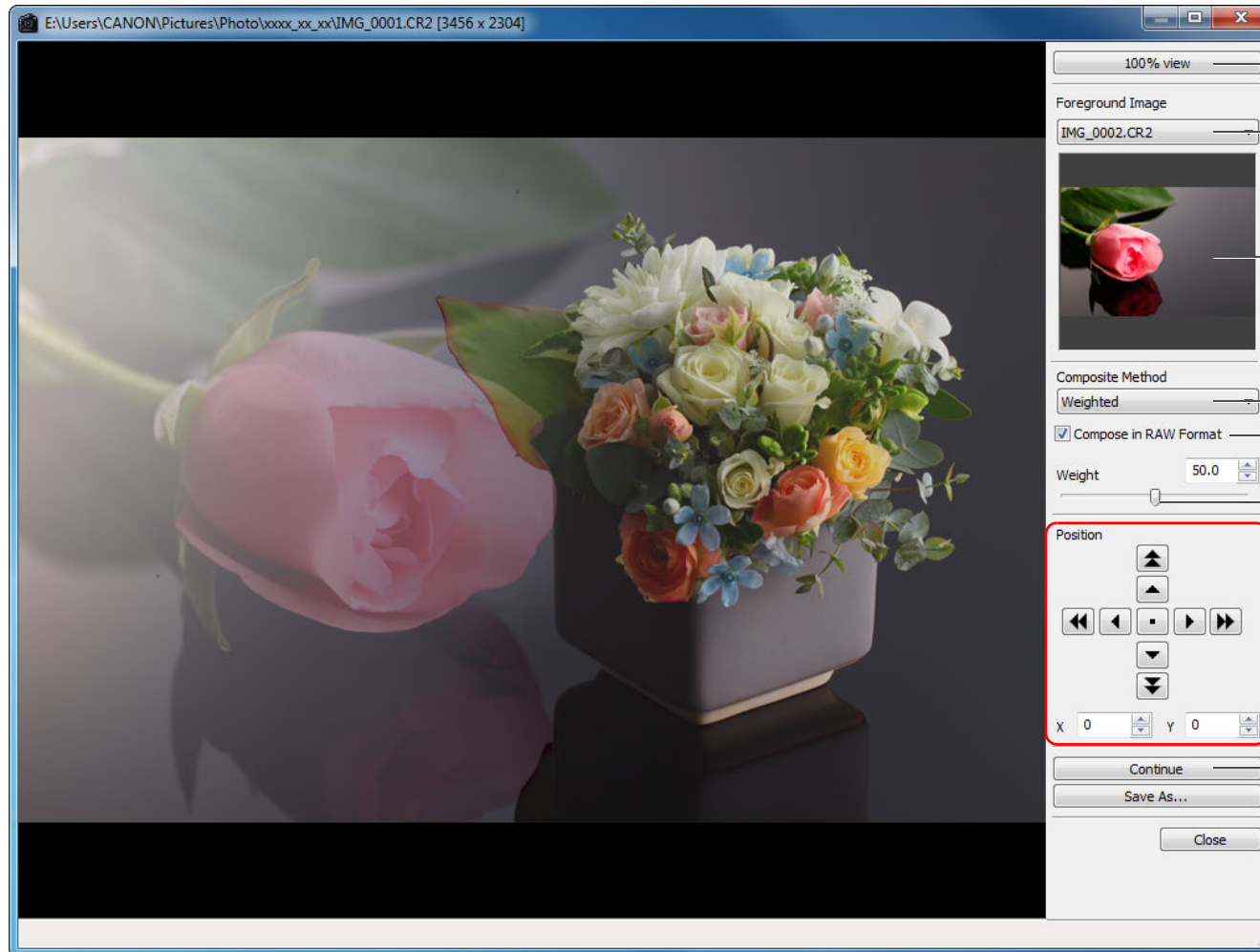
Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



List of Compositing Tool Window Functions (p.80)



100% display (p.81)

Select foreground image (p.81)

Thumbnail display for foreground image (p.81)

Select composite method (p.81)

Use RAW compositing (p.82)

Weighting slider (p.81)

Alignment controls (p.82)

Continue compositing (p.83)

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

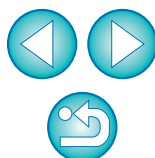
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

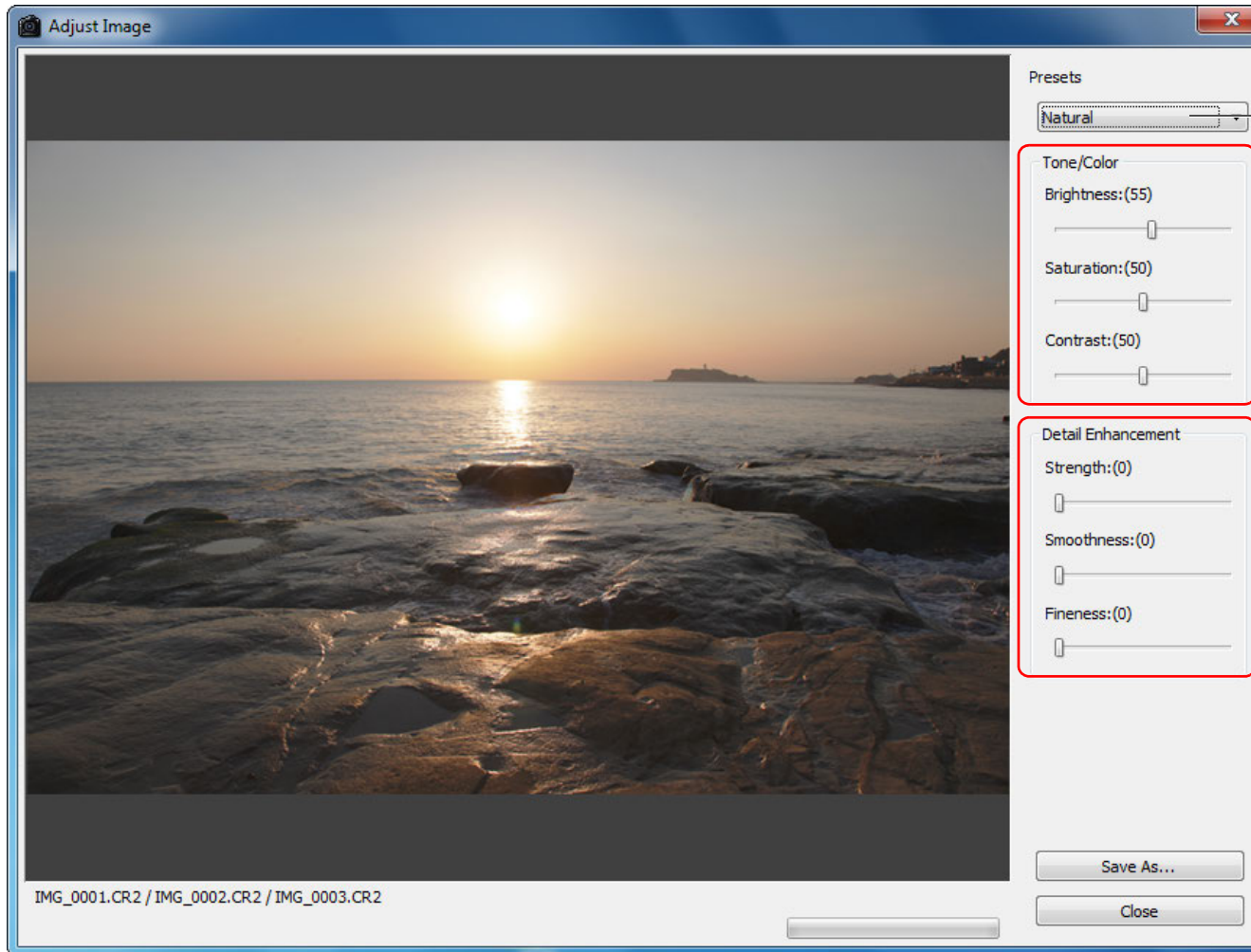
Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



List of HDR Window (Adjust Image) Functions (p.83)



Select an effect (p.85)

Adjust tone/color (p.85)

Adjust detail emphasis (p.85)

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

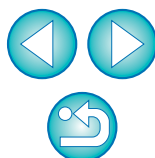
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

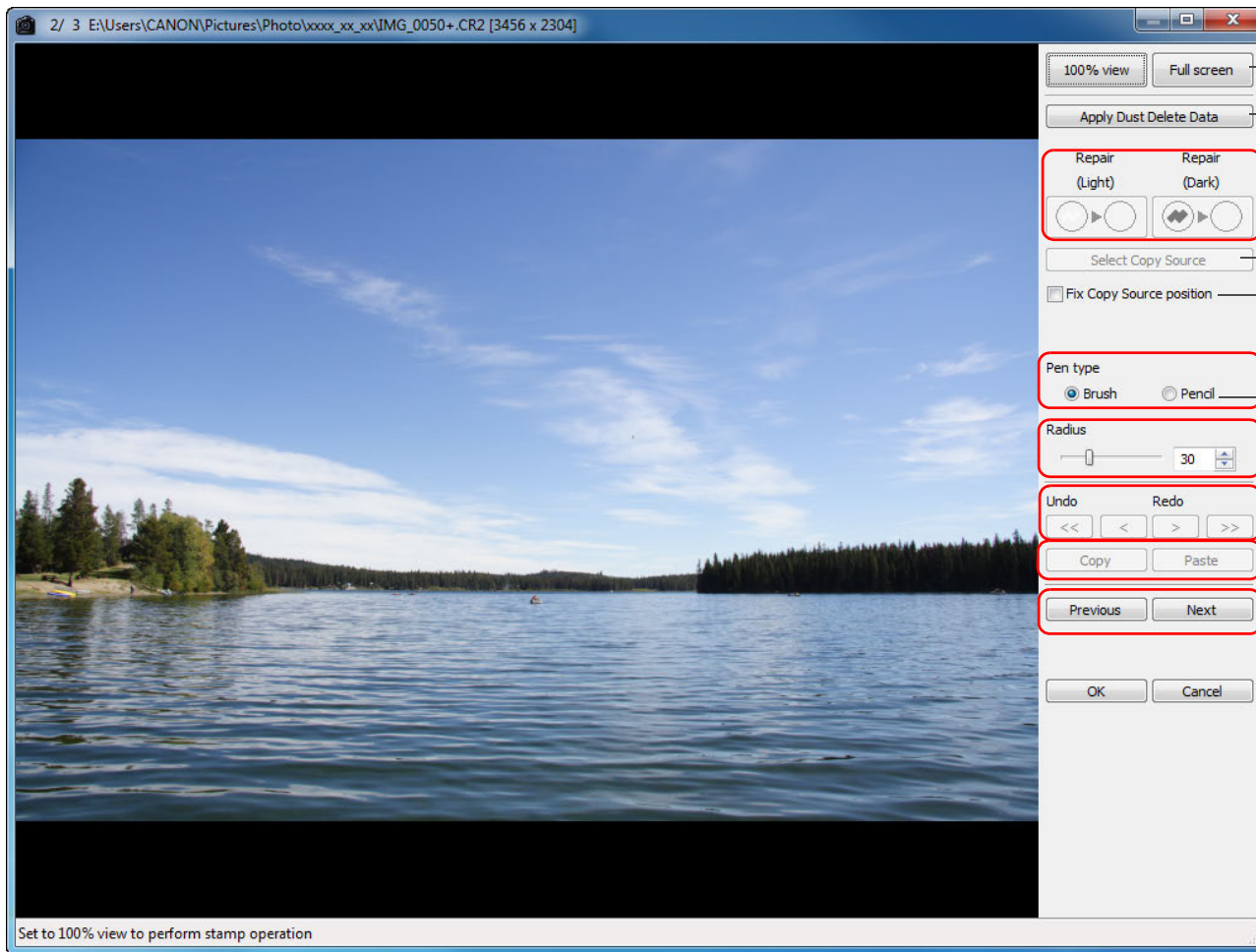
Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



List of Copy Stamp Window Functions [\(p.75 to p.79, p.117 to p.121\)](#)



Full screen display/returns to normal screen

Applies Dust Delete Data [\(p.75, p.117\)](#)

Types of dust to be erased [\(p.77, p.119\)](#)

Specifies the copy source [\(p.79, p.121\)](#)

Fixes the copy source position [\(p.79, p.121\)](#)

Types of stamps [\(p.79, p.121\)](#)

Sets the size of the dust erasure range [\(p.77, p.119\)](#) or copy range [\(p.79, p.121\)](#) in a range of 5 to 100 (in one pixel increments) (you can also enter a numerical value)

Restores/redoes the image

Copies the dust erasure range or copy range and applies (pastes) it to another image

Switches between displayed images*

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

Advanced Image Editing and Printing

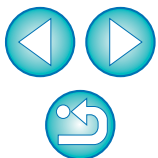
Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index

* Operates when you have selected multiple images and the copy stamp window is displayed.



List of Convert/Save Multiple Images Window (Batch Processing) Functions [\(p.102\)](#)

File names of images to be batch saved

Embeds ICC profiles*2 ([p.146](#))

Resolution*1

Size changing*4

Images to be converted are limited to RAW images*5

Save destination

Types of image

Type of image	Extension
Exif-JPEG	.JPG
Exif-TIFF 8bit	.TIF
TIFF 16bit	.TIF
Exif-Tiff 8bit+Exif-JPEG	.TIF/.JPG
TIFF 16bit+Exif-JPEG	.TIF/.JPG

JPEG compression rate*3

File name

Batch transfer to other image editing software ([p.103](#))

Save

*1 The setting range is 1 to 60,000 dpi.

*2 Color space ([p.79](#), [p.95](#)) information that is set in an image is attached to an ICC profile.

Even if you remove the check mark from images that have been set to Apple RGB, ColorMatch RGB or Wide Gamut RGB color space ([p.79](#), [p.95](#)), the ICC profiles are embedded automatically.

*3 The setting range is 1 to 10. The higher the numerical value, the higher the image quality becomes.

*4 The larger of the two values set in [Width] and [Height] is applied to the longer edge of an image and change its size.

*5 Appears when you click the [Batch process] button ([p.127](#), [p.136](#)) without an image selected in the main window or the edit image window. To convert RAW images only, instead of clicking the [Execute] button, click this button.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

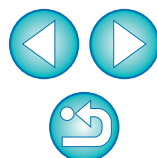
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index

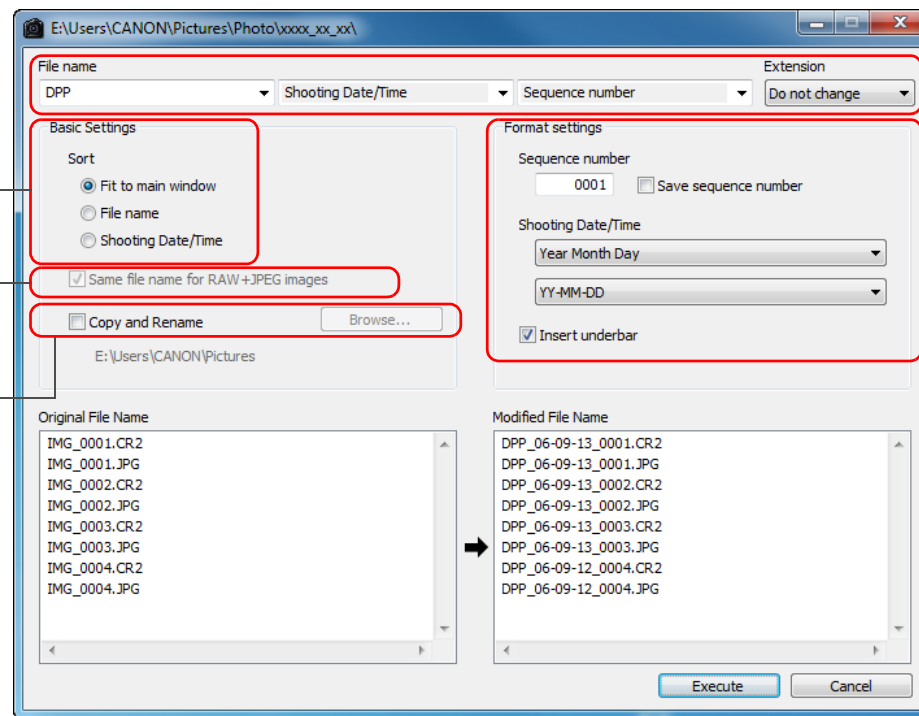


List of Rename Window Functions (p.104)

Order in which images are sorted

Checkmark to apply the same name to RAW images and JPEG images recorded simultaneously

Checkmark to copy the images
Click the [Browse] button and set the save destination



Sets the new file name

Sets the format of information in the file name

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

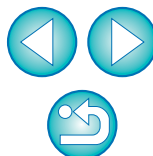
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



Glossary

RAW image

EOS DIGITAL camera RAW images are recorded in an uncompressed 14bit or 12bit format.

Because RAW images are special images in an undeveloped status, you need software with development processing functions such as DPP in order to view them. The advantage of the undeveloped RAW images is that you can make a variety of adjustments to RAW images with almost no deterioration of the image.

* “RAW” meaning “in a natural condition” or “not processed or refined”.

JPEG image

The most ordinary image in non-reversible compressed 8bit format.

The advantage of this is that by saving at a high compression rate, the file size can be small, even for image data that has a high pixel count. Because during saving and compression part of the data is thinned out to make the file size small, every time you edit or save, the image deteriorates.

With DPP, even if you repeat editing/saving, only the recipe data is modified, and no overwriting or compression occurs so the original image data does not deteriorate.

* JPEG is an abbreviation of “Joint Photographic Experts Group”.

TIFF image

Bitmap-format image recorded in a 8bit/16bit uncompressed format.

Because TIFF images are in uncompressed format, they are suitable for saving an image while maintaining the original high image quality.

* TIFF is an abbreviation of “Tagged Image File Format”.

Recipe

The “Image processing conditions information” for RAW images that can be edited in DPP is called a “recipe”.

Further, in DPP, you can perform image editing on JPEG and TIFF images that use “recipes” as with RAW images.

bit number

Binary unit of information volume in the color of an image. The number shows the number of bits per pixel.

The larger the number of bits, the more the color numbers and the gradation becomes smoother. A one-bit image is a black-and-white image.

Color Management System (Color Matching)

Digital cameras that shoot images, monitors that display images, and printers that print images each have a different way of creating color. For this reason, there may be a difference between the color of an image when viewed on a monitor and when printed.

A color management system is a system for managing color in order to bring these colors closer together. With DPP, you can more closely match color between different devices using ICC profiles between different devices.

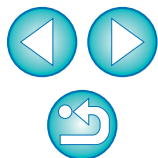
ICC profiles

ICC profiles are files containing color information such as color characteristics and color space for various devices, set by the ICC (International Color Consortium). Most devices such as the monitor we use to view images or the printer we use to print images can be managed (color management) using these ICC profiles and the color between different devices can be more closely matched.

DPP has color management that uses these ICC profiles.

Tone Curve

A tone curve shows values before adjustment (input) as the horizontal axis on a graph, and the values after adjustment (output) as the vertical axis. Since the values of before adjustment and after adjustment are the same before any adjustment is made, the tone curve displays as a straight line from bottom left to top right, and by changing this tone curve, you can adjust in detail the image’s brightness, contrast and color. The more you go right on the horizontal axis, the more the plus value it becomes, and the higher you go on the vertical axis, the more the plus value it becomes.

[Introduction](#)[Contents at a Glance](#)[Basic Operation](#)[Advanced Operation](#)[Advanced Image Editing and Printing](#)[Processing Large Numbers of Images](#)[Editing JPEG/TIFF Images](#)[Reference](#)[Index](#)

Color space

A color space is the reproducible color range (color gamut characteristics). DPP supports the following five kinds of color space.

sRGB : Standard color space for Windows. Widely used for the standard color space of monitors, digital cameras, and scanners.

Adobe RGB : A wider color space than sRGB. Mainly used for printing for business purposes.

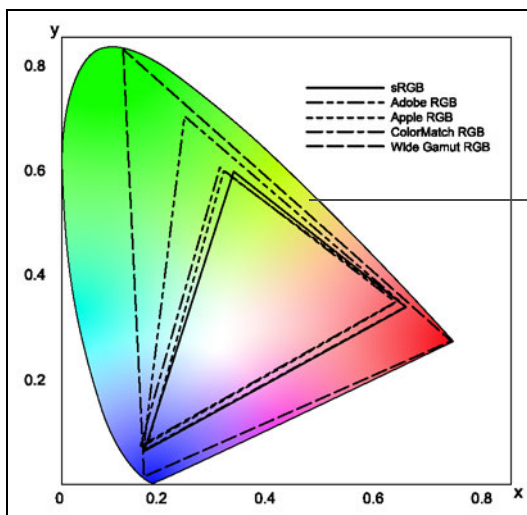
Apple RGB : Standard color space for Macintosh. A slightly wider color space than sRGB.

ColorMatch RGB : A slightly wider color space than sRGB. Mainly used for printing for business purposes.

Wide Gamut RGB : A wider color space than Adobe RGB.

Refer to the color chart below for the color area of each color space.

Color chart of color spaces compatible with DPP



Color range that can be seen by the human eye

		Gamma value	White point (color temp.)
—————	sRGB	2.2	6500K(D65)
-----	Adobe RGB	2.2	6500K(D65)
.....	Apple RGB	1.8	6500K(D65)
-----	ColorMatch RGB	1.8	5000K(D50)
-----	Wide Gamut RGB	2.2	5000K(D50)

CMYK simulation profiles

A profile that simulates colors when printing in a CMYK environment (printing machine, etc.). With DPP, you can simulate color with four types of profile.

Euro Standard : Profile normally used for book printing in Europe, suitable for simulation of standard European printing.

JMPA : Profile normally used for book printing, etc. in Japan, suitable for simulation of magazine advertising standard color printing.

U.S.Web Coated : Profile normally used for book printing in North America, suitable for simulation of North American standard printing.

JapanColor2001 type3 : Profile becoming a standard in the Japanese printing industry, suitable for simulation of JapanColor standard printing.

Rendering intent

Rendering intents are color conversion methods when printing an image. The conversion method of each rendering intent is shown below.

Perceptual : Before and after conversion, all colors are converted to maintain the relationship between colors. Even where colors slightly change, you can print a natural-looking image which has maintained color harmony. However, depending on the image, the saturation may change overall.

Relative Colorimetric : There will not be much conversion to colors which are similar before and after conversion, but colors which are not similar are converted appropriately. Because there are little changes to similar colors which comprise most of an image, you can print a natural-looking image in which the saturation has not changed greatly. However, depending on the image, there are cases where the overall tone of an image changes somewhat as colors which are not similar and highlights change.

Introduction

Contents at a Glance

Basic Operation

Advanced Operation

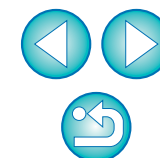
Advanced Image Editing and Printing

Processing Large Numbers of Images

Editing JPEG/TIFF Images

Reference

Index



Index

A

Adjust JPEG Images.....	106
Adjust RAW Images.....	25
Adjust TIFF Images.....	106
Adjusting (JPEG or TIFF Image)	
Automatic Adjustment (Tone Curve Assist).....	107
Brightness	108
Click White Balance	109
Contrast.....	108
Dynamic Range.....	112
Hue.....	110
RGB Tool Palette	131
Saturation	110
Sharpness	110
Tone Curve Adjustment.....	111
Adjusting (RAW image)	
Apply Adjustments.....	100
Automatic Adjustment (Tone Curve Assist).....	33
Brightness	26
Brightness of Highlights.....	57
Brightness of Shadows.....	57
Click White Balance	28
Color Saturation	30
Color Temperature	56
Color Tone.....	30
Color Wheel.....	56
Contrast.....	29
Copy Adjustments	100
Dynamic Range.....	57
Filter Effect	31
Monochrome	30
Personal White Balance	101
Picture Style	26
Picture Style File	59
RAW Tool Palette.....	131
Save Adjustments	100
Tone Curve Adjustment.....	58
Toning Effect	31
Tool Palette	131, 132
White Balance	28

Adjustment Contents (Recipe).....	99, 146
Adobe RGB	147
Apple RGB.....	147
Arrange Images	20, 21
Auto Lighting Optimizer	61
Automatic Adjustment (Tone Curve Assist).....	33, 107
Automatic Dust Erasure Processing.....	75, 76, 117, 118

B

Batch Apply White Balance to Images (Personal White Balance).....	101
Batch Change the File Name of Images.....	104
Batch Convert/Save Images (Batch Process)	102
Batch Process (Batch Save JPEG and TIFF Images).....	102, 144
Batch Process of Multiple Images	
Change File Name	104
Convert/Save (Batch Process).....	102, 144
Personal White Balance.....	101
Recipe Data	99
Transfer.....	103
Batch Settings Window.....	102, 103, 144
Batch Transfer Images	103
Batch Transfer Images to Image Editing Software	103
Before/After Comparison Display	53
bit Number	146
Bookmark	51
Brightness.....	26, 108

C

Change File Name.....	104
Changing the File Name of Images in the Order in the Main Window.....	104
Check Mark	18, 19, 129, 135
Chromatic Aberration Correction	65
Chrominance Noise Reduction (JPEG, TIFF Images).....	113
Chrominance Noise Reduction (RAW Images)	62
Click White Balance.....	28, 109
CMYK Simulation	95, 97, 147
Collection Window	6, 36, 128

Introduction

Contents at
a Glance

Basic
Operation

Advanced
Operation

Advanced
Image Editing
and Printing

Processing
Large Numbers
of Images

Editing
JPEG/TIFF
Images

Reference

Index



Color Blur Correction	65
Color Chart.....	147
Color Management (Color Matching).....	146
Color Setting of the Monitor (Profiles)	95, 96
Color Setting of the Printer (Profiles).....	95, 97
Color Space.....	147
ICC Profiles	146
Color Management (Preferences).....	95
Color Saturation	30
Color Setting of the Monitor (Profiles).....	95, 96
Color Setting of the Printer (Profiles)	95, 96
Color Space	147
Adobe RGB	147
Apple RGB	147
Color Space Setting for Each Image	79
ColorMatch RGB	147
Default Setting of Color Space	95, 96
sRGB.....	147
Wide Gamut RGB.....	147
Color Space Setting for Each Image.....	79
Color Temperature.....	56
Color Tone	30
Color Wheel	56
ColorMatch RGB.....	147
Compatible Cameras with the Lens Aberration Correction Function.....	63
Compatible Lenses with the Lens Aberration Correction Function	63
Compositing Images	80
Contact Sheet Printing (Printing a Thumbnail List)	88
Contrast	29, 108
Convert to JPEG or TIFF Image and Save	42, 102, 137, 144
Convert/save One Image Window	42, 137
Copy Stamp (Image Correction)	79, 121
Copy Stamp Window	75, 77, 117, 119, 143
Copying and Pasting (Applying) Recipes.....	100
Correct Images (Copy Stamp Function)	79, 121
Creating a Folder	50

D	
Default Noise Reduction Settings.....	95
Default Setting of Color Space	96
Delete Images	49
Deleting	
Delete Images	49
Delete the Software	126
Deleting DPP (Uninstalling)	126
Detailed Setting Printing (Printing with Shooting Information)	87
Digital Lens Optimizer	70
Display	
Before/After Comparison Display.....	53
Enlarged Display (Edit Window)	11, 130
Enlarged Display (Quick Check Window)	16, 135
Shooting Information Display	10, 23
Single Image Display	22
Synchronize Edit Window	54
Thumbnail Display (Main Window).....	10, 127
Thumbnail Display and Enlarged Display (Edit Image Window).....	34, 136
Distortion Correction	65
Downloading an Image to Your Computer	7
Downloading Images from a Camera	7
Downloading Images from a Card Reader.....	9
Downloading Images	7
Downloading Images from a Camera	7
Downloading Images from a Card Reader	9
Dust Delete Data	75, 76, 117, 118
Dust Erasure Processing	
Automatic Dust Erasure Processing	75, 117
Image Correction (Copy Stamp Function)	79, 121
Manual Dust Erasure (Repair Function)	77, 119
Dynamic Range	57, 112
E	
Edit Image Window.....	34, 136
Edit Window.....	11, 130
Editing.....	→Adjusting

Introduction

Contents at
a Glance

Basic
Operation

Advanced
Operation

Advanced
Image Editing
and Printing

Processing
Large Numbers
of Images

Editing
JPEG/TIFF
Images

Reference

Index



Enlarged Display (Edit Window)	11, 130
Enlarged Display (Quick Check Window)	135
EOS Utility.....	7
Exiting DPP.....	14

F

False Color Reduction	92
Filter Effect.....	31
Folder Window	6, 127

G

General Settings (Preferences)	92
--------------------------------------	----

H

HDR (High Dynamic Range) Images	83
Help.....	Cover
Highlight Area Warning Indicator	55
Hue	110

I

ICC Profiles.....	146
Image Frame Information (Image Marks)	129
Image Marks (Image Frame Information)	129
Image Quality	
Default Noise Reduction Settings.....	95
False Color Reduction.....	92
Improve the Quality of an Image (Main Window)	23
Noise Reduction of a JPEG Image (Luminance, Chrominance).....	113
Noise Reduction of a RAW Image (Luminance, Chrominance) ..	62
View and Save a RAW Image	91, 92
Image Shooting Information Display	10, 23
Improve the Quality of an Image (Main Window).....	23

J

JPEG Image.....	146
-----------------	-----

L

Lens Aberration Correction	63
Lens Aberration Correction Window	65, 139
LENS Tool Palette	133

Linear.....	29
Loading and Pasting (Applying) Recipes.....	100
Luminance Noise Reduction (JPEG, TIFF Images)	113
Luminance Noise Reduction (RAW Images).....	62

M

Main Window	10, 127
Manual Dust Erasure (Repair Function)	77, 119
Map Utility.....	86
Monochrome.....	30
Filter Effect.....	31
Toning Effect.....	31
Move or Copy Folders	51
Move or Copy Images	50

N

Noise Reduction (JPEG or TIFF Image).....	113
Noise Reduction (RAW Image)	62
Noise Reduction of a JPEG Image (Luminance, Chrominance)	113
Noise Reduction of a RAW Image (Luminance, Chrominance)	62
NR Preview Window	62, 113, 134
NR/ALO Tool Palette	132

O

Organize Images	49
Organizing Images	49
Create a Folder	50
Delete Images	49
Move or Copy Folders.....	51
Move or Copy Images.....	50
Register Folders as Bookmarks.....	51

P

Peripheral Illumination Correction	65
Personal White Balance	101
Picture Style	26
Picture Style File.....	59
Preferences	91
Color Management	95

Introduction

Contents at
a Glance

Basic
Operation

Advanced
Operation

Advanced
Image Editing
and Printing

Processing
Large Numbers
of Images

Editing
JPEG/TIFF
Images

Reference

Index



General Settings.....	92
Tool Palette	94
View Settings.....	93
Printing	
Printing a Thumbnail List (Contact Sheet Printing)	88
Printing One Sheet of Paper	14, 49
Printing Using Easy-PhotoPrint	46
Printing Using Easy-PhotoPrint EX	43
Printing with a High-End Canon Printer.....	89
Printing with a Large-Format Canon Printer	91
Printing with a Printer other than Canon Printers	49
Printing with Canon Inkjet Printers	43, 46
Printing with Easy-PhotoPrint Pro	89
Printing with Print Studio Pro.....	90
Printing with Shooting Information (Detailed Setting Printing).....	87
Rendering Intents when Using Easy-PhotoPrint	95, 97
Printing a Thumbnail List (Contact Sheet Printing)	88
Printing One Sheet of Paper	14, 49
Printing Using Easy-PhotoPrint.....	46
Printing Using Easy-PhotoPrint EX.....	43
Printing with a High-End Canon Printer	89
Printing with a Large-Format Canon Printer	91
Printing with a Printer other than Canon Printers.....	49
Printing with Canon Inkjet Printers.....	43, 46
Printing with Easy-PhotoPrint Pro.....	89
Printing with Print Studio Pro	90
Printing with Shooting Information (Detailed Setting Printing)	87
Q	
Quick Check Window.....	16, 135
R	
Rating.....	18, 19, 135
RAW Image.....	146
RAW Tool Palette	131
Re-Adjusting an Image	43, 123
Recipe.....	99, 146
Recipe File	99
Re-Editing an Image	43, 123

Registering Folders as Bookmarks.....	51
Rename Window	104, 145
Rendering Intent (Matching Method)	147
Rendering Intents when Using Easy-PhotoPrint.....	95, 97
Rendering Intents when Using Easy-PhotoPrint	95, 97
Repair (Manual Dust Erasure).....	77, 119
RGB Tool Palette.....	131
Rotate Images	10, 25, 127, 128, 135, 136
S	
Saturation	110
Save	
Batch Convert/Save Images (Batch Process).....	102, 144
Convert to JPEG or TIFF Images and Save	42, 137
Save.....	41, 122
Save As.....	41, 122
Save JPEG or TIFF Image as a Separate Image	122
View and Save RAW Images.....	92
Save As	41, 122
Saving Recipes.....	100
Select Images.....	10, 16, 34
Shadow Area Warning Indicator.....	55
Sharpness	31, 110
Shooting Information Display.....	10, 23
Shortcut Keys	Cover
Single Image Display.....	22
Single Image Display of RAW and JPEG Image	22
Sorting Images	
Check marks	18, 19
Ratings.....	18, 19
sRGB	147
Starting up DPP	6
Supported Images	3
Synchronization (Edit Window).....	54
Synchronize Edit Windows	54
Synchronize Images	54
System Requirements	3

Introduction

Contents at
a Glance

Basic
Operation

Advanced
Operation

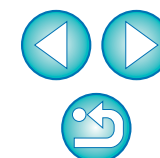
Advanced
Image Editing
and Printing

Processing
Large Numbers
of Images

Editing
JPEG/TIFF
Images

Reference

Index



T

Thumbnail Display (Main Window)	10, 127
Change the Display	10
Thumbnail Display and Enlarged Display (Edit Image Window)	34
Thumbnail Display of Images (Main Window)	10
Change the Display	10
TIFF Image	146
Tone Curve	146
Tone Curve Adjustment	58, 111
Tone Curve Assist (Automatic Adjustment)	33, 107
Toning Effect	31
Tool Palette	
LENS Tool Palette	133
NR/ALO Tool Palette	132
RAW Tool Palette	131
RGB Tool Palette	131
Tool Palette (Preferences)	94
Transfer	
Batch Transfer Images to Image Editing Software	103
Transfer an Image to Photoshop	79
Transfer an Image to Photoshop	79
Trimming and Adjusting the Angle of an Image	38, 114
Trimming/Angle Adjustment Window	38, 114, 138

U

Unsharp Mask	32
--------------------	----

V

View Settings (Preferences)	93
-----------------------------------	----

W

White Balance	28
Click White Balance	28, 109
Color Temperature	56
Color Wheel	56
Personal White Balance	101
Wide Gamut RGB	147
Work Color Space	79

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[Introduction](#)[Contents at a Glance](#)[Basic Operation](#)[Advanced Operation](#)[Advanced Image Editing and Printing](#)[Processing Large Numbers of Images](#)[Editing JPEG/TIFF Images](#)[Reference](#)[Index](#)